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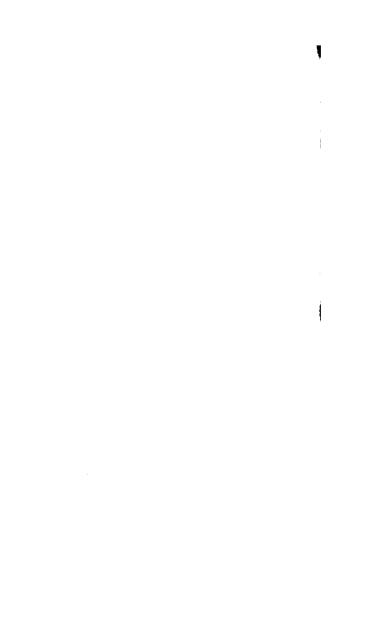
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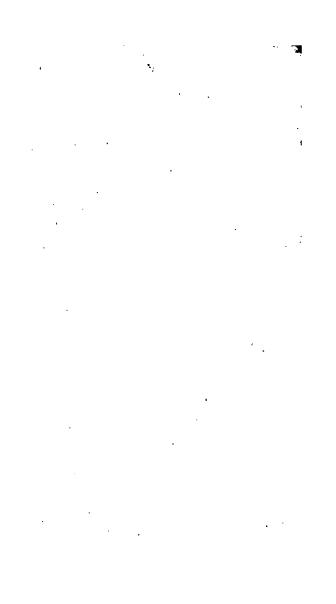
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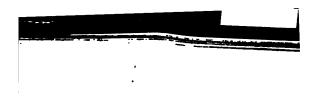






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THE

WORKS

OF THE

VGLISH POETS.

WITH

REFACES,

DGRAPHICAL AND CRITICAL,

BY SAMUEL JOHNSON.

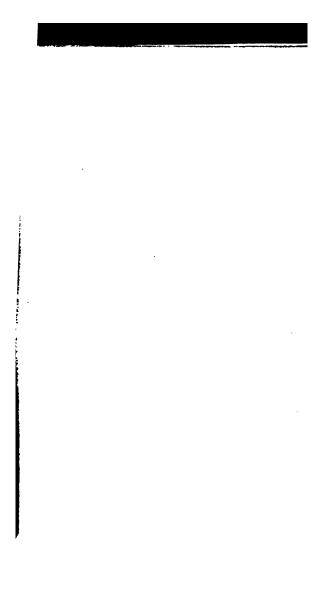
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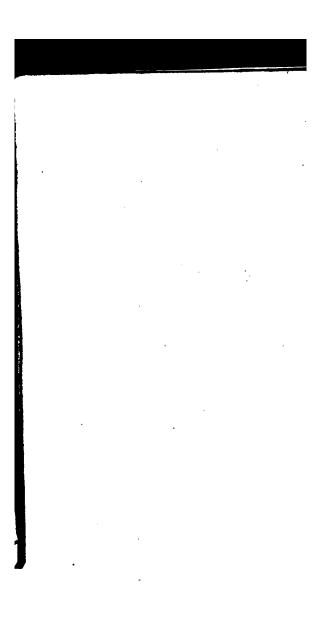
P O E M S

OF

P A R N E L L

AND

A. PHILIPS.



THE

P O E M S

O F

DR. THOMAS PARNELL,

Late Archdeacon of CLOGHER:

Including those published by Mr. POPE,

AND HIS

ROEMS MORAL AND DIVINE.

"Dignum laude virum Musa vetat mori." Hor.

THOMAS PAR VELLS a terroren af Chino II Sh. ATO'S AND SHOW OF THE SHOPE, 1 a a a A THE MURAL AND DIVING served asserted to

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE ROBERT, EARL OF OXFORD,

AND

EARL MORTIMER.

SUCH were the notes thy once-lov'd Poet sung,
Till death untimely stopp'd his tuneful tongue.
Oh, just beheld, and lost! admir'd, and mourn'd!
With softest manners, gentlest arts adorn'd!
Blest in each science, blest in every strain;
Dear to the Muse, to Harley dear—in vain!
For him thou oft hast bid the world attend,
Fond to forget the statesman in the friend:
For Swift and him, despis'd the farce of state,
The sober follies of the wise and great;
Dextrous, the craving, fawning croud to quit,
And pleas'd to scape from slattery to wit.

Absent or dead, still let a friend be dear, (A sigh the absent claims, the dead a tear)
Recall those nights that clos'd thy toilsome days, still hear thy Parnell in his living lays:
Who, careless now, of interest, fame, or fate,
Perhaps forgets that Oxford e'er was great;
Or, deeming meanest what we greatest call,
Beholds thee glorious only in thy fall.

And fure, if aught below the seats divine Can touch immortals, 'tis a soul like thine:

DEDICATION.

A foul supreme, in each hard instance try'd, Above all pain, all anger, and all pride; The rage of power, the blast of public breath, The lust of lucre, and the dread of death.

In vain to deserts thy retreat is made;
The Muse attends thee to thy silent shade:
Tis hers, the brave man's latest steps to trace,
Re-judge his acts, and dignify disgrace,
When interest calls off all her sneaking train,
When all th' oblig'd desert, and all the vain;
She waits, or to the scaffold, or the cell,
When the last lingering friend has bid farewell.
Ev'n now she shades thy evening-walk with bays,
(No hireling she, no prostitute to praise)
Ev'n now observant of the parting ray,
Eyes the calm sun-set of thy various day;
'Through Fortune's cloud one truly great can see,
Nor fears to tell, that Mortimer is he.

Sept. 25, 1721.

44 T. Wan he T. A P. S. P. L.

A. POP

HE SIOD:

.O.R.

THE RISE OF WOMAN.

HAT antient times (those times we fancy wise)
Have left on long record of woman's rite,
What morals teach it, and what fables hide,
What author wrote it, how that author dy'd,
All these. I sing. In Greece they fram'd the tale
(In Greece 'twas thought a woman might be frail);
Ye modern beauties! where the Poet drew
His softest pencil, think he dreamt of you;
And, warn'd by him, ye wanton pens beware
How Heaven's concern'd to vindicate the fair.
The case was Hesiod's; he the fable writ;
Some think with meaning, some with idle wit:
Perhaps 'tis either, as the Ladies please.;
I wave the contest, and commence the lays.

In days of yore (no matter where or when, 'Twas ere the low creation swarm'd with men). That one Prometheus, sprung of heavenly birth, s(Our Author's song can witness) liv'd on earth: He carv'd the turf to mold a manly frame, And stole from Jove his animating slame. The sly contrivance o'er Olympus ran, When thus the Menarch of the Stars began.

 B_3

O vers'd

6 PARNELL'S POEMS.

O vers'd in arts! whose daring thoughts aspire, To kindle clay with never-dying fire! Enjoy thy glory past, that gift was thine; The next thy creature meets, be fairly mine: And such a gift, a vengeance so design'd, As suits the counsel of a God to find; A pleasing bosom-cheat, a specious ill, Which selt the curse, yet covets still to feel.

He faid, and Vulcan strait the Sire commands, 'To temper mortar with ætherial hands;' In such a shape to mold a rising fair, As virgin goddesses are proud to wear; 'To make her eyes with diamond-water shine, And form her organs for a voice divine. 'Twas thus the Sire ordain'd; the Power obey'd; And work'd, and wonder'd at the work he made; The fairest, softest, sweetest frame beneath, Now made to seem, now more than seem to breathe.

As Vulcan ends, the chearful Queen of Charms Clasp'd the new-panting creature in her arms: From that embrace a fine complexion spread, Where mingled whiteness glow'd with softer red. Then in a kifs she breath'd her various arts, Of trifling prettily with wounded hearts; A mind for love, but still a changing mind; The lisp affected, and the glance design'd; The sweet confusing blush, the secret wink, The gentle swimming walk, the courteous sink; The stare for strangeness sit, for scorn the frown; For decent yielding, looks declining down;

The practis'd languish, where well-feign'd desire Would own its melting in a mutual fire; Gy smiles to comfort; April showers to move; And all the nature, all the art of love.

Gold scepter'd Juno next exalts the fair; Ber touch endows her with imperious air, kelf-valuing fancy, highly-created pride, know some fovereign will, and some desire to chide; For which, an eloquence, that aims to vex, With native tropes of anger, arms the sex. Minerva, skilful goddess, train'd the maid. To twirle the spindle by the twisting thread; To six the loom, instruct the reeds to part, Cross the long west, and close the web with art, An useful gift; but what profuse expence, What world of fashions, took its rise from hence!

Young Hermes next, a close contriving God, Her brows encircled with his serpent rod; Then plots and fair excuses fill'd her brain, The views of breaking amorous vows for gain; The price of favours; the designing arts That aim at riches in contempt of hearts; And, for a comfort in the marriage life, The little pilfering temper of a wife.

Full on the fair his beams Apollo flung, And fond pertuation tipp'd her easy tongue; He gave her words, where oily flattery lays The pleasing colours of the art of praise; And wit, to scandal exquisitely prone, Which frets another's spleen to cure its own. Those sacred Virgins whom the Bards revers, Tun'd all her voice, and shed a sweetness there, To make her sense with double charms abound, Or make her lively nonsense please by sound.

To dress the maid, the decent Graces brought A robe in all the dies of beauty wrought, And plac'd their boxes o'er a rich brocade, Where pictur'd Loves on every cover play'd; Then spread those implements that Vulcan's art Had fram'd to merit Cytherea's heart; The wire to curl, the close indented comb To call the locks, that lightly wander, home; And chief, the mirrour, where the ravish'd maid Beholds and loves her own restected shade.

Fair Flora lent her stores; the purpled Hours Consin'd her tresses with a wreath of slowers; Within the wreath arose a radiant crown; A veil pellucid hung depending down; Back roll'd her azure veil with serpent fold, The purssed border deck'd the sloor with gold. Her robe (which closely by the girdle brac'd Reveal'd the beauties of a slender waist) Flow'd to the feet, to copy Venus' air, When Venus' statues have a robe to wear.

The new-sprung creature, finish'd thus for harms Adjusts her habit, practises her charms, . With blushes glows, or shines with lively smiles, Confirms her will, or recollects her wiles: Then, conscious of her worth, with easy pace. Glides by the glass, and turning views her face.

THE RISE OF WOMAN.

A finer flax than what they wrought before. rough time's deep cave, the Sister Fates explore, en fix the loom, their fingers nimbly weave. id thus their toil prophetic fongs deceive. Flow from the rock, my flax! and swittly flow. rfue thy thread; the spindle runs below. creature fond and changing, fair and vain, le creature woman, rises now to reign. w beauty blooms, a beauty form'd to fly; w love begins, a love produc'd to die; w parts diffress the troubled scenes of life, he fondling mistress, and the ruling wife. Men born to labour, all with pains provide: omen have time to facrifice to pride; hey want the care of man, their want they know. nd drefs to please with heart-alluring show; he show prevailing, for the sway contend, nd make a fervant where they meet a friend. Thus in a thousand wax-erected forts loitering race the painful bee supports; rom fun to fun, from bank to bank he flies. Vith honey loads his bag, with wax his thighs: ly where he will, at home the race remain, rune the filk drefs, and murmuring cat the gain.

Yet here and there we grant a gentle bride, Whose temper betters by the father's side; Inlike the rest that double human care, 'ond to relieve, or resolute to share: Lappy the man whom thus his stars advance! The curse is general, but the blessing chance.

PARNELL'S POEMS.

Thus fung the Sisters, while the Gods admire
Their beauteous creature, made for man in ire;
The young Pandora she, whom all contend
To make too perfect not to gain her end:
Then hid the winds, that shy to breathe the spring,
Return to bear her on a gentle wing;
With wasting airs the winds obsequious blow,
And land the shining vengeance safe below.
A golden coffer in her hand she bore,
The present treacherous, but the bearer more;
'Twas fraught with pangs; for Jove ordain'd above,
That gold should aid, and pangs attend on love.

Her gay descent the man perceiv'd afar,
Wondering he ran to catch the falling star:
But so surpriz'd, as none but he can tell,
Who lov'd so quickly, and who lov'd so well.
O'er all his veins the wandering passion burns.
He calls her Nymph, and every Nymph by turns.
Her form to lovely Venus he prefers,
Or swears that Venus' must be such as hers.
She, proud to rule, yet strangely fram'd to teaze,
Neglects his offers while her airs she plays,
Shoots scornful glances from the bended frown,
In brisk disorder trips it up and down;
Then hums' a careless tune to lay the storm,
And sits, and blushes, smiles, and yields, in form.

"Now take what Jove defign'd, she softly cry'd,
"This box thy portion, and myself the bride."
Fir'd with the prospect of the double charms,
He snatch'd the box, and bride, with eager arms.

Unhapp

Unhappy man! to whom so bright she shone. The satal gift, her tempting self, unknown! The winds were silent, all the waves assep, and heaven was trac'd upon the stattering deep. But, whilst he looks unmindful of a storm, and thinks the water wears a stable form, what dreadful din around his ears shall rise! What frowns confuse his picture of the skies!

At first the creature man was fram'd alone, Lord of himself, and all the world his own. For him the Nymphs in green forsook the woods, For him the Nymphs in blue forsook the stoods; In vain the Satyrs rage, the Tritons rave, They bore him heroes in the secret cave. No care destroy'd, no sick disorder prey'd, No bending age his sprightly form decay'd, No wars were known, no semales heard to rage, And, Poets tell us, 't was a golden age.

When woman came, those ills the box confin'd Burst furious out, and poison'd all the wind, From point to point, from pole to pole they flew, Spread as they went, and in the progress grew:
The Nymphs regretting left the mortal race,
And altering nature wore a sickly face:
New terms of folly rose, new states of care;
New plagues, to suffer, and to please, the Fair!
The days of whining, and of wild intrigues,
Commenc'd, or finish'd, with the breach of leagues;
The mean designs of well-dissembled love;
The fordid matches never join'd above;

SeardA

PARNELL'S POEMS.

Abroad the labour, and at home the noise, (Man's double sufferings for domestic joys)
The curse of jealousy; expence and strife;
Divorce, the public brand of shameful life;
The rival's sword; the qualm that takes the fair;
Disdain for passion, passion in despair —
These, and a thousand yet unnam'd, we find;
Ah fear the thousand yet unnam'd behind!

Thus on Parnassus tuneful Hesiod sung, The mountain echoed, and the valley rung, The sacred groves a fix'd attention show, The sacred groves to slow, and (if his verse be true). The Muses came to give the laurel too. But what avail'd the verdant prize of wit, If Love swore vengeance for the tales he writ? Ye Fair offended, hear your friend relate What heavy judgment prov'd the writer's fate, Though when it happen'd no relation clears, Tis thought in five, or five and twenty years.

Where, dark and filent, with a twifted shade. The neighbouring woods a native arbour made. There oft a tender pair, for amorous play Retiring, toy'd the ravish'd hours away; A Locrian youth, the gentle Troilus he, A fair Milesan, kind Evanthe she:

But swelling nature in a fatal hour
Betray'd the secrets of the conscious bower;
The dire disgrace her brothers count their own,

And track her steps, to make its author known.

It chanc'd one evening, 't was the lover's day, fonceal'd in brakes the jealous kindred lay; When Hesiod, wandering, mus'd along the plain, And six'd his seat where love had six'd the scene; A strong suspicion strait possess their mind (For Poets ever were a gentle kind), But when Evanthe near the passage stood, Flung back a doubtful look, and shot the wood, "Now take (at once they cry) thy due reward." And, urg'd with erring rage, assault the Bard. His corpse the sea receiv'd. The dolphins bore (Twas all the Gods would do) the corpse to shore.

Methinks I view the dead with pitying eyes, And fee the dreams of ancient wisdom rife; I fee the Muses round the body cry, But hear a Cupid loudly laughing by; He wheels his arrow with infulting hand, And thus inscribes the moral on the sand.

- " Here Hesiod lies: ye future Bards, beware
- " How far your moral tales incense the Fair.
- "Unlov'd, unloving, 't was his fate to bleed;
- " Without his quiver, Cupid caus'd the deed :
- " He judg'd this turn of malice justly due,
- " And Hefiod dy'd for joys he never knew."

PARNELL'S POEMS.

S O N G

HEN thy beauty appears
In its graces and airs,
All bright as an angel new dropt from the fky;
At diftance I gaze, and am aw'd by my fears,
So ftrangely you dazzle my eye!

But when without art,
Your kind thought you impart,
When your love runs in blushes through every vein;
When it darts from your eyes, when it pants
in your heart,
Then I know you're a woman again.

There's a passion and pride
In our sex, she reply'd,
And thus, might I gratify both, I would do:
Still an angel appear to each lover beside,
But still be a woman to you.

S O N G.

THYRSIS, a young and amorous fwain,
Saw two, the beauties of the plain,
Who both his heart fubdue:
Gay Cælia's eyes were dazzling fair,
Sabina's eafy shape and air
With softer magic drew.

It haunts the stream, he haunts the grove, Lives in a fond romance of love,

And feems for each to die;

Till, each a little spiteful grown,
bbina Cælia's shape ran down,

And she Sabina's eye.

Their envy made the stiepherd find
Those eyes which love could only blind;
So set the lover free:
Monore he haunts the grove or stream,
Or with a true-love knot and name
Engraves a wounded tree.

Ah, Cælia! fly Sabina cry'd, Though neither love, we're both deny'd; Now to support the sex's pride, Let either fix the dart.

hor girl, says Cælia, say no more; for should the swain but one adore, That spite, which broke his chains before, Would break the other's heart.

S O N G.

M Y days have been so wondrous free, The little birds, that fly Vith careless ease from tree to tree, Were but as bless'd as I.

38 THE RISE OF WOMAN.

From the towering eagle's plume The generous hearts accept their doom: . 1 Shot by the peacock's painted eye, The vain and airy lovers die: For careful dames and frugal men, The shafts are speckled by the hen. The pyes and parrots deck the darts, When prattling wins the panting hearts: When from the voice the passions spring, The warbling finch affords a wing: Together, by the sparrow stung, Down fall the wanton and the young: And fledg'd by geefe the weapons fly, When others love they know not why. All this (as late I chanc'd to rove) I learn'd in yonder waving grove, And fee, fays Love, who call'd me near, How much I deal with Nature here: How both support a proper part, She gives the feather, I the dart: Then cease for souls averse to sigh, If Nature cross you, so do I: My weapon there unfeather'd flies, And shakes and shuffles through the skies. But if the mutual charms I find By which the links you mind to mind, They wing my shafts, I poize the darts. And strike from both, through both your hearts.

AN ACREONTIC.

AY Bacchus, liking Esteourt's • wine.
A noble meal bespoke us;
And for the guests that were to dine,
Brought Comus, Love, and Jocus.
The God near Cupid drew his chair,
Near Comus, Jocus plac'd;
For wine makes Love forget its care,
And mirth exalts a feast.

The more to please the sprightly God, Each sweet engaging Grace Put on some cloaths to come abroad, And took a waiter's place.

Then Cupid nam'd at every glass
A lady of the sky;
While Bacchus swore he'd drink the lass
And had it bumper-high.

Fat Comus toft his brimmers o'er, And always got the most; Jocus took care to fill him more, Whene'er he mis'd the toast,

They call'd, and drank at every touch.;
He fill'd and drank again;
And if the Gods can take too much,
'T is faid, they did fo then.

Gay

A colebrated comedian and tavern-keeper.

20 PARNELL'S POEMS.

ŧ

Gay Bacchus little Cupid stung,
By reskoning his deceits;
And Cupid mock'd his stammering tongue,
With all his staggering gaits:

And Jocus droll'd on Comus' ways, And tales without a jest; While Comus call'd his witty plays But waggeries at best.

Such talk foon fet them all at odds;
And had I Homer's pen,
I'd fing ye, how they drank like Gods,
And how they fought like Men.

To part the fray, the Graces fly, Who make them foon agree; Nay, had the Furies felves been nigh, They still were three to three.

Bacchus appeas'd, rais'd Cupid up, And gave him back his bow; But kept fome darts to ftir the cup, Where fack and fugar flow.

Jocus took Comus' rofy crown,
And gayly wore the prize,
And thrice, in mirth, he push'd him down,
As thrice he strove to rife.

Then Cupid fought the myrtle grove, Where Venus did recline; And Venus close embracing Love, They join'd to rail at wine. And Comus loudly curfing wit,
Roll'd off to fonce setnest;
Where boon companions gravely fit
In fat unweildy flate.

Bacchus and Joeue Mil behind,

For one fresh glass prepare;

They kiss, and are exceeding kind,

And vow to be sincere.

But part in time, wheever hear
This our infructive fong;
For though such friendships may be dear,
They can't continue long.

A FAIRY TALE.

IN THE ANCIENT ENGLISH STILE.

I N Britain's ifie, and Arthur's days,
When midnight Fairies daunc'd the maze,
Liv'd Edwin of the Green;
Edwin, I wis, a gentle youth,
Endow'd with courage, fense, and truth,
Though badly shap'd he'd been.

His mountain back mote well be faid,
To measure height against his head,
And lift itself above;
Yet, spite of all that Nature did
To make his uncouth form forbid,

This creature dar'd to love.

PARNELL'S POEMSI.

He felt the charms of Edith's eyes,
Nor wanted hope to gain the prize,
Could ladies look within;
But one Sir Topaz dres'd with art;
And, if a shape could win a heart,
He had a shape to win.

Edwin, if right I read my fong,
With flighted paffion par'd along
All in the moony light;
'T was near an old enchanted court;
Where sportive fairies made resort
To revel out the night.

His heart was drear, his hope was cross'd,
'T'was late, 't was far, the path was lost

That reach'd the neighbour-town;
With weary steps he quits the shades,
Resolv'd, the darkling dome he treads,

And drops his limbs adown.

But scant he lays him on the floor,

When hollow winds remove the door,

And, trembling, rocks the ground:

And, well I ween to count aright,

At once a hundred tapers light

On all the walls around.

Now founding tongues affail his ear, Now founding feet approachen near, And now the founds increase: And from the corner where he lay
He sees a train profusely gay

Come prankling o'er the place,

But (trust me, Gentles!) never yet
Was dight a masquing half so neat,
Or half so rich before;
The country lent the sweet perfumes,
The sea the pearl, the sky the plumes,

The town its filken store.

Now whilft he gaz'd, a gallant dreft In flaunting robes above the reft, With awful accent cry'd;

What mortal of a wretched mind, Whose fighs infect the balmy wind, Has here presum'd to hide?

At this the swain, whose venturous soul

No fears of magic art control,

Advanc'd in open fight;

- " Nor have I cause of dreed, he said,
 Who view, by no presumption led,
 "Your revels of the night.
- "Twas grief, for scorn of faithful love,
- " Which made my steps unweeting rove "Amid the nightly dew."
- "Tis well, the gallant cries again,.
- We fairies never injure men
 - "Who dare to tell us true.

- " kan ha williams. here.
- ³⁰ Be more the take, in one we jury ⁴² To near then goed realiza;
- * Non tike the pissing of the changes :
- " Wi it with Mah, my partner, danner, be into Marce thing."

He types, and all a Indian there
Logic mich force in wanter a ry
I be manually leads and queries
I so the role facts permen founds
A so Manual their trips the ground
Were Relation of the Green.

The descript poli, the board was laid, And their fuch a feak was made, he heart and lip defire, Withousen hands the diffus fir, The glaffes with a with come nigh,

And with a wife retire.

lier, now to pleafe the fairy king, vull ever they laugh and fing,

feats devile; amble like an ape, transmute their shape wondering eyes.

that Robin hight, mehing maids by night, whim up aloof;

And

And full against the beam he stong,
Where by the back the youth he hung
To spraul unneath the roof.

From thence, "Reverse my charm, he cries, "And let it fairly now suffice

"The gambol has been flown."
But Oberon answers with a smile,
"Content thee Edwin for a while,
"The vantage is thine own."

Here ended all the phantom-play;
They finelt the fresh approach of day,
And heard a cock to crow;
The whirling wind that bore the crowd
Has clapp'd the door, and whistled loud,
To warn them all to go.

Then fcreaming all at once they fly,
And all at once the tapers dye;
Poor Edwin falls to floor;
Forlorn his ftate, and dark the place,
Was never wight in fuch a cafe
Through all the land before.

But foon as Dan Apollo rofe,
Full jolly creature home he goes,
He feels his back the lefs;
His honest tongue and steady mind
Had rid him of the lump behind,
Which made him want success.

With

With lufty livelyhed he talks,

He feems a dannoing as he walks,

His flory from took wind;

And beauteous Edith fees the youth
Endow'd with courage, fenfe, and truth,

Without a bunch behind.

26

The story told, Sir Topaz mov'd,
The youth of Edith erst approv'd,
To see the revel scene:
At close of eve he leaves his home,
And wends to find the ruin'd dome
All on the gloomy plain.

As there he bides, it so befell,

The wind came rustling down a dell,

A shaking seiz'd the wall;

Up spring the tapers as before,

The fairies bragly foot the floor,

And music fills the hall.

But certes forely funk with woe
Sir Topaz fees the Elphin show,
His spirits in him dye:
When Oberon crys, "A man is near,
"A mortal passion, cleeped fear,
"Hangs slagging in the sky."

With that Sir Topaz, hapless youth!
In accents faultering, ay for ruth,
Intreats them pity graunt;

For als he been a mister wight Betray'd by wandering in the night To tread the circled haunt;

45 Ah Losell viles at once they roar at

" And little skill'd of fairie lore,.

"Thy cause to come, we know:

" Now has thy kestrell courage fell;

" And fairies, since a lye you tell,

" Are free to work thee woe."

Then Will, who bears the wifpy fire To trail the swains among the mire,

The caitiff upward flung;

There, like a tortoise, in a shop

He dangled from the chamber-top,

Where whilome Edwin hung,

The revel now proceeds apace,

Deftly they frisk it o'er the place,

They fit, they drink, and eat;

The time with frolic mirth beguile,

And poor Sir Topaz hangs the while

Till all the rout retreat.

By this the stars began to wink,
They shriek, they sly, the tapers sink,
And down y-drops the knight:
For never spell by fairie laid
With strong enchantment bound a glade,
Beyond the length of night.

Chill,

Chill, dark, alone, adreed, he lay, Till up the welkin rose the day,

Then deem'd the dole was o'er:
But wot ye well his harder lot?
His feely back the banck had got.
Which Edwin loft afore.

This tale a Sybil-nurse ared;

She softly stroak d my youngling head,

And when the tale was done,

Thus some are born, my son, she cries,

- With base impediments to rise,
 - "And fome are born with none.
- . But virtue can itself advance
- "To what the favourite fools of chance
 "By fortune feem defign'd;
- Wirtue can gain the odds of fate,
- And from itself shake off the weight
 - " Upon th' unworthy mind."

THE VIGIL OF VENUS.

Written in the time of Julius Casar, and by fome ascribed to Carullus.

LET those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

The spring, the new, the warbling spring appears,
The youthful season of reviving years;
In spring the lowes enkindle mutual heats,
The feather'd nation chuse their tuneful mates,
The trees grow fruitful with descending rain,
And drest in differing greens adorn the plain.
She comes; to-morrow Beauty's empress roves
Through walks that winding run within the groves;
She twines the shooting myrtle into bowers,
And ties their meeting tops with wreaths of slowers,
Then, rais'd sublimely on her easy throne,
From Nature's powerful distates draws her own.

Let these love now, who never low'd before;
Let these who alloweys low'd, now love the more.

'Twas on that day which faw the teeming flood Swell round, impregnate with celestial blood; Wandering in circles stood the finny crew, The midst was left a void expanse of blue, There parent ocean work'd with heaving throes, And dropping wet the fair Dione rose. Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

She paints the purple year with vary'd show, Tips the green gem, and makes the bloffom glow. She makes the turgid buds receive the breeze, Expand to leaves, and shade the naked trees. When gathering damps the mifty nights diffuse, She sprinkles all the morn with balmy dews; Bright trembling pearls depend at every spray, And, kept from falling, feem to fall away. A gloffy freshness hence the rose receives, And blushes sweet through all her filken leaves (The drops descending through the silent night, While stars serenely roll their golden light): Close till the morn, her humid veil she holds; Then deckt with virgin pomp the flower unfolds. Soon will the morning blush: ye maids! prepare, In rofy garlands bind your flowing hair; 'Tis Venus' plant: the blood fair Venus shed, O'er the gay beauty pour'd immortal red; From Love's foft kifs a fweet ambrofial fmell Was taught for ever on the leaves to dwell; From gems, from flames, from orient rays of light, The richest lustre makes her purple bright; And she to-morrow weds; the sporting gale Unties her zone, she bursts the verdant veil; Through all her sweets the rifling lover flies, And as he breathes, her glowing fires arise.

Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more. Now fair Dione to the myrtle grove
Sends the gay Nymphs, and sends her tender love.
And shall they venture? Is it safe to go,
While Nymphs have hearts, and Cupid wears a bow!
Yes, fascly venture, 'tis his mother's will;
He walks unarm'd, and undefigning ill,
His torch extinct, his quiver useless hung,
His arrows idle, and his bow unstrung.
And yet, ye Nymphs, beware; his eyes have charms;
And love that 's naked, still is love in arms.

Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

From Venus' bower to Delia's lodge repairs A virgin train complete with modest airs:

" Chaste Delia, grant our suit! or shun the wood,

" Nor stain this sacred lawn with savage blood.

"Venus, O.Delia ! if she could persuade,

"Would ask thy presence, might she ask a maid."
Here chearful quires for three auspicious nights
With songs prolong the pleasurable rites:
Here crouds in measure lightly-decent rove;
Or seek by pairs the covert of the grove,
Where meeting greens for arbours arch above,
And mingling slowrets strow the scenes of love,
Here dancing Ceres shakes her golden sheaves;
Here Bacchus revels, deck'd with viny leaves:
Here Wit's enchanting God, in lawrel crown'd,
Wakes all the ravish'd hours with silver sound.
Ye fields, ye forests, own Dione's reign,
And Delia, huntress Delia, shun the plain.

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Let those love now, who never lov'd before, Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

Gay with the bloom of all her opening year,

The Queen at Hybla bids her throne appear; And there prefides; and there the favourite band (Her fmiling graces) share the great command.

(Her imiling graces) there the great command.

Now, beautoous Hybla! drefs thy flowery beds

With all the pride the lavish season skeds; Now all thy colours, all thy fragrance yield,

And rival Enna's aromatic field.

. To fill the presence of the gentle court,

From every quarter rural nymphs refort.
From woods, from mountains, from their humble vales,

From waters curling with the wanton gales.

Pleas'd with the joyful train, the laughing queen

In circles feats them round the bank of green; And, "Lovely girls, she whispers, guard your hearts:

"My boy, though stript of arms, abounds in arts."

Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now hove the more.

Let tender grass in shaded alleys spread, Let early flowers erect their painted head,

To-morrow's glory be to-morrow seen, That day, old Ether wedded Earth in gree

The vernal father bid the Spring appear, In clouds he coupled to produce the year,

The fapidescending o'er her bosom ran,

And all the various forts of foul began.

By wheels unknown to fight, by fecret veins

Diffilling life, the fruitful goddele reigns,

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Through all the lovely realms of native day, Through all the circled land, and circling fea; With fertile feed the fill'd the pervious earth, And ever fix'd the myftic ways of birth.

Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

Twas she the parent, to the Latian shore
Through various dangers Troy's remainder bore.
She won Lavinia for her warlike son,
And, winning her, the Latian empire won.
She gave to Mars the maid, whose honour'd womb
Swell'd with the sounder of immortal Rome.
Decoy'd by shows, the Sabine dames she led,
And taught our vigorous youth the way to wed.
Hence sprung the Romans, hence the race divine
Through which great Cæsar draws his Julian line.

Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

In rural feats the foul of pleasure reigns;
The life of Beauty fills the rural scenes;
Ev'n Love (if Fame the truth of Love declare)
Drew first the breathings of a rural air.
Some pleasing meadow pregnant Beauty press,
She laid her infant on its flowery breast,
From Nature's sweets he sipp'd the fragrant dew,
He smil'd, he kiss'd them, and by kissing grew.

Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

Now bulls o'er stalks of broom extend their sides, Secure of favours from their lowing brides.

Now flately rams their fleecy conforts lead,
Who bleating follow through the wandering shade.
And now the Goddess bids the birds appear,
Raife all their music, and salute the year:
Then deep the swan begins, and deep the song
Runs o'er the water where he sails along:
While Philomela turns a treble strain,
And from the poplar charms the listening plain,
We fancy love express at every note,
It melts, it warbles, in her liquid throat.
Of barbarous Tereus she complains no more,
But sings for pleasure, as for grief before.
And still her graces rise, her airs extend,
And all is silence till the Syren end.

How long in coming is my lovely Spring!
And when shall I, and when the swallow sing?
Sweet Philomela, cease:—Or here I sit,
And silent lose my rapturous hour of wit:
'Tis gone, the sit retires, the stames decay,
My tuneful Phoebus slies averse away.
His own Amycle thus, as stories run,
But once was silent, and that once undone.

Let those love now, who never lov'd before; Let those who always lov'd, now love the more.

H O M E R'S

OR, THE

B A T T L E

OFTHE

FROGS AND MICE.

Names of the Frogs.

Physignathus, one who

fwells bis cheeks. Pelus, a name from mud. Hydromeduse, a ruler in the waters. Hypfiboas, a loud bauter. Pelion, from mud. Scutlæus, called from the bees. Polyphonus, a great babler. Lymnocharis, one loves the lake. Crambophagus, a cabbage-Lymnifius, called from the Calaminthius, from the Hydrocaris, who loves the water. Borborocates, who lies in the mud. Prassophagus, an eater of garlick. Pelusius, from mud. Pelobates, who walks in tbe dirt. Pressæus, called from gar-Lick. Craugafides, from croaking.

NAMES of the MICE.

PSYCARPAX, one who plunders granaries.
Troxartas, a bread-eater.
Lychomile, a licker of meal.

Pternotractas, a bacon-

Lychopynax, a licker of dishes.

Embasichytros, a creeper into pots.

Lychenor, a name for lick-

Troglodytes, one who runs into holes.

Artophagus, who feeds on bread.

Tyroglyphus, a cheefefcooper.

Pternoglyphus, a baconfcooper.

Pternophagus, a bacon-

Cnissodioctes, one who follows the steam of kitchens. Sitophagus, an eater of wheat.

Meridarpax, one who plunders bis share.

HOMER'S

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H O M E R'S

BOOK I.

To fill my rifing fong with facred fire,
Ye tuneful Nine, ye fweet celeftial quire!
From Helicon's imbowering height repair,
Attend my labours, and reward my prayer;
The dreadful toils of raging Mars I write,
The fprings of conteft, and the fields of fight;
How threatening mice advanc'd with warlike grace,
And wag'd dire combats with the croaking race.
Not louder tumults shook Olympus' towers,
When earth-born giants dar'd immortal powers.
These equal acts an equal glory claim,
And thus the Muse records the tale of fame.

Once on a time, fatigued and out of breath,
And just escap'd the stretching claws of death,
A gentle Mouse, whom cats pursued in vain,
Fled swift of foot across the neighbouring plain,
Hung o'er a brink, his eager thirst to cool,
And dipp'd his whiskers in the standing pool;
When near a courteous Frog advanc'd his head;
And from the waters, hoarse-resounding, said,

What art thou, stranger? what the line you boast? What chance has cast thee panting on our coss?? With strictest truth let all thy words agree, Nor let me find a faithless Mouse in thee.

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If worthy, friendship, proffer'd friendship take, And entering view the pleasurable lake; Range o'er my palace, in my bounty share, And glad return from hospitable fare: This filver realm extends beneath my fway, And me, their monarch, all its Frogs obey. Great Physignathus I, from Peleus' race, Begot in fair Hydromede's embrace, Where, by the nuptial bank that paints his side, The swift Eridanus delights to glide. Thee too, thy form, thy strength, and port, proclaim A scepter'd king; a son of martial fame; Then trace thy line, and aid my guessing eyes. Thus ceas'd the Frog, and thus the Mouse replies. Known to the gods, the men, the birds that fly Through wild expanses of the midway ky, My name resounds; and if unknown to thee, The foul of great Psycarpax lives in me. Of brave Troxartas line, whose sleeky down In love compress'd Lychomile the brown. My mother she, and princess of the plains Where-e'er her father Pternotractas reigns. Born where a cabbin lifts its airy shed, With figs, with nuts, with vary'd dainties fed. But, fince our natures nought in common know, From what foundation can a friendship grow? These curling waters o'er thy palace roll; But man's high food supports my princely soul: In vain the circled loaves attempt to lye

· Conceal'd in flaskets from my curious eye.

BATTLE OF THE FROGS, Ac. 59

In vain the tripe that boafts the whitest hue. In vain the gilded bacon shuns my view, In vain the cheeses, offspring of the pail, Or honey'd cakes, which gods themselves regale, And as in arts I shine, in arms I fight, Mix'd with the braveft, and unknown to flight, Though large to mine, the human form appear, Not man himself can smite my soul with fear, Sly to the bed with filent steps I go, Attempt his finger, or attack his toe, And fix indented wounds with dextrous skill. Sleeping he feels, and only seems to feel. Yet have we foes which direful dangers cause, Gim owls with talons arm'd, and cats with claws. And that falle trap, the den of filent fate, Where death his ambush plants around the bait: All dreaded these, and dreadful o'er the rest The potent warriors of the tabby vest, If to the dark we fly, the dark they trace, And rend our heroes of the nibbling race, But me, nor stalks nor waterish herbs delight, Nor can the crimfon radish charm my fight, The lake-refounding Frogs selected fare, Which not a Mouse of any taste can bear.

As thus the downy prince his mind exprest, His answer thus the croaking king addrest:

Thy words luxuriant on thy dainties rove, And, stranger, we can boast of bounteous Jove: We sport in water, or we dance on land, And, born amphibious, food from both command.

But trust thyself where wonders ask thy view, And fafely tempt those seas, I 'll bear thee through: Ascend my shoulders, firmly keep thy seat, And reach my marshy court, and feast in state. He faid, and bent his back; with nimble bound Leaps the light Mouse, and clasps his arms around, Then wondering floats, and fees with glad furvey The winding banks resembling ports at sea. But when aloft the curling water rides, And wets with azure wave his downy fides, His thoughts grow conscious of approaching woe, His idle tears with vain repentance flow, His locks he rends. his trembling feet he rears. Thick beats his heart with unaccustom'd fears; He fighs, and, chill'd with danger, longs for shore: His tail extended forms a fruitless oar. Half drench'd in liquid death his prayers he spake, And thus bemorn'd him from the dreadful lake:

So pass'd Europa through the rapid sea,
Trembling and fainting all the venturous way,;
With oary feet the bull triumphant rode,
And safe in Crete depos'd his lovely load.
Ah, safe at last, may thus the Frog support
My trembling limbs to reach his ample court!
As thus he sorrows, death ambiguous grows,
Lo! from the deep a Water-Hydra rose;
He rolls his sanguin'd eyes, his bosom heaves,
And darts with active rage along the waves.
Confus'd the monarch sees his histing soe,
And dives, to shun the sable sates below.

BATTLE OF THE FROGS, &c. At

Forgetful Frog! the friend thy shoulders bore,
Unskill'd in swimming, sloats remote from shore.
He grasps with fruitless hands to find relief,
Supinely falls, and grinds his teeth with grief;
Plunging he sinks, and struggling mounts again,
And sinks, and strives, but strives with fate in vain.
The weighty moisture clogs his hairy vest,
And thus the prince his dying rage express:

Nor thou, that fling'st me floundering from thy back, As from hard rocks rebounds the shattering wrack, Nor thou shalt 'scape thy due, perfidious king! Pursued by vengeance on the swiftest wing! At land thy strength could never equal mine, At sea to conquer, and by crast, was thine. But heaven has Gods, and Gods have searching eyes? Ye Mice, ye Mice, my great avengers rise!

This Taid, he fighing gasp'd, and gasping dy'd,
His death the young Lychopynax espy'd,
As on the flowery brink he pass'd the day,
Bask'd in the beams, and loiter'd life away,
Loud shricks the Mouse, his shricks the shores repeat;
The nibbling nation learn their hero's fate:
Grief, dismal grief ensues; deep murmurs sound,
And shriller fury fills the deasen'd ground.
From lodge to lodge, the sacred heralds run,
To fix their council with the rising sun;
Where great Troxartas crown'd in glory reigns,
And winds his lengthening court beneath the plains,
Psycarpax' father, father now no more!
For poor Psycarpax lies remote from shore;

saigus

Supine he lies! the filent waters stand, And no kind billow wasts the dead to land!

BOOK II.

HEN rosy-finger'd morn had ting'd the clouds, Around their Monarch-monse the nation crouds, Slow rose the sovereign, heav'd his anxious breast, And thus the council, fill'd with rage, addrest:

For lost Psycarpax much my soul endures, 'T is mine the private grief, the public yours. Three warlike sons adorn'd my nuptial bed, Three sons, alas, before their father dead! Our eldest perish'd by the ravening cat, As near my court the prince unheedful sat. Our next, an engine fraught with danger drew, The portal gap'd, the bait was hung in view, Dire arts assist the trap, the sates decoy, And men unpitying kill'd my gallant boy! The last, his country's hope, his parent's pride, Plung'd in the lake by Physignathus, dy'd; Rouse all to war, my friends! avenge the deed; And bleed that monarch, and his nation bleed.

His words in every breast inspir'd alarms, And careful Mars supply'd their host with arms. In verdant hulls despoil'd of all their beans, The buskin'd warriors stalk'd along the plains: Quills aptly bound their bracing corselet made, Fac'd with the plunder of a cat they stay'd: The lamp's round boss affords them ample skield;
Large shells of nuts their covering helmet yield;
And o'er the region, with resected rays,
Tall groves of needles for their lances blaze,
Dreadful in arms the marching Mice appear;
The wondering Frogs perceive the tumult near,
Forsake the waters, thickening from a ring,
And ask, and hearken, whence the noises spring.
When near the croud, disclos'd to public view,
The valiant chief Embasichytros drew:
The facred herald's sceptre grac'd his hand,
And thus his word express'd his king's command:

Ye Frogs! the Mice with vengeance fir'd, advance, And deck'd in armour shake the shining lance:
Their hapless prince by Physignathus slain,
Extends incumbent on the watery plain.
Then arm your host, the doubtful battle try;
Lead forth those Frogs that have the soul to die.

The chief retires, the croud the challenge hear, And proudly swelling yet perplex'd appear: Much they resent, yet much their monarch blame, Who, rising, spoke to clear his tainted fame:

O friends, I never forc'd the Mouse to death, Nor saw the gasping of his latest breath. He, vain of youth, our art of swimming try'd, And, vanturous, in the lake the wanton dy'd. To vengeance now by false appearance led, They point their anger at my guiltless head, But wage the rising war by deep device, And turn its sury on the crasty Mice.

Your king directs the way; my thoughts, elate With hopes of conquest, form designs of fate. Where high the banks their vedant surface heave, And the steep sides confine the sleeping wave, There, near the margin, clad in armour bright, Sustain the first impetuous shocks of sight: Then, where the dancing seather joins the crest, Let each brave. Frog his obvious Mouse arrest; Each, strongly grasping, headlong plunge a foe, Till countless circles whirl the lake below; Down sink the Mice in yielding waters drown'd; Loud slash the waters; and the shores resound: The Frogs triumphant tread the conquer'd plain, And raise their glorious trophies of the slain.

He spake no more, his prudent scheme imparts
Redoubling ardour to the boldest hearts.
Green was the suit his arming heroes chose,
Around their legs the greaves of mallows close;
Green were the beets about their shoulders laid,
And green the colewort, which the target made.
Form'd of the vary'd shells the waters yield,
Their glossy helmets glisten'd o'er the fields:
And tapering sea-reeds for the polish'd spear,
With upright order pierc'd the ambient air.
Thus dress'd for war, they take th' appointed heigh
Poize the long arms, and urge the promis'd fight.

But now, where Jove's irradiate spires arise, With stars surrounded in atherial skies, (A solemn council call'd) the brazen gates Unbar; the Gods assume their golden seases

BATTLE OF THE FROGS, &c.

The fire fuperior leans, and points to show
What wondrous combats mortals wage below:
How strong, how large, the numerous heroes stride,
What length of lance they shake with warlike pride!
What eager fire, their rapid march reveals!
So the fierce Centaurs ravag'd o'er the dales;
And so confirm'd, the daring Titans rose,
Heap'd hills on hills, and bid the Gods be foese

This feen, the power his facred vifage rears,.
He casts a pitying smile on worldly cares,
And asks what heavenly guardians take the lift,
Or who the Mice, or who the Frogs assist?

Then thus to Pallas: If my daughter's mind. Have join'd the Mice, why stays she still behind; Drawn forth by savory steams they wind their way. And sure attendance round thine altar pay, Where while the victims gratify their taste, They sport to please the Goddess of the feast.

Thus. spake the Ruler of the spacious skies. But thus, resolv'd, the blue-ey'd Maid replies a In vain, my father! all their dangers plead, To such thy Pallas never grants her aid. My flowery wreaths they petulantly spoil, And rob my crystal lamps of feeding oil. (Ills following ills!) but what afflicts me more, My veil that idle race profanely tore. The web was curious, wrought with art divine; Relentless wretches! all the work was mine! Along the loom the purple warp I spread, Cast the light shoot, and crost the silver thread;

In this their teeth a thousand breaches tear. The thousand breaches skilful hands repair. For which, vile earthly dunns thy daughter grieve (The Gods, that use no coin, have none to give. And learning's Goddess never less can owe, Neglected learning gains no wealth below). Nor let the Frogs to win my fuccour fue, Those clamorous fools have lost my favour too. For late, when all the conflict ceas'd at night, When my ftretch'd finews work'd with eager fight, When, spent with glorious toil, I left the field, And funk for flumber on my swelling shield; Lo from the deep, repelling sweet repose, With noify croakings half the nation rose: Devoid of rest, with aching brows I lay, Till cocks proclaim'd the crimfon dawn of day. Let all, like me, from either host forbear, Nor tempt the flying furies of the spear; Let heavenly blood (or what for blood may flow) Adorn the conquest of a meaner foe. Some daring Mouse may meet the wondrous odds, Though Gods'oppose, and brave the wounded Gods. O'er gilded clouds reclin'd, the danger view, And be the wars of mortal scenes for you. So mov'd the blue-ey'd Queen; her words perfuade Great Jove affented, and the rest obey'd.

BOOK III.

N O W front to front the marching armies shine,
Haltere they meet, and form the lengthening line a
The chiefs, conspicuous seen and heard afar,
Give the loud signal to the rushing war;
Their dreadful trumpets deep-mouth'd hornets sound,
The sounding charge remurmurs o'er the ground,
Ev'n Jove proclaims a field of horror nigh,
And rolls low thunder through the troubled sky.
First to the sight large Hypsiboas slew,
And brave Lychenor with a javelin slew.
The luckless warrior, fill'd with generous stame,
Stood foremost glittering in the post of same;
When in his lives struck, the investigation hung.

The luckless warrior, fill'd with generous flame, Stood foremost glittering in the post of fame; When, in his liver struck, the javelin hung, The Mouse fell thundering, and the target rung; Prone to the ground, he sinks his closing eye, And soil'd in dust his lovely tresses lie.

A spear at Pelion Troglodytes cast,
The missive spear within the bosom past;
Death's sable shades the fainting Frog surround,
And life's red tide runs ebbing from the wound.
Embasichytros felt Scutlæus' dart
Transsix, and quiver in his panting heart;
But great Artophagus aveng'd the slain,
And big Scutlæus tumbling loads the plain,
And Polyphonus dies, a Frog renown'd
For boastful speech and turbulence of sound;

Deep through the belly pierc'd, supine he lay, And breath'd his soul against the face of day.

The strong Lymnocharis, who view'd with ire A victor triumph, and a friend expire; With heaving arms a rocky fragment caught, And fiercely flung where Troglodytes fought (A warrior vers'd in arts, of sure retreat; But arts in vain elude impending fate); Full on his sinewy neck the fragment fell, And o'er his eye-lids clouds eternal dwell. Lychenor (second of the glorious name) Striding advanc'd, and took no wandering aim; Through all the Frogs the shining javelin slies, And near the vanquish'd Mouse the victor dies.

The dreadful stroke Crambophagus affiight,
Long bred to banquets, less inur'd to fights,
Heedless he runs, and stumbles o'er the steep,
And wildly shoundering stashes up the deep;
Lychenor, following with a downward blow,
Reach'd in the lake his unrecover'd foe;
Gasping he rolls, a purple stream of blood
Distains the surface of the silver shood;
Through the wide wound the rushing entrails throng,
And slow the breathless carcass shoats along.

Lymnifius good Tyroglyphus affails, Prince of the Mice that haunt the flowery vales, Lost to the milky fares and rural feat, He came to perish on the bank of fate.

The dread Pternoglyphus demands the fight, Which tender Calaminthius shuns by slight,

BATTLE OF THE FROGS, &c.

Drops the green target, springing quits the foe, Glides through the lake, and safely dives below. But dire Pternophagus divides his way Through breaking ranks, and leads the dreadful day. No nibbling prince excell'd in sierceness more, His parents fed him on the savage boar; But where his lance the field with blood imbrued, Swift as he mov'd Hydrocharis pursued. Till fallen in death he lies, a shattering stone Sounds on the neck, and crushes all the bone. His blood pollutes the verdure of the plain, And from his nostrils bursts the gushing brain. Lychopinax with Borborocates sights,

A blameless Frog, whom humbler life delights;
The fatal javelin unrelenting flies,
And darkness seals the gentle Croaker's eyes.
Incens'd Prassophagus, with sprittly bound,
Bears Cnissodioctes off the rising ground,
Then drags him o'er the lake depriv'd of breath,
And, downward plunging, sinks his soul to death.
But now the great Psycarpax shines afar
(Scarce he so great whose loss provok'd the war);
Swift to revenge his fatal javelin sled,
And through the liver struck Pelusius dead;
His freckled corpse before the victor fell,
His soul indignant sought the shades of hell.

This faw Pelobates, and from the flood Heav'd with both hands a monstrous mass of mud, The cloud obscene o'er all the hero slies, Dishonours his brown face, and blots his eyes. Enrag'd, and wildly sputtering, from the shore A stone, immense of size, the warrior bore, A load for labouring earth, whose bulk to raise, Asks ten degenerate mice of modern days. Full on the leg arrives the crushing wound: The Frog, supportless, writhes upon the ground.

Thus flush'd, the victor wars with matchless force Till loud Craugasides arrests his course,
Hoarse croaking threats precede! with fatal speed
Deep through the belly ran the pointed reed,
Then, strongly tugg'd, return'd imbrued with gore
And on the pile his reeking entrails bore:

The lame Sitophagus, oppress'd with pain, Creeps from the desperate dangers of the plain; And where the ditches rising weeds supply To spread their lowly shades beneath the fky, There lurks the silent Mouse reliev'd from heat, And, safe embower'd, avoids the chance of sate.

But here Troxartas, Phyfignathus there, Whire the dire furies of the pointed spear; But where the foot around its ankle plies, Troxartas wounds, and Phyfignathus flies, Halts to the pool, a safe retreat to find, And trails a dangling length of leg behind. The Mouse still urges, still the Frog retires, And half in anguish of the slight expires.

Then pious ardour young Presseus brings
Betwixt the fortunes of contending kings:
Lank harmless Frog! with forces hardly grown,
He darts the reed in combat not his own,

BATTLE OF THE PROGS, &c.

Which, faintly tinkling on Troxartas' shield, Hangs at the point, and drops upon the field. Now nobly tolkering o'er the rest appears A gallant prince that far transcends his years, Pride of his fire, and glory of his house, And more a Mars in combat than a Moufes His action bold, robust his ample frame, And Meridarpax his resounding name. The warrior, fingled from the fighting croud, Boafts the dire honours of his arms aloud; Then strutting near the lake, with looks elate, Totall its nations threats approaching fate. And fuch his strength, the friver lakes around Might roll their waters o'er unpeopled ground. But powerful Jove, who shews no less his grace To Froge that perifh, than to human race, Felt foft compaffion rifing in his foul, And shook his facred head, that shook the pole. Then thus to all the gazing powers began

The fire of Gods, and Frogs, and Mice, and Man.
What fees of blood I view! what worlds of flain!
An Iliad rifing from a day's campaign;
How fierce his javelin o'er the trembling lakes
The black-fur'd hero Meridarpax flakes!
Unless fome favouring Deity descend,
Soon will the Frogs loquacious empire end.
Let dreadful Pallas wing'd with pity fly,
And make her ægis blaze before his eye:
While Mars refulgent on his rattling cau,
Arrefts his raging rival of the war.

He ceas'd, reclining with attentive head,
When thus the glorious God of combats faid:
Nor Pallas, Jove! though Pallas take the field,
With all the terrors of her hiffing shield;
Nor Mars himself, though Mars in amour bright
Ascend his car, and wheel amidst the fight;
Not these can drive the desperate Mouse afar,
Or change the fortunes of the bleeding war.
Let all go forth, all heaven in arms arise,
Or launch thy own red thunder from the skies,
Such ardent bolts as slew that wondrous day,
When heaps of Titans mix'd with mountains lay;
When all the giant-race enormous fell,
And huge Enceladus was hurl'd to hell.

'Twas thus th' armipotent advis'd the Gods,
When from his throne the cloud-compeller nods,
Deep-lengthening thunders run from pole to pole,
Olympus trembles as the thunders roll.
Then swift he whirls the brandish'd bolt around,
And headlong darts it at the distant ground;
The bolt discharg'd inwrap'd with lightning slies,
And rends its slaming passage through the skies;
Then earth's inhabitants, the nibblers, shake,
And Frogs, the dwellers in the waters, quake.
Yet still the Mice advance their dread design,
And the last danger threats the croaking line,
Till Jove, that inly mourn'd the loss they bore,
With strange assistants fill'd the frighted shore.

Pour'd from the neighbouring strand, deform'dto vir They march, a sudden unexpected crew!

BATTLE OF THE FROGS, &c. 53

Strong fuits of armour round their bodies close,
Which, like thick anvils, blunt the force of blows;
In wheeling marches torn oblique they go;
With harpy claws their limbs divide below;
Fell sheers the passage to their mouth command;
From out the sless their bones by nature stand;
Broad spread their backs, their shining shoulders rise;
Unnumber'd joints distort their lengthen'd thighs;
With nervous cords their hands are firmly brac'd;
Their round black eye-balls in their boson plac'd;
On eight long feet the wondrous warriors tread;
And either end alike supplies a head.
These, mortal wits to call the Crabs agree,
The Gods have other names for things than we.

Now where the jointures from their loins depend, The heroes tail with severing grasps they rend. Here, short of feet, depriv'd the power to fly, There, without hands, upon the field they lie. Wrench'd from their holds, and scatter'd all around, The bended lances heap the cumber'd ground. Helpless amazement, fear pursuing fear, And mad confusion, through their host appear: O'er the wild waste with headlong flight they go, Or creep conceal'd in vaulted holes below.

But down Olympus to the western seas Far-shooting Phoebus drove with fainter rays; And a whole war (so Jove ordain'd) begun, Was fought, and ceas'd, in one revolving sun.

TO MR. POPE.

To praise, yet still with due respect to praise, A bard triumphant in immortal bays, The learn'd to show, the sensible commend, Yet still preserve the province of the friend, What life, what vigour, must the lines require? What music tune them? what affection fire?

O might thy genius in my bosom shine! Thou should'st not fail of numbers worthy thine, The brightest ancients might at once agree To sing within my lays, and sing of thee. Horace himself would own thou dost excel In candid arts to play the critic well. Ovid himself might wish to sing the dame Whom Windsor Forest sees a gliding stream, On silver seet, with annual offer crown'd, the runs for ever through poetic ground.

How flame the glories of Belinda's hair,
Made by thy Muse the envy of the Fair!
Less shone the tresses Ægypt's princess wore,
Which sweet Callimachus so sung before.
Here courtly tresses set the world at odds,
Belies war with Beaux, and whims descend for Gods.
The new machines, in names of ridicule,
Mock the grave phrenzy of the chemic fool,
But know, ye Fair, a point conceal'd with art,
The Sylphs and Gnomes are but a woman's heart:

The Graces stand in fight; a Satyr train Peep o'er their heads, and laugh behind the scene,

In Fame's fair temple, o'er the boldest wits Infhrin'd on high the facred Virgil fits, And fits in measures, such as Virgil's Muse To place thee near him might be fond to chuse. How might he tune th' alternate reed with thee, Perhaps a Strephon thou, a Daphnis he, While some old Damon, o'er the vulgar wife, Thinks he deserves, and thou deserv'st, the prize. Rapt with the thought, my fancy feeks the plains, And turns me shepherd while I hear the strains. Indulgent nurse of every tender gale, Parent of flowerets, old Arcadia, hail! Here in the cool my limbs at ease I spread, Here let thy poplars whisper o'er my head, Still slide thy waters foft among the trees; Thy aspins quiver in a breathing breeze, Smile all thy vallies in eternal fpring, Be hush'd, ye winds! while Pope and Virgil sing.

In English lays, and all sublimely great, Thy Homer warms with all his ancient heat, He shines in council, thunders in the fight, And flames with every fense of great delight. Long has that poet reign'd, and long unknown, Like monarchs sparkling on a distant throne; In all the majesty of Greece retir'd, Himself unknown, his mighty name admir'd, His language failing, wrap'd him round with night, Thine, rais'd by thee, recalls the work to light: E 4

So wealthy mines, that ages long before
Fed the large realms around with golden oar,
When choak'd by finking banks, no more appear,
And shepherds only say, The mines were here!
Should some rich youth (if nature warm his heart
And all his projects stand inform'd with art)
Here clear the caves, there ope the leading vein;
The mines detested slame with gold again.

How vaft, how copious, are thy new defigns! How every music varies in thy lines!
Still as I read, I feel my bosom beat,
And rise in raptures by another's heat.
Thus in the wood, when summer dress'd the days,
When Windsor lent us tuneful hours of ease,
Our ears the lark, the thrush, the turtle bless;
And Philomela sweetest o'er the rest:
The shades resound with song — O softly tread!
While a whole season warbles round my head.

This to my friend — and when a friend inspires, My filent harp its master's hand requires, Shakes off the dust, and makes these rocks resound, For fortune plac'd me in unsertile ground; Far from the joys that with my soul agree, From wit, from learning, — far, oh far from thee there moss-grown trees expand the smallest leaf! Here half an acre's corn is half a sheaf, Here hills with naked heads the tempest meet, Rocks at their side, and torrents at their feet, Or lazy lakes, unconscious of a slood, Whose dull brown Naiads ever sleep in mud.

Yet here content can dwell, and learned ease,. A friend delight me, and an author please, Ev'n here I sing, while Pope supplies the theme, show my own love, though not increase his fame.

A TRANSLATION of part of the first Cantoof the RAPE of the LOCK, into Leonine Verse, after the manner of the Ancient Monks.

E T nunc dilectum speculum, pro more retectum, Emicat in mensâ, quæ splendet pyxide densâ: Tum primum lympha, se purgat candida nympha; Jamque fine mendâ, cœlestis imago videnda, Nuda caput, bellos retinet, regit, implet, ocellos. Hâc stupet explorans, seu cultus numen adorans. Inferior claram Pythonissa apparet ad aram, Fertque tibi cautè, dicatque superbia! lautè, Dona venusta; oris, quæ cunctis, plena laboris, Excerpta explorat, dominamque deamque decorat. Pyxide devotâ, se pandit hic India tota, Et tota ex ista transpirat Arabia cista: Testudo hic flectit, dum se mea Lesbia pectit; Atque elephas lentè, te pectit Lesbia dente; Hunc maculis nôris, nivei jacet ille coloris. Hic jacet et munde, mundus muliebris abunde; Spinula refplendens æris longo ordine pendens, Pulvis suavis odore, et epistola suavis amore. In luit arma ergo, Veneris pulcherrima virgo; Pulchrior in præsens tempus de tempore crescens;

Jam reparat rifus, jam furgit gratia visus,
Jam promit cultu, mirac la latentia vultu.
Pigmina jam miscet, quo plus sua purpura gliscet,
Et geminans bellis splendet mage fulgor occilio.
Stant Lamures muti, Nymphæ intentique saluti,
Hic sigit zonam, capiti, locat ille coronam,
Heec manicis formam, plicis dat et altera aormam;
Et tibi vel Betty, tibi vel nitidissima Letty!
Gloria sactorum temere conceditur horum.

HEALTH. AN ECLOGUE.

And print long footsteps in the glittering grass.

And print long footsteps in the glittering grass.

The cows neglectful of their pasture stand,

By turns obsequious to the milker's hand.

When Damon softly trod the shaven lawn,

Damon a youth from city cares withdrawn;

Long was the pleasing walk he wander'd through,

A cover'd arbour clos'd the distant view;

There rests the youth, and, while the feather'd throng

Here, wasted o'er by mild Etesian air,
Thou country Goddes, beauteous Health! repair;
Here let my breast through quivering trees inhale
Thy rosy blessings with the morning gale.
What are the fields, or flowers, or all I see?
Ah! tasteless all, if not enjoy'd with thee.

Raise their wild music, thus contrives a song.

Joy to my foul! I feel the Goddess nigh, The face of nature cheers as well as I; O'er the flat green refreshing breezes run,
The smiling daizies blow beneath the sun,
The brooks run purling down with silver waves,
The planted lanes rejoise with dancing leaves,
The chirping birds from all the compass rove
To tempt the tuneful echoes of the grove:
High sunny summits, deeply-shaded dales,
Thick mossy banks, and slowery winding vales.
With various prospect gratify the sight,
And scatter fix'd attention in delight.

Come, country goddes, come; nor thou suffice, But bring thy mountain-fifter, Exercise.
Call'd by thy lovely voice, the turns her pace, Her winding horn proclaims the finish'd chace; She mounts the rocks, the skims the level plain, Dogs, hawks, and horses, croud her early train. Her hardy face repels the tanning wind, And lines and meshes loosely float behind.
All these as means of toil the seeble see, But these are helps to pleasure join'd with thee.

Let Sloth lie softening till high noon in down, Or lolling fan her in the sultry town, Unnerv'd with rest; and turn her own disease, Or foster others in luxurious ease: I mount the courser, call the deep-mouth'd hounds, The fox unkennel'd slies to covert grounds; I lead where stags through tangled thickets tread, And shake the saplings with their branching head; I make the saulcons wing their airy way, And soar to seize, or stooping strike their prey

PARNELL'S POEMS

To mare the fish, I fix the luring bait;
To wound the fowl, I load the gun with fate.
'Tis thus through change of exercise I range,
And strength and pleasure rise from every change.

Here, beauteous Health, for all the year remain; When the next comes; I'll charm thee thus agair Oh come, thou Goddes of my rural fong, And bring thy daughter, calm Content, along, Dame of the ruddy cheek and laughing eye; From whose bright presence clouds of forrow fly: For her I mow my walks, I plat my bowers, Clip my low hedges, and support my slowers; To welcome her, this summer-seat I drest, And here I court her when she comes to rest; When she from exercise to learned ease Shall change again, and teach the change to please.

Now friends convering my foft hours refine,
And Tully's Tufculum revives in mine r
Now to grave books I bid the mind retreat,
And fuch as make me rather good than great.
Or o'er the works of eafy fancy rove,
Where flutes and innocence amuse the grove.
The native Bard, that on Sicilian plains
First sung the lowly manners of the swains;
Or Maro's Muse, that in the fairest light
Paints rural prospects and the charms of sight;
These soft amusements bring Content along,
And fancy, void of sorrow, turns to song.
Here, beauteous Health, for all the year remain

Here, beauteous Health, for all the year remain; When the next comes, I'll charm thee thus again

THE FLIES. AN ECLOGUE.

HEN in the river cows for coolness stand,
And sheep for breezes seek the lofty land,
A youth, whom Æsop taught that every tree,
Each bird and insect, spoke as well as he;
Walk'd calmly musing in a shady way,
Where slowering hawthorns broke the sunny ray,
And thus instructs his moral pen to draw
A scene that obvious in the field he saw.

Near a low.ditch, where shallow waters meet,
Which never learn'd to glide with liquid seet;
Whose Naiads never prattle as they play,
But screen'd with hedges slumber out the day,
There stands a slender fern's aspiring shade,
Whose answering branches regularly laid
Put forth their answering boughs, and proudly rise
Three stories upward, in the nether skies.

For shelter here, to shun the noon-day heat,
An airy nation of the Flies retreat;
Some in soft airs their silken pinions.ply,
And some from bough to bough delighted fly,
Some rife, and circling light to perch again;
A pleasing murmur hums along the plain.
So, when a stage invites to pageant shows,
(If great and small are like) appear the beaux;
In boxes some with spruce pretension sit,
Some change from seat to seat within the pit,

Some roam the scenes, or turning cease to roam; Preluding music fills the lofty dome.

. When thus a Fly (if what a Fly can fay Deferves attention) rais'd the rural lay.

Where late Amintor made a nymph a bride,
Joyful I flew by young Favonia's fide,
Who, mindless of the feating, went to fip
The balmy pleasure of the shepherd's lip,
I saw the Wanton, where I stoop'd to sup,
And half resolv'd to drown me in a cup;
Till, brush'd by careless hands, she soar'd above:
Cease, Beauty, cease to vex a tender love.

Thus ends the youth, the buzzing meadow rung, And thus the rival of his mufic fung.

When funs by thousands shone on orbs of dew, I wasted fost with Zephyretta slew;
Saw the clean pail, and sought the milky chear,
While little Daphne seiz'd my roving Dear.
Whetch that I was! I might have warn'd the dame,
Yet sate indulging as the danger came.
But the kind huntress left her free to soar:
Ah! guard, ye levers, guard a mistress more.

Thus from the fern, whose high projecting arms. The fleeting nation bent with dusky swarms,

The swams their love in easy music breathe,

When tongues and tumult stun the field beneath:
Black ants in teams come darkening all the road,
Some call to march, and some to lift the load;

They strain, they labour with incessant pains,

Press d by the cumbrous weight of single grains.

THE FLIES. AN ECLOGUE.

The Flies struck silent gaze with wender down s. The busy burghers reach their earthy town; Where lay the burthens of a wintery store, And thence unwearied part in search of more. Yet one grave sage a moment's space attends, And the small city's softiest point ascends, Wipes the salt dew that trickles down his sace, And thus harangues them with the gravest grace.

Ye foolish nurshings of the summer air,
These gentle tunes and whining songs forbear;
Your trees and whispering breeze, your grove and love,
Your Cupid's quiver, and his mother's dove;
Let Bards to business bend their vigorous wing,
And sing but seldom, if they love to sing:
Else, when the slowerets of the season fail,
And this your serny shade forsakes the vale,
Though one would save you, not one grain of wheat.
Should pay such songsters idling at my gate.

He ceas'd: the Flies, incorrigibly vain, Heard the Mayor's speech, and fell to sing again.

AN ELEGY, TO AN OLD BEAUTY.

N vain, poor nymph, to please our youthful fight You sleep in cream and frontlets all the night, Your face with patches soil, with paint repair, Dress with gay gowns, and shade with foreign hair. If truth, in spite of manners, must be told, Why really sifty-five is something old.

Once you were young; or one, whose life is so long :She might have borne my mother, tells me wrong.

PARNELL'S POEMS.

And once, fince Envy 's dead before you die,
The women own, you play'd a sparkling eye,
Taught the light foot a modish little trip,
And pouted with the prettiest purple lip.—
To some new charmer are the roses sted,
Which blew, to damask all thy cheek with red.;
Youth calls the Graces their to fix there reign,
And airs by thousands fill their easy train.
So parting Summer bids her flowery prime
Attend the Sun to dress some foreign clime,
While withering seasons in succession, here,
Strip the gay gardene, and deform the year.

But thou, fince nature bids, the world refign,
'Tis now thy daughter's daughter's time to shine.
With more address, or such as pleases more,
She runs her semale exercises o'er,
Unsure and so blushes, raps or turns the fan,
And smiles, or blushes, at the creature man.
With quicker life, as gilded coaches pass,
In sideling courtesy she drops the glass.
With better strength, on visit-days she bears
'To mount her sifty slights of ample stairs.
Her mien, her shape, her temper, eyes, and tong
Are sure to conquer—for the rogue is young:
And all that 's madly wild, or oddly gay,
We call it only pretty Fanny's way.
Let Time, that makes you homely, make you

The sphere of wisdom is the sphere of age.
'Tis true, when beauty dawns with early fire,
And hears the flattering tongues of soft desire,

If not from virtue, from its gravest ways The foul with pleasing avocation strays. But beauty gone, 'tis easier to be wife; As harpers better by the loss of eyes. Henceforth retire, reduce your roving airs, Haunt less the plays, and more the public prayers, Reject the Mechlin head, and gold brocade, Go pray, in fober Norwich crape array'd. Thy pendant diamonds let thy Fanny take (Their trembling luftre shows how much you shake); Or bid her wear thy necklace row'd with pearl, You'll find your Fanny an obedient girl. So for the reft, with less incumbrance hung, You walk through life, unmingled with the young, And view the shade and substance as you pass With joint endeavour trifling at the glass, Or Folly dreft, and rambling all her days, To meet her counterpart, and grow by praise: Yet still sedate yourself, and gravely plain, You neither fret, nor envy at the vain. 'Twas thus, if man with woman we compare, The wife Athenian croft a glittering fair, Unmov'd by tongue and fights, he walk'd the place, Through tape, toys, tinfel, gimp, perfume, and lace; Then bends from Mars's hill his awful eyes, And-What a World I never want? he cries: But cries unheard: for folly will be free. So parts the buzzing gaudy crowd and he: As careless he for them, as they for him: He wrapt in wisdom, and they whirl'd by whim.

THE BOOK-WORM.

OME hither, boy, we 'll hunt to-day, The Book-worm, ravening beaft of prey, Produc'd by parent Earth, at odds, As Fame reports it, with the Gods. Him frantic hunger wildly drives · Against a thousand authors lives : Through all the fields of wit he flies; Dreadful his head with clustering eyes, With horns without, and tusks within, And scales to serve him for a skin. Observe him nearly, lest he climb To wound the Bards of ancient time, Or down the vale of Fancy go To tear some modern wretch below. On every corner fix thine eye, Or ten to one he slips thee by. See where his teeth a passage eat: We 'll rouse him from the deep retreat. But who the shelter's forc'd to give? 'Tis facred Virgil, as I live! From leaf to leaf, from fong to fong, He draws the tadpole form along, He mounts the gilded edge before, He 's up, he scuds the cover o'er, He turns, he doubles, there he past, And here we have him, caught at last,

Insatiate brute, whose teeth abuse The sweetest servants of the Muse. (Nay never offer to deny, I took thee in the fact to fly.) His roses nipt in every page, My poor Anacreon mourns thy rage, By thee my Ovid wounded lies; By thee my Lesbia's sparrow dies; Thy rabid teeth have half destroy'd The work of love in Biddy Floyd, They rent Belinda's locks away, And spoil'd the Blouzelind of Gay. For all, for every fingle deed, Relentless Justice bids thee bleed. Then fall a victim to the Nine, Myself the priest, my desk the shrine.

Bring Homer, Virgil, Tasso near,
To pile a facred altar here;
Hold, boy, thy hand out-runs thy wit,
You reach'd the plays that Dennis writ;
You reach'd me Philips' rustic strain;
Pray take your mortal Bards again.

Come, bind the victim,—there he lies, And here between his numerous eyes This venerable dust I lay, From manuscripts just swept away.

The goblet in my hand I take, (For the libation 's yet to make) A health to poets I all their days May they have bread, as well as praise;

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Sense may they seek, and less engage In papers fill'd with party-rage. But if their riches spoil their vein, Ye Muses, make them poor again.

Now bring the weapon, yonder blade, With which my tuneful pens are made. I strike the scales that arm thee round, And twice and thrice I print the wound; The sacred altar stoats with red, And now he dies, and now he 's dead.

How like the son of Jove I stand,
This Hydra stretch'd beneath my hand!
Lay bare the monster's entrails here,
To see what dangers threat the year:
Ye Gods! what sonnets on a wench!
What lean translations out of French!
'Tis plain, this lobe is so unsound,
S—prints, before the months go round.

But hold, before I close the scene,
The facred altar should be clean.
Oh had I Shadwell's second bays,
Or, Tate! thy pert and humble lays!
(Ye pair, forgive me, when I vow
I never mis'd your works till now)
I'd tear the leaves to wipe the shrine,
(That only way you please the Nine)
But since I chance to want these two,
I'll make the songs of Dursey do.
Rent from the corps, on yonder pin,

I hang the scales that brac'd it in;

I han

I hang my studious morning-gown, And write my own inscription down.

- "This trophy from the Python won,
- " This robe, in which the deed was done,
- " These, Parnell, glorying in the feat,
- " Hung on these shelves; the Muses seat.
- " Here ignorance and hunger found
- " Large realms of wit to ravage round:
- " Here ignorance and hunger fell :
- " Two foes in one I fent to hell.
- "Ye poets, who my labours fee,
- " Come share the triumph all with me!
- " Ye Critics 1 born to vex the Muse,
- "Go mourn the grand ally you lofe."

AN ALLEGORY ON MAN.

A Thoughtful Being, long and spare,
Our race of mortals call him Care
(Were Homer living, well he knew
What name the Gods have call'd him too);
With fine mechanic genius wrought,
And lov'd to work, through no one bought,
This being, by a model bred
In Jove's eternal sable head,
Contriv'd a shape impower'd to breathe,
And be the worldling here beneath.
The man rose staring, like a stake;
Wondering to see himself awake!

Then look'd so wise, before he knew The business he was made to do; That, pleas'd to see with what a grace He gravely shew'd his forward face, Jove talk'd of breeding him on high, An under-something of the sky.

But ere he gave the mighty nod,
Which ever binds a Poet's God
(For which his curls ambrofial shake,
And mother Earth's oblig'd to quake):
He saw old mother Earth arise,
She stood confess'd before his eyes;
But not with what we read she wore,
A castle for a crown before,
Nor with long streets and longer roads
Dangling behind her, like commodes;
As yet with wreaths alone she drest,
And trail'd a landskip-painted vest.
Then thice she rais'd, as Ovid said,
And thrice she bow'd her weighty head.

Her honours made, Great Jove, she cry'd, This thing was fashion'd from my side: His hands, his heart, his head, are mine; Then what hast thou to call him thine?

Nay rather ask, the Monarch said, What boots his hand, his heart, his head, Were what I gave remov'd away? Thy part 's an idle shape of clay.

Halves, more than halves! cry'd honest Care, Your pleas would make your titles fair, You claim the body, you the foul, But I who join'd them, claim the whole.

Thus with the Gods debate began, On fuch a trivial cause, as man. And can celestial tempers rage? Quoth Virgil, in a later age.

As thus they wrangled, Time came by; (There's none that paint him fuch as I, For what the fabling Ancients fung Makes Saturn old, when Time was young.) As yet his winters had not shed Their filver honours on his head : He just had got his pinions free. From his old fire, Eternity. A serpent girdled round he wore, The tail within the mouth, before : By which our almanacks are clear That learned Egypt meant the year. A staff he carry'd, where on high A glass was fix'd to measure by, As amber boxes made a show For heads of canes an age ago. His vest, for day and night, was py'd; A bending fickle arm'd his fide; And Spring's new months his train adorn! The other Seasons were unborn.

Known by the gods, as near he draws, They make him umpire of the cause. O'er a low trunk his arm he laid, Where since his hours a dial made;

Then leaning heard the nice debate, And thus pronounc'd the words of Fate.

Since body from the parent Earth, And foul from Jove receiv'd a birth, Return they where they first began; But fince their union makes the man. Till Jove and Earth shall part these two, To Care who join'd them, man is due. He said, and sprung with swift career To trace a circle for the year; Where ever fince the Seafons wheel,

And tread on one another's heel.

'Tis well, faid Jove, and for confent Thundering he shook the firmament. Our umpire Time shall have his way, With Care I let the creature stay: Let bufiness vex him, avarice blind, Let doubt and knowledge rack his mind, Let error act, opinion speak, And want afflict, and fickness break, And anger burn, dejection chill, And joy diffract, and forrow kill. Till, arm'd by Care, and taught to mow, Time draws the long destructive blow; And wasted man, whose quick decay Comes hurrying on before his day, Shall only find by this decree, The foul flies sooner back to me.

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AN IMITATION OF SOME FRENCH VERSES.

RELENTLESS Time! deftroying power,
Whom stone and brass obey,
Who giv'ft to every flying hour
To work some new decay;

Unheard, unheeded, and unseen, Thy secret saps prevail,

And ruin man, a nice machine, By nature form'd to fail.

My change arrives; the change I meet, Before I thought it nigh.

My fpring, my years of pleasure fleet, And all their beauties die.

In age I search, and only find A poor unfruitful gain,

Grave wisdom stalking slow behind, Oppress'd with loads of pain.

My ignorance could once beguile, And fancy'd joys inspire;

My errors cherish'd Hope to smile On newly-born desire.

But now experience shews, the bliss For which I fondly sought

Not worth the long impatient wish, And ardour of the thought,

PARNELL'S POEMS.

My youth met fortune fair array'd,
In all her pomp fhe shone,
And might perhaps have well essay'd

And might perhaps have well effay'd, ... To make her gifts my own:

But when I faw the bleffings shower On some unworthy mind,

I left the chace, and own'd the Power Was justly painted blind.

I pass'd the glories which adorn
The splendid courts of kings,

And while the persons mov'd my scorn, I rose to scorn the things.

My manhood felt a vigorous fire By love encreas'd the more;

But years with coming years conspire To break the chains I wore.

In weakness safe, the sex I see With idle lustre shine;

For what are all their joys to me, Which cannot now be mine?

But hold—I feel my gout decrease, My troubles laid to rest,

And truths which would disturb my peace Are painful truths at best.

Vainly the time I have to roll

In fad reflection flies;
Ye fondling passions of my soul!

Ye sweet deceits! arise.

IMITATION OF FRENCH VERSES.

I wisely change the scene within,

To things that us'd to please;
In pain, philosophy is spleen,

In health, 'tis only ease.

A NIGHT-PIECE ON DEATH.

BY the blue taper's trembling light,
No more I waste the wakeful night,
Intent with endless view to pore
The schoolmen and the sages o'er:
Their books from wisdom widely stray,
Or point at best the longest way.
I'll seek a readier path, and go
Where wisdom 's surely taught below.

How deep yon azure dyes the fky!
Where orbs of gold unnumber'd lie,
While through their ranks in filver pride
The nether crefcent feems to glide.
The flumbering breeze forgets to breathe,
The lake is smooth and clear beneath,
Where once again the spangled show
Descends to meet our eyes below.
The grounds, which on the right aspire,
In dimness from the view retire:
The left presents a place of graves,
Whose wall the silent water laves.
That steeple guides thy doubtful sight
Among the livid gleams of night.

PARNELL'S POEMS.

There pass with melonchaly state,
By all the solemn heaps of fate,
And think, as softly-sad you tread
Above the venerable dead,
Time was, like thee they life posses,
And time shall be, that thou shalt rest.
Those with beginning offer bound,

That nameless heave the crumbled ground, . Quick to the glancing thought disclose, Where toil and poverty repose.

The flat smooth stones that bear a name,. The chissel's slender help to fame
(Which ere our set of friends decay
Their frequent steps may wear away);.
A middle race of mortals own,
Men, half ambitious, all unknown.

The marble tombs that rife on high,. Whose dead in vaulted arches lie,
Whose pillars swell with sculptur'd stones,
Arms, angels, epitaphs, and bones,
These, all the poor remains of state,
Adorn the rich, or praise the great;
Who, while on earth in fame they live,
Are senseless of the fame they give.

Ha! while I gaze, pale Cynthia fades,
The bursting earth unveils the shades!
All slow, and wan, and wrap'd with shrouds,
They rise in visionary crouds,
And all with sober accent cry,
Think, mortal, what it is to die.

A NIGHT-PIECE ON DEATH.

Now from yon black and funeral yew,
That bathes the charnel-house with dew,
Methinks, I hear a voice begin;
(Ye ravens, cease your croaking din,
Ye tolling clocks, no time resound
O'er the long lake and midnight ground!)
It sends a peal of hollow groans,
Thus speaking from among the bones.

When men my scythe and darts supply,
How great a King of sears am I!
They view me like the last of things;
They make, and then they draw, my strings.
Fools! if you less provok'd your sears,
No more my spectre-form appears.
Death 's but a path that must be trod,
If man would ever pass to God:
A port of calms, a state to case
From the rough rage of swelling seas.

Why then thy flowing fable stoles, Deep pendant cypress, mourning poles, Loose scarfs to fall athwart thy weeds, Long palls, drawn hearses, cover'd steeds, And plumes of black, that, as they tread, Nod o'er the 'scutcheons of the dead?

Nor can the parted body know,
Nor wants the foul, these forms of wee;
As men who long in prison dwell,
With lamps that glimmer round the cell,
Whene'er their suffering years are run,
Spring forth to greet the glittering sun:

28 PARNELL'S POEMS.

Such joy, though far transcending sense, Have pious souls at parting hence. On earth, and in the body plac'd, A few, and evil years, they waste: But when their chains are cast aside, See the glad scene unfolding wide, Clap the glad wing, and tower away, And mingle with the blaze of day.

HYMN TO CONTENTMENT.

OVELY, lasting peace of mind!
Sweet delight of human kind!
Heavenly born, and bred on high,
To crown the favorites of the sky
With more of happiness below,
Than victors in a triumph know!
Whither, O whither art thou sled,
To lay thy meek contented head;
What happy region dost thou please
To make the seat of calms and ease!

Ambition fearches all its sphere
Of pomp and state, to meet thee there.
Encreasing avarice would find
Thy presence in its gold insarin'd.
The bold adventurer ploughs his way,
Through rocks amidst the foaming sea,
To gain thy love; and then perceives
Thou wert not in the rocks and waves.

The

The filent heart, which grief affails,
Treads foft and lonefome o'er the vales,
Sees daifies open, rivers run,
And feeks (as I have vainly done)
Amufing thought; but learns to know
That Solitude 's the nurse of woe.
No real happiness is found
In trailing purple o'er the ground:
Or in a foul exalted high,
To range the circuit of the sky,
Converse with stars above, and know
All Nature in its forms below;
The rest it seeks, in seeking dies,
And doubts at last for knowledge rise.

Lovely, lasting peace, appear! This world+itself, if thou art here, Is once again with Eden blest, And man contains it in his breast.

'Twas thus, as under shade I stood,
I sung my wishes to the wood,
And, lost in thought, no more perceiv'd
The branches whisper as they wav'd.
It seem'd as all the quiet place
Confess'd the presence of his grace.
When thus she spoke—Go rule thy will,
Bid thy wild passions all be still,
Know God—and bring thy heart to know
The joys which from religion slow:
Then every grace shall prove its guest,
And I'll be there to crown the rest.

Oh! by yonder mossy seat,
In my hours of sweet retreat;
Might I thus my soul employ,
With sense of gratitude and joy:
Rais'd as ancient prophets were,
In heavenly vision, praise, and prayer;
Pleasing all men, hurting none,
Pleas'd and bless'd with God alone:
Then while the gardens take my sight,
With all the colours of delight;
While silver waters glide along,
To please my ear, and court my song:
I'll lift my voice, and tune my string,
And thee, great Source of Nature, sing.

The fun that walks his airy way,
To light the world, and give the day;
The moon that shines with borrow'd light;
The stars that gild the gloomy night;
The seas that roll unnumber'd waves;
The wood that spreads its shady leaves;
The field whose ears conceal the grain,
The yellow treasure of the plain;
All of these, and all I see,
Should be sung, and sung by me:
They speak their Maker as they can,
But want and ask the tengue of man.

Gosearch among your idle dreams, Your bufy or your vain extreams; And find a life of equal blifs, Or own the next begun in this.

[81].

THE HERMIT.

FAR in a wild, unknown to public view,
From youth to age a reverend Hermit grew;
The moss his bed, the cave his humble cell,
His food the fruits, his drink the crystal well:
Remote from men, with God he pass'd the days,
Prayer all his business, all his pleasure praise.

A life so sacred, such serene repose,
Seem'd heaven itself, till one suggestion rose;
That vice should triumph, virtue vice obey,
This sprung some doubt of Providence's sway:
His hopes no more a certain prospect boast,
And all the tenour of his soul is lost:
So when a smooth expanse receives imprest
Calm nature's image on its watery breast,
Down bend the banks, the trees depending grow,
And skies beneath with answering colours glow:
But if a stone the gentle sea divide,
Swift ruffling circles curl on every side,
And glimmering fragments of a broken sun,
Banks, trees, and skies, in thick disorder run.

To clear this doubt, to know the world by fight, To find if books, or fwains, report it right, (For yet by fwains alone the world he knew, Whose feet came wandering o'er the nightly dew). He quits his cell; the Pilgrim-staff he bore, And fix'd the scallop in his hat before;

mil T

82 PARNELL'S POEMS.

Then with the sun a rising journey went, Sedate to think, and watching each event.

The morn was wasted in the pathless grass,
And long and lonesome was the wild to pass;
But when the southern sun had warm'd the day,
A youth came posting o'er a crossing way!
His raiment decent, his complexion fair,
And soft in graceful ringlets wav'd his hair.
Then near approaching, Father, hail! he cry'd,
And hail, my Son, the reverend Sire reply'd;
Words follow'd words, from question answer slow'
And talk of various kind deceiv'd the road;
Till each with other pleas'd, and loth to part,
While in their age they differ, join in heart.
Thus stands an aged elm in ivy bound,
Thus youthful ivy class an elm around.

Now funk the fun; the closing hour of day Came onward, mantled o'er with fober grey; Nature in filence bid the world repose; When near the road a stately palace rose:

There by the moon through ranks of trees they pa Whose verdure crown'd their sloping sides of grass It chanc'd the noble master of the dome Still made his house the wandering stranger's hom Yet still the kindness, from a thirst of praise, Prov'd the vain flourish of expensive ease.

The pair arrive: the livery'd servants wait; Their lord receives them at the pompous gate.

The table groans with costly piles of food,

And all is more than hospitably good.

Then led to reft, the day's long toil they drown, Deep funk in sleep, and filk, and heaps of down.

At length 't is morn, and at the dawn of day,
Along the wide canals the zephyrs play s
Fresh o'er the gay parterres the breezes creep,
And shake the neighbouring wood to banish sleep.
Up rise the guests, obedient to the call:
An early banquet deck'd the splendid hall;
Rich luscious wine a golden goblet grac'd,
Which the kind master forc'd the guests to taste.
Then, pleas'd and thankful, from the porch they go;
And, but the landlord, none had cause of woe;
His cup was vanish'd; for in secret guise
The younger guest pursoin'd the glittering prize.

As one who spies a serpent in his way, Glistening and basking in the summer ray, Disorder'd stops to shun the danger near, Then walks with faintness on, and looks with fear; So seem'd the Sire; when far upon the road, The shining spoil his wiley partner show'd. He stop'd with silence, walk'd with trembling heart, And much he wish'd, but durst not ask to part: Murmuring he lifts his eyes, and thinks it hard, That generous actions meet a base reward.

While thus they pass, the sun his glory shrouds, The changing skies hang out their sable clouds; A sound in air presaged approaching rain, And beasts to covert send across the plain. Warn'd by the signs, the wandering pair retreat, To seek for shelter at a neighbouring seat.

84. PARNELL'S POEMS.

'Twas built with turrets, on a rifing ground, And frong, and large, and unimprov'd around; Its owner's temper, timorous and severe, Unkind and griping, caus'd a desert there.

As near the Miser's heavy doors they drew, Fierce rifing gufts with fudden fury blew; The nimble lightning mix'd with showers began. And o'er their heads loud rolling thunders ran. Here long they knock, but knock or call in vain, Driven by the wind, and batter'd by the rain. At length some pity warm'd the master's breast ('Twas then his threshold first receiv'd a guest); Slow creeking turns the door with jealous care, And half he welcomes-in the shivering pair; One frugal faggot lights the naked walls, And nature's fervor through their limbs recalls: Bread of the coarsest fort, with eager wine. (Each hardly granted) ferv'd them both to dine; And when the tempest first appear'd to cease, A ready warning bid them part in peace.

With still remark the pondering Hermit view'd, In one so rich, a life so poor and rude; And why should such, within himself he cry'd, Lock the lost wealth a thousand want beside? But what new marks of wonder soon took place, In every settling feature of his sace; When from his vest the young companion bore That cup, the generous Landlord own'd before,

And paid profusely with the precious bowl.

The stinted kindness of this churlish soul.

But now the clouds in airy tumult fly;

The sun emerging opes an azure sky;

A fresher green the smelling leaves display,

And, glittering as they tremble, chear the day:

The weather courts them from the poor retreat,

And the glad master bolts the wary gate.

While hence they walk, the Pilgrim's bosom wrought With all the travel of uncertain thought; His partner's acts without their cause appear, 'Twas there a vice, and seem'd a madness here: Detesting that, and pitying this, he goes, Lost and confounded with the various shows.

Now night's dim shades again involve the sky, Again the wanderers want a place to lye, Again they search, and find a lodging nigh. The soil improv'd around, the mansion neat, And neither poorly low, nor idly great: It seem'd to speak its master's turn of mind, Content, and not to praise, but virtue kind.

Hither the walkers turn with weary feet,
Then blefs the manfion, and the mafter greet:
Their greeting fair, bestow'd with modest guise,
The courteous master hears, and thus replies:

Without a vain, without a grudging heart, To him who gives us all, I yield a part; From him you come, for him accept it here, A frank and sober, more than costly cheer.

26 PARNELL'S POEMS.

He spoke, and bid the welcome table spread, Then talk of virtue till the time of bed, When the grave houshold round his hall repair, Warn'd by a bell, and close the hours with prayer.

At length the world, renew'd by calm repose, Was strong for toil, the dappled morn arose; Before the Pilgrims part, the younger crept, Near the clos'd eradle where an infant slept, And writh'd his neck: the Landlord's little pride, O strange return! grew black, and gasp'd, and dy'd. Horror of horrors! what! his only son! How look'd our Hermit when the sact was done; Not hell, though hell's black jaws in sunder part, And breathe blue fire, could more assault his heart.

Confus'd, and struck with silence at the deed, He slies, but trembling sails to sly with speed. His steps the Youth pursues; the country lay Perplex'd with roads, a servant show'd the way: A river cross'd the path; the passage o'cr Was nice to find; the servant trod before; Long arms of oaks an open bridge supply d, And deep the waves beneath the bending glide. The Youth, who seem'd to watch a time to sin, Approach'd the careless Guide, and thrust him in; Plunging he salls, and rising lifts his head, Then stashing turns, and sinks among the dead.

Wild, sparkling rage inflames the father's eyes, He bursts the bands of fear, and madly cries, Detested wretch! — But scaree his speech began, When the strange partner seem'd no longer man:

Mis youthful face grew more serenely sweet; Mis robe turn'd white, and slow'd upon his seet; Fair rounds of radiant points invest his hair; Celestial odours breathe through purpled air; And wings, whose colours glitter'd on the day, Wide at his back their gradual plumes display. The form etherial burst upon his sight, And moves in all the majesty of light.

Though loud at first the Pilgrim's passion grew, Sudden he gaz'd, and wist not what to do; Surprize in secret chains his words suspends, And in a calm his settling temper ends. But silence here the beauteous Angel broke (The voice of music ravish'd as he spoke).

Thy prayer, thy praise, thy life to vice unknown, In sweet memorial rise before the throne:
These charms, success in our bright region sind, And force an Angel down, to calm thy mind;
For this, commission'd, I forsook the sky,
Nay, cease to kneel—Thy fellow-servant I.

Then know the truth of government divine, And let these scruples be no longer thine.

The Maker justly claims that world he made, In this the right of Providence is laid; Its sacred majesty through all depends On using second means to work his ends: Tis thus, withdrawn in state from human eye, The Power exerts his attributes on high, Your actions uses, nor controls your will, And bids the doubting sons of men be still.

What strange events can strike with more surprize, Than, those which lately struck thy wondering eyes? Yet, taught by these, confess th' Almighty just, And where you can't unriddle, learn to trust!

The great, vain man, who far'd on costly food, Whose life was too luxurious to be good;. Who made his ivory stands with goblets shine, And forc'd his guests to morning draughts of wine, Has, with the cup, the graceless custom lost, And still he welcomes, but with less of cost.

The mean, suspicious wretch, whose bolted door Ne'er mov'd in duty to the wandering poor; With him I left the cup, to teach his mind That heaven can bless, if mortals will be kind. Conscious of wanting worth, he views the bowl, And feels compassion touch his grateful soul. Thus artists melt the sullen oar of lead, With heaping coals of fire upon its head; In the kind warmth the metal learns to glow, And loose from dross the silver runs below.

Long had our pious friends in virtue trod,
But now the child half-wean'd his heart from God (Child of his age) for him he liv'd in pain,
And measur'd back his steps to earth again.
To what excesses had his dotage run?
But God, to save the father, took the son.
To all but thee, in fits he seem'd to go,
(And 't was my ministry to deal the blow)
The poor fond parent, humbled in the dust,
Now owns in tears the punishment was just.

But

But now had all his fortune felt a wrack, Had that false servant sped in safety back; This night his treasur'd heaps he meant to steal, And what a fund of charity would fail! Thus Heaven instructs thy mind; this trial o'er, Depart in peace, resign, and sin no more.

On founding pinions here the youth withdrew, The Sage stood wondering as the Seraph slew. Thus look'd Elisha when, to mount on high, His master took the chariot of the sky; The fiery pomp ascending left to view; The prophet gaz'd, and wish'd to follow too.

The bending Hermit here a prayer begun, Lord! as in beaven, on earth thy will be done :

Then, gladly turning, fought his ancient place,
And pass'd a life of piety and peace.

PIETY, OR THE VISION.

WAS when the night in filent fable fled, When chearful morning sprung with rising red, When dreams and vapours leave to croud the brain, And best the vision draws its heavenly scene;

'Twas

* This and the following poem are not in the octavo editions of Dr. Parnell's Poems published by Mr. Pope. They were first communicated to the public by the late ingenious Mr. James Arbuckle, and published in his Hibernicus's Letters, No. 62. GOLDSMITH.—They are now in some degree corrected from the volume of "Posthumous Poems," N.

'Twas then, as flumbering on my couch I lay, A fudden splendor seem'd to kindle day, A breeze came breathing in a sweet perfume, Blown from eternal gardens, fill'd the room; And in a void of blue, that clouds invest, Appear'd a daughter of the realms of rest; Her head a ring of golden glory wore, Her honour'd hand the sacred volume bore, Her raiment glittering seem'd a silver white, And all her sweet companions sons of light.

Straight as I gaz'd, my fear and wonder grew,
Fear barr'd my voice, and wonder fix'd my view;
When lo! a cherub of the shining croud
That sail'd as guardian in her azure cloud,
Fann'd the soft air, and downwards seem'd to glide,
And to my lips a living coal apply'd.
Then while the warmth o'er all my pulses ran
Diffusing comfort, thus the maid began:

- "Where glorious mansions are prepar'd above,
- "The feats of music, and the feats of love,
- " Thence I descend, and Piety my name,
 - "To warm thy bosom with celestial flame,
 - "To teach thee praises mix'd with humble prayers,
 - " And tune thy foul to fing feraphic airs.
- " Be thou my Bard." A vial here she caught

(An Angel's hand the crystal vial brought); And as with awful found the word was faid,

She pour'd a facred unction on my head;

Then thus proceeded: "Be thy Muse thy zeal,

"Dare to be good, and all my joys reveal.

- "While other pencils flattering forms create,
- " And paint the gaudy plumes that deck the great;
- "While other pens exalt the vain delight,
- " Whose wasteful revel wakes the depth of night;
- " Or others foftly fing in idle lines
- " How Damon courts, or Amaryllis shines;
- " More wisely thou select a theme divine,
- 66 Fame is their recompence, 'tis heaven is thine.
- " Despise the raptures of discorded fire,
- "Where wine, or passion, or applause inspire
- "Low restless life, and ravings born of earth,
- Whose meaner subjects speak their humble birth,
- " Like working feas, that, when loud winters blow,
- " Not made for rifing, only rage below.
- Mine is a warm and yet a lambent heat.
- " More lasting still, as more intensely great,
- " Produc'd where prayer, and praise, and pleasure breathes
- " And ever mounting whence it shot beneath.
- "Unpaint the love, that, hovering over beds,
- " From glittering pinions guilty pleasure sheds :
- " Restore the colour to the golden mines.
- " With which behind the feather'd idol shines;
- "To flowering greens give back their native care,
- "The rose and lily, never his to wear;
- "To fweet Arabia fend the balmy breath;
- " Strip the fair flesh, and call the phantom Death :
- " His bow be sabled o'er, his shafts the same,
- " And fork and point them with eternal flame.
 - "But urge thy powers, thine utmost voice advance,
- " Make the loud strings against thy fingers dance :

- "Tis love that Angels praise and men adore,
- "Tis love divine that asks it all and more.
- 66 Fling back the gates of ever-blazing day,
- " Pour floods of liquid light to gild the way ;...
- " And all in glory wrapt, through paths untrod, .
- " Pursue the great unseen descent of God.
- " Hail the meek Virgin, bid the child appear,
- "The child is God, and call him Jesus here.
- "He comes, but where to reft? A manger 's nigh,
- " Make the great Being in a manger lie;
- " Fill the wide sky with Angels on the wing,
- " Make thousands gaze, and make ten thousand fing.; .
- " Let men afflict him, men he came to save,
- " And still afflict him till he reach the grave;
- " Make him refign'd, his loads of forrow meet,
- " And me, like Mary, weep beneath his feet;
- " I'll bathe my tresses there, my prayers rehearse,
- 46 And glide in flames of love along my verse.
 - "Ah! while I speak, I feel my bosom swell,
- " My raptures fmother what I long to tell.
- "Tis God! a present God! through cleaving air
- " I fee the throne, and fee the Jesus there
- " Plac'd on the right. He shews the wounds he bore.
- " (My fervours oft have won him thus before);
- "How pleas'd he looks! my words have reach'd his ear &
- "He bids the gates unbar; and calls me near."

She ceas'd. The cloud on which she seem'd to tread Its curls unfolded, and around her spread; Bright Angels wast their wings to raise the cloud, And sweep their ivory lutes, and sing aloud;

Tb =

PIETY, OR THE VISION.

The scene moves off, while all its ambient sky Is turn'd to wondrous music as they fly;
And soft the swelling sounds of music grow,
And faint their softness, till they fail below,
My downy sleep the warmth of Phoebus bro

My downy fleep the warmth of Phœbus broke,
And while my thoughts were fettling, thus I spoke.
Thou beauteous vision t on the soul impress'd,
When most my reason would appear to rest,
'Twas sure with pencils dipt in various lights
Some curious Angel limn'd thy sacred sights;
From blazing suns his radiant gold he drew,
While moons the silver gave, and air the blue.
I'll mount the roving winds expanded wing,
And seek the facred hill, and light to sing;
('Tis known in Jewry well') I il make my lays,
Obedient to thy summons, sound with praise.
But still I fear, unwarm'd with holy slame,

But still I fear, unwarm'd with holy flame, I take for truth the flatteries of a dream; And barely wish the wondrous gift I boast, And faintly practife what deserves it most.

Indulgent Lord! whose gracious love displays
Joy in the light, and fills the dark with ease!
Be this, to bless my days, no dream of bliss;
Or be, to bless the nights, my dreams like this.

BACCHUS,

Or, the DRUNKEN METAMORPHOSIS

A S Bacchus, ranging at his leifure,
(Jolly Bacchus, king of pleafure)!
Charm'd the wide world with drink and dances,
And all his thousand airy fancies,
Alas! he quite forgot the while
His favourite vines in Lesbos isle.

The god, returning ere they dy'd,
Ah! see my jolly fauns, he cry'd,
The leaves but hardly born are red,
And the bare arms for pity spread:
The beasts afford a rich manure;
Fly, my boys, to bring the sure;
Up the mountains, o'er the vales,
Through the woods, and down the dales;
For this, if full the cluster grow,
Your bowls shall doubly overslow.

So chear'd with more officious hafte. They bring the dung of every beaft; The loads they wheel, the roots they bare, They lay the rich manure with care; While oft he calls to labour hard, And names as oft the red reward.

The plants refresh'd, new leaves appear, The thickening clusters load the year; The season swiftly purple grew, The grapes hung dangling deep with blue. A vineyard ripe, a day ferene Now calls them all to work again. The fauns through every furrow shoot To load their flaskets with the fruit; And now the vintage early trod, The wines invite the jovial God.

Strow the roses, raise the song, See the mafter comes along; Lusty Revel join'd with Laughter, Whim and Frolic follow after: The fauns aside the vats remain. To show the work, and reap the gain. All around, and all around, They fit to riot on the ground a A vessel stands amidst the ring, And here they laugh, and there they fing: Or rufe a jolly jolly, band, And dance about it hand in hand; Dance about, and shout amain, Then fit to laugh and fing again. Thus they drink, and thus they play The fun and all their wits away.

But, as an ancient author fung,
The vine manur'd with every dung,
From every creature frangely drew
A twang of brutal nature too;
'Twas hence in drinking on the lawne
New turns of humour feiz'd the fauns.

Another, Fight me in the grove;

On Neptune's part he plac'd victorious days, Gay trophies won, and fame extending wide; But plenty, fafety, science, arts, and ease, Minerva's scale with greater weight supply'd.

Fierce War devours whom gentle Peace would fave:
Sweet Peace restores what angry War destroys;
War made for Peace, with that rewards the brave,
While Peace its pleasures from itself enjoys.

Hence vanquish'd Neptune to the sea with rew, Hence wise Minerva rul'd Athenian lands; Her Athens hence in arts and honours grew, And still her Olives deck pacific hands.

From fables, thus disclos'd, a monarch's mind
May form just rules to chuse the truly great,
And subjects weary'd with distresses find,
Whose kind endeavours most befriend the state.

Ev'n Britain here may learn to place her love,
If cities won, her kingdom's wealth have cost;
If Anna's thoughts the patriot souls approve,
Whose cares restore that wealth the wars had lost.

But if we alk, the moral to disclose, Whom her best patroness Europa calls, Great Anna's title no exception knows, And unapply'd in this the fable falls.

With her nor Neptune or Minerva vies:

Whene'er she pleas'd, her troops to conquest slew;
Whene'er she pleases, peaceful times arise:
She gave she Horse, and gives the Olive too.

DR.

DR. DONNE'S THIRD SATIRE VERSIFIED.

OMPASSION checks my spleen, yet scorn denies The tears a passage through my swelling eyes: To laugh or weep at fins, might idly show Unheedful passion, or unfruitful woe. Satire! arile, and try thy sharper ways, If ever fatire cur'd an old disease. Is not Religion (heaven-descended dame) As worthy all our foul's devoutest flame, As moral Virtue in her early fway, When the best Heathens saw by doubtful day? Are not the joys, the promis'd joys above, As great and strong to vanquish earthly love, As earthly glory, fame, respect, and show, As all rewards their virtue found below? Alas! Religion proper means prepares, These means are ours, and must its end be theirs? And shall thy father's spirit meet the sight Of heathen fages cloath'd in heavenly light, Whose merit of strict life, severely suited To Reason's dictates, may be faith imputed, Whilst thou, to whom he taught the nearer road, Art ever banish'd from the blest abode.

Oh! if thy temper such a fear can find,.... This fear were valour of the noblest kind.

Dar'ft thou provoke, when rebel fouls afpire, Thy Maker's vengeance; and thy Monarch's ire. Or live entomb'd in ships, thy leader's prey, Spoil of the war, the famine, or the fea; In fearch of pearl, in depth of ocean breathe, Or live, exil'd the fun, in mines beneath, Or, where in tempests icy mountains roll, Attempt a passage by the northern pole? Or dar'st thou parch within the fires of Spain, Or burn beneath the line, for Indian gain ? Or for fome idol of thy fancy draw Some loofe-gown'd dame; O courage made of straw! Thus, desperate coward, would'ft thou bold appear, Yet when thy God has plac'd thee centry here, To the own foes, to his, ignoble yield; And leave, for wars forbid, th' appointed field?

Know thy own foes; the apostate angel; he You strive to please, the foremost of the three; He makes the pleasures of his realm the bait, But can he give for love that acts in hate? The world 's thy second love, thy second foe, The world, whose beauties perish as they blow, They sly, she fades herself; and at the best, You grasp a wither d strampet to your breast; The stella is next, which in fruition wastes, High slush'd with all the sensual joys it tastes. While men the fair, the goodly soul destroy, From whence the sless has power to taste a joy. Seek thou Religion primitively sound—Well, gentle friend, but where may she be found?

DR. DONNE'S THIRD SATIRE. 101

By faith implicit blind Ignaro led,
Thinks the bright feraph from his country fled,
And feeks her feat at Rome, because we know,
She there was feen a thousand years ago;
And loves her relick rags, as men obey
The foot-cloth where the prince sat yesterday.
These pageant forms are whining Obed's scorn,
Who seeks Religion at Geneva born,
A fullen thing, whose coarseness suits the crowd:
Though young, unhandsome; though unhandsome,
proud;

Thus, with the wanton, some perversely judge. All girls unhealthy but the country drudge.

No foreign schemes make easy Cæpio roam,
The man contented takes his church at home,
Nay, should some preachers, servile bawds of gain,
Should some new laws, which like new fashions reign,
Command his faith to count salvation ty'd,.
To visit his, and visit none beside;
He grants salvation centres in his own,.
And grants it centres but in his alone;
From youth to age he grasps the proffer'd dame,
And they confer his faith, who give his name;
So from the guardian's hands the wards, who live
Enthrall'd to guardians, take the wives they give.

From all professions careless Airy slies,
For all professions can't be good, he cries;
And here a fault, and there another views,
And lives unfix'd for want of heart to chuse;

So men, who know what some loose girls have done, For fear of marrying such, will marry none. The charms of all obsequious Courtly strike: On each he dotes, on each attends alike; And thinks, as different countries deck the dame, The dresses altering, and the sex the same: So fares Religion, chang'd in outward show, But 'tis Religion still where'er we go: This blindness springs from an excess of light. And men embrace the wrong to chuse the right. But thou of force must one Religion own, And only one, and that the right alone; To find that right one, ask thy reverend fire, Let his of him, and him of his enquire; Though truth and falsehood seem as twins ally'd, There 's eldership on Truth's delightful side; Her feek with heed-who feeks the foundest first, Is not of no Religion, nor the worst. T' adore, or fcorn an image, or protest, May all be bad; doubt wifely for the best, 'Twere wrong to fleep, or headlong run aftray: It is not wandering, to inquire the way.

On a large mountain, at the basis wide,
Steep to the top, and craggy at the side,
Sits sacred Truth enthron'd; and he who means
To reach the summit, mounts with weary pains,
Winds round and round, and every turn essays,
Where sudden breaks resist the shorter ways.
Yet labour so, that ere faint age arrive,
Thy searching soul possess her rest alive;

DR. DONNE'S THIRD SATIRE. 10

To work by twilight were to work too late,
And age is twilight to the night of fate.
To will adone, is but to mean delay,
To work at prefent, is the use of day,
For man's employ much thought and deed remain,
High thoughts the foul, hard deeds the body strain,
And mysteries ask believing, which to view,
Like the fair sun, are plain, but dazzling too.

Be Truth, so found, with sacred heed possess.

Not kings have power to tear it from thy breast. By no blank charters harm they where they hate, Nor are they vicars, but the hands of fate.

Ah! fool and wretch, who lett'st thy soul be ty'd. To human laws! or must it so be try'd? Or will it boot thee, at the latest day, When Judgment sits, and Justice asks thy plea, That Philip that, or Gregory taught thee this, Or John or Martin? All may teach amiss:

For every contrary in each extreme

This holds alike, and each may plead the same.

Wouldst thou to power a proper duty shew? 'Tis thy first task the bounds of power to know; The bounds once past, it holds the same no more, Its nature alters, which it own'd before, Nor were submission humbleness express, But all a low idolatry at best.

Power from above, subordinately spread, Streams like a fountain from th' eternal head; There, calm and pure, the living waters slow, But roars a torrent or a flood below.

Each flower ordain'd the margins to adorn,.
Each native beauty, from its roots is torn,.
And left on deferts, rocks and fands, are toft,.
All the long travel, and in ocean loft.
So fares the foul, which more that power reveres,.
Man claims from God, than what in God inheres.

THE GIFT OF POETRY.

From thy fair station near the throne of Grace, From thy fair station near the throne of Grace, From choirs of angels, joys in endless round, And endless harmony's enchaning sound, Charm'd with a zeal the Maker's praise to shew, Bright Gift of Verse descend, and here below My ravish'd heart with rais'd affection fill, And warbling o'er the soul incline my will. Among thy pomp, let rich expression wait, Let ranging numbers form thy train compleat, While at thy motions over all the sky Sweet sounds, and echoes sweet, resounding sty; And where thy feet with gliding beauty tread, Let Fancy's slowery spring erect its head.

It comes, it comes, with unaccustom'd light,
The tracts of airy thought grow wondrous bright,
Its notions ancient Memory reviews,
And young Invention new designs pursues.
To some attempt my will and wishes press,
And pleasure, rais'd in hope, forebodes success.
My God, from whom proceed the gifts divine,
My God! I think I feel the gift is thine.

Be this no vain illusion which I find,
Nor nature's impulse on the passive mind,
But reason's act, produc'd by good desire,
By grace enliven'd with Celestial Fire;
While bass conceits, like misty sons of night,
Before such beams of glory take their slight,
And frail affections, born of earth, decay,
Like weeds that wither in the warmer ray.

I thank thee, Father! with a grateful mind a Man's undeserving, and thy Mercy kind.

I now perceive, I long to sing thy praise,
I now perceive, I long to find my lays.

The sweet incentives of another's love.
And sure such longings have their rise above.

My resolution stands confirm'd within,
My lines aspiring eagerly begin;
Begin, my lines, to such a subject due,
That aids our labours, and rewards them too!
Begin, while Canaan opens to mine eyes,
Where souls and songs, divinely form'd, arise.

As one whom o'er the sweetly-vary'd meads
Intire recess and lonely pleasure leads,.
To verdur'd banks, to paths adorn'd with flowers,
To shady trees, to closely-waving bowers,
To bubbling fountains, and aside the stream
That softly gliding sooths a waking dream,
Or bears the thought inspir'd with heat along,
And with sair images improves a song;
Through sacred anthems, so may fancy range,
So still from beauty, still to beauty change,

To feel delights in all the radiant way, And, with sweet numbers, what it feels repay. For this I call that ancient Time appear, And bring his rolls to serve in method here; His rolls which acts, that endless honour claim, Have rank'd in order for the voice of same.

My call is favour'd: Time from first to last Unwinds his years, the present sees the past; I view their circles as he turns them o'er, And fix my footsteps where he went before.

The page unfolding would a top disclose, Where sounds melodious in their birth arose. Where first the Morning-stars together sung, Where first their harps the Sons of Glory strung, With shouts of joy while Hallelujahs rise To prove the chorus of eternal skies. Rich sparkling strokes the letters doubly gild, And all 's with love and admiration fill'd.

MOSES.

TO grace those lines, which next appear to sight,
The pencil shone, with more abated light;
Yet still the pencil shone, the lines were fair,
And awful Moses stands recorded there;
Let his, replete with slames and praise divine,
Let his, the sirst-remember'd song be mine,
Then rise my thought, and in thy prophet sind
What joy should warm thee, for the work design'd.

To that great act, which rais'd his heart, repair, And find a portion of his spirit there.

A Nation helpless and unarm'd I view, Whom strong revengeful troops of war pursue, Seas stop their slight, their camp must prove their grave. Ah! what can save them? God alone can save. God's wondrous voice proclaims his high command, He bids their leader wave the facred wand, And where the billows flow'd, they flow no more, A road lies naked, and they march it o'er. Safe may the fons of Jacob travel through, But why will hard'ned Egypt venture too? Vain in thy rage, to think those waters slee And rife like walls, on either hand, for thee. The night comes on, the season for surprize, Yet fear not, Ifrael, God directs thine eyes. A fiery cloud I fee thine angel ride, His chariot is thy light, and he thy guide. The day comes on, and half thy fuccours fail, Yet fear not, Israel, God will still prevail. I see thine angel from before thee go, To make the wheels of venturous Egypt flow, His rolling cloud inwraps its beams of light. And what supply'd thy day, prolongs their night. At length the dangers of the deep are run, The further brink is past, the bank is won; The leader turns to view the foes behind. Then waves his folemn wand within the wind, Oh Nation freed by wonders, cease thy fear, And stand, and see the Lord's Salvation here.

Ye Tempests, now, from every corner fly And wildly rage in all my fancied sky, Roll on, ye waters, as they roll'd before, Ye billows of my fancied ocean, roar; Dash high, ride foaming, mingle, all the main, 'Tis done, and Pharaoh can't afflict again. The work, the wondrous work of freedom 's done... The winds abate, the clouds restore the sun, The wreck appears, the threatening army drown'd. Floats o'er the waves, to strew the landy ground, Then place thy Moses near the calming flood, Majestically mild, serenely good; Let meekness, lovely virtue, gently stream Around his visage, like a lambent flame; Let grateful fentiments, let sense of love, Let holy zeal, within his bosom move; And while his people gaze the watery plain,.. And fear's.last.touches like to doubts remain: While bright aftonishment, that seems to raise A questioning belief, is fond to praise; Be thus the rapture in the prophet's breaft, Be thus the thanks for freedom gain'd express'd:

I'll fing to God, I'll fing the fongs of praise, To God, triumphant in his wondrous ways, To God, whose glories in the seas excel, Where the proud horse and prouder rider fell.

The Lord, in mercy kind, in justice strong,

Is now my strength; this strength be now my song.

This sure salvation such he proves to me,

From danger rescued, and from bondage free;

The Lord's my God, and I'll prepare his feat, My father 's God, and I'll proclaim him great; Him Lord of battles, Him renown'd in Name, Him ever-faithful, evermore the same. His gracious aids avenge his people's thrall, They make the pride of boafting Pharaoh fall. Within the feas his stately chariots lie. Within the seas his chosen captains die. The rolling deeps have cover'd o'er the foe, They funk like stones, they swiftly funk below! Thine hand, my God! thine hand confes'd thy care. Thine hand was glorious in thy power there, It broke their troops, unequal for the fight, In all the greatness of excelling might: Thy wrath fent forward o'er the raging stream, Swift, fure, and fudden, their destruction came. They fell as stubble burns, while driving skies Provoke and whirl a flame, and ruin flies.

When blafts, difpatch'd with wonderful intent,
On fovereign orders from thy nostrils went,
For our accounts, the waters were afraid,
Perceiv'd thy Presence, and together sled;
In heaps uprightly plac'd, they learn to stand,
Like banks of crystal, by the paths of sand.
Then, fondly slush'd with hope, and swell'd with prids;
And fill'd with rage, the soe profanely cry'd,
Secure of conquest, I 'll pursue their way,
I 'll overtake them, I 'll divide the prey,
My sword I 'll fatisfy, mine anger cloy,

How wildly threats their anger, hark! above,
New blafts of wind on new commission move,
To loose the fetters that confin'd the main,
And make its mighty waters rage again.
Then, overwhelm'd with their results sway,
They sunk like lead, they sunk beneath the sea.

Oh, who 's like thee, thou dreaded Lord of Hoft! Among the Gods, whom all the nations boaft, Such acts of wonder and of strength displays? Oh great, Oh glorious in thine holy ways! Deserving praise, and that thy praise appear In signs of reverence, and sense of fear. With justice arm'd, thou stretchedst out thine hand And earth between its gaping jaws of land Receiv'd its waters of the parted main, And swallow'd up the dark Egyptian train. With mercy rising on the weaker side, Thyself became the rescued people's guide! And in thy strength they past th' amazing road To reach thine Holy Mount, thy bles'd abode.

What thou hast done the neighbouring realms shall hear,

And feel the strange report excite their fear.
What thou hast done shall Edom's Duke amaze,
And make despair on Palestina seize.
Shall make the warlike sons of Moab shake,
And all the melting hearts of Canaan weak.
In heavy damps, dissus d on every breast,
Shall cold distrust and hopeless terror rest.

The matchless Greatness, which thine hand has shewn, Shall keep their kingdoms as unmov'd as shone, While Jordan stops above, and fails below, And all thy shock across the channel go.

Thus on thy Mercy's silver-shining wing,
Through seas and streams thou wilt the nation bring,
And as the rooted trees securely stand.

So firmly plant it in the promis'd land;
Where for thyself thou wilt a place prepare,
And after-ages will thine altar rear,
There reign victorious in thy sacred seat,
Oh, Lord! for ever and for ever great.

Look where the tyrant was but lately seen.

Look where the tyrant was but lately feen,
The feas gave backward, and he ventur'd in:
In yonder gulph with haughty pomp he fhew'd,
Here march'd his horfemen, there his chariots rode,
And when our God reftor'd the floods again,
Ah, vainly frong! they perish'd in the main;
But Ifrael went a dry furprizing way,
Made fafe by miracles, amidft the fea.

Here ceas'd the fong, though not the Prophet's joy, Which others hands and others tongues employ; For fill the lays, with warmth divine appreft, Inflam'd his hearers to their immost breast. Then Miriam's notes the chorus sweetly raise, And Miriam's timbrel gives new life to praise. The moving sounds, like fost delicious wind, That breath'd from paradise, a passage sind, Shed sympathics for odours as they rove, And fan the sistage of enkindled love.

The women follow'd, with their timbrels too, And thus from Moses, where his strains arose, They catch'd a rapture, to perform the close.

We'll fing to God, we'll fing the fongs of praise. To God triumphant in his wondrous ways,
To God, whose glories in the seas excel,
Where the proud horse and prouder rider fell.

Thus Ifrael, raptur'd with the pleafing thought, Of freedom wish'd, and wonderfully got, Made chearful thanks from every bank resound, Express'd by songs, improv'd in joy by sound. Oh, sacred Moses, each insusing line, That mov'd their gratitude, was part of thine; And still the Christians in thy numbers view, The type of Baptism, and of Heaven too. So souls from water rise to grace below, So saints from toil to praise and glory go.

Oh, grateful Miriam, in thy temper wrought, Too warm for filence, or inventing thought; Thy part of anthem was to warble o'er, In fweet response what Moses sung before. Thou ledst the public voice to join his lays, And words redoubling, well-redoubled praise. Receive thy title, prophetes was thine, When here thy practice shew'd thy form divine. The spirit thus approv'd, resign'd in will, The church bows down, and hears responses still.

Nor flightly fuffer tuneful Jubal's name To mils his place among the fone of fame; Whose sweet infusions could of old inspire
The breathing organs, and the trembling lyre.
Father of these on earth, whose gentle soul,
By such engagements, could the mind control,
If holy verses aught to music owe,
Be that thy large account of thanks below:
Whilst, then, the timbrels lively pleasure gave,
And, now, whilst organs sound sedately grave.

My first attempt the finish'd course commends, Now, Fancy, slag not, as that subject ends, But, charm'd with beauties which attend thy way, Ascend harmonious in the next estay. So flies the lark, and learn from her to fly; She mounts, she warbles on the wind on high, She falls from thence, and seems to drop her wing. But, ere she lights to rest, remounts to sing.

It is not far the days have roll'd their years
Before the second brighten'd work appears,
It is not far, alas! the faulty cause,
Which, from the Prophet, sad reflection draws;
Alas! that blessings in possession cloy,
And peevish murmurs are prefer'd to joy;
That favour'd Israel could be faithless still,
Or question God's protecting power or will,
Or dread devoted Canaan's warlike men,
And long for Egypt and their bonds again.
Scarce thrice the Sun since harden'd Pharaoh dy'd,
As bridegrooms issue forth with glittering pride,
Rejoicing rose, and let the nation see
Three shining days of easy liberty,

Ere the mean fears of want, produc'd within, Vain thought, replenish'd, with rebellious sin.

Oh look not, Ifrael, to thy former way; God cannot fail; and either wait or pray. Within the borders of thy promis'd lands, Lot's hapless wife a strange example stands, She turn'd her eyes, and felt her change begin, And wrath as sierce may meet resembling sin. Then forward move thy camp, and forward still, And let sweet mercy bend thy stubborn will.

At thy complaint, a branch in Marah cast, With sweetening virtue mends the water's taste. At thy complaint, the labouring tempest sails, And drives before a wondrous shower of quails. In tender grafs the falling manna lies, And Heaven itself the want of bread supplies. The rock divided, flows upon the plain: At thy complaint, and still thou wilt complain. As, thus employ'd, thou went the Defart through, Lo! Sinai mount upreard its head to view. Thine eyes perceiv'd the darkly-rolling cloud, Thine ears the trumpet shrill, the thunder loud, The forky lightning shot in livid gleam, The smoak arose, the mountain all a slame Quak'd to the Depths, and work'd with figns of a While God descended to dispense the law. Yet neither mercy, manifest in might, Nor power in terrors could preserve thee right.

Provok'd with crimes of such an heinous kind.

Almighty justice sware the doom design'd.

That they should never reach the promis'd feat And Moies greatly mourns their haften'd fate. I'll think him now retir'd to public care, While night in pitchy plumes slides soft in air, I'll think him giving what the guilty fleen, To thoughts where forrow glides, and numbers weeps Sad thoughts of woes that reign where fuch prevail, And man's thort life, though not fo flort as frail. Within this circle for his inward eyes, He bids the fading low creation rife, And strait the train of mimic senses brings The dusky shapes of transitory things, Through penfive shades, the visions seem to range, They feem to flourish, and they feem to change; A moon decreasing runs the filent sky, And fickly birds on moulting feathers fly; Men walking count their days of bleffing o'er, The bleffings vanish, and the tale 's no more, Still hours of nightly watches steal away, Big waters roll, green blades of grass decay, Then all the pensive shades, by just degrees, Grow faint in prospect, and go off with these: But while th' affecting notions pass along, He chuses such as best adorn his song; And thus with God the rifing lays began, God ever reigning, God compar'd with man: And thus they move to man beneath his rod, Man deeply finning, man chastis'd by God. Oh Lord! Oh Saviour! though thy chosen band

Have Ray'd like frangers, in a foreign land,

Through number'd ages, which have run their rat Still has thy mercy been our dwelling-place, Before the most exalted dust of earth, The stately mountains had received a birth, Before the pillars of the world were laid, Before the habitable parts were made; Thou wert their God, from thee their rise they dre Thou great for ages, great for ever too.

Man (mortal creature) fram'd to feel decays, Thine unrefifted power at pleasure sways; Thou fay'ft return, and parting fouls obey, Thou fay'ft return, and bodies fall to clay. For what 's a thousand fleeting years with thee? Or time, compar'd with long eternity, Whose wings expanding infinitely vast O'erstretch its utmost ends of first and last; 'Tis like those hours that lately saw the sun: He rose, and set, and all the day was done. Or like the watches which dread night divide. And while we flumber unregarded glide, When all the present seems a thing of nought, And past and future close to waking thought. As raging floods, when rivers fwell with rain, Bear down the groves, and overflow the plain, So fwift and strong thy wondrous might appears. So life is carried down the rolling years. As heavy fleep purfues the day's retreat, With dark, with filent, and unactive state, So life 's attended on by certain doom, And death 's their reft; their resting-place, a tomb. It quickly rifes, and it quickly goes,
And youth its morning, age its evening shews.
Thus tender blades of grass, when beams diffuse,
Rife from the pressure of their early dews.
Point tow'rds the skies, their elevated spires,
And proudly flourish, in their green attires,
But soon (ah fading state of things below!).
The scythe destructive mows the lovely shew,
The rifing sun thus saw their glories high;
That sun descended, sees their glories die.

We still with more than common haste of fate. Are doom'd to perish, in thy kindled hate. Our public fins for public justice call, And stand like marks, on which thy judgments fall; Our fecret fins, that folly thought conceal'd, Are in thy light for punishment reveal'd. Beneath the terrors of thy wrath divine Our days unmix'd with happiness decline, Like empty stories, tedious, short, and vain, And never, never more recall'd again. Yet what were life, if to the longest date, Which we have nam'd a life, we backen'd fate, Alas, its most computed length appears, To reach the limits but of feventy years, And if by ftrength to fourfcore years we go, That strength is labour, and that labour woe. Then will thy term expire, and thou must fly Oh man! oh creature furely born to die! But who regards a truth fo throughly known?. Who dreads a wrath so manifestly shewn 3:

Who seems to fear it, though the danger vies, With any pitch to which our fear can rise:

O teach us so to number all our days,
That these reslections may correct our ways,
That these may lead us from delusive dreams
To walk in heavenly wisdom's golden beams.

Return, oh Lord: how long shall Israel sin? How long thine anger be preserv'd within? Before our time's irrevocably past,
Be kind, be gracious, and return at last.
Let favour soon dispens'd our souls employ,
And still remember'd favour live in joy.
Send years of comforts for our years of woes,
Send these at least of equal length with those,
Shine on thy slock, and on their offspring shine,
With tender mercy (sweetest act divine);
Bright rays of majesty serenely shed
To rest in glories on the nation's head.
Our future deeds with approbation bless,
And in the giving them give us success.

Thus with forgiveness earneftly desir'd,
Thus in the raptures of a bliss requir'd,
The man of God concludes his facred strain,
Now sit and see the subject once again.
See ghastly death, where desarts all around
Spread forth the barren undelightful ground:
There stalks the silent melancholy shade,
His naked bones reclining on a spade;
And thrice the spade with solemn sadness heaves,
And thrice earth opens in the form of graves,

His gates of darkness gape, to take him in; And where he soon would fink, he 's push'd by fin.

Poor mortals! here, your common picture know,
And with yourselves in this acquainted grow,
Through life, with airy, thoughtless pride you range,
And vainly glitter in the sphere of change,
A sphere where all things but for time remain,
Where no fix'd stars with endless glory reign.
But meteors only, short-liv'd meteors rise,
To shine, shoot down, and die beneath the skies.

There is an hour, ah! who that hour attends? When man, the gilded vanity, descends; When foreign force, or waste of inward heat, Constrain the soul to leave its ancient seat; When banish'd beauty from her empire sies, And with a languish leaves the sparkling eyes; When softening music and persuasion fail, And all the charms that in the tongue prevail; When spirits stop their course, when nerves unbrace, And outward action and perception cease; 'Tis then the poor deform'd remains shall be That naked skeleton we seem'd to see.

Make this thy mirror, if thou would'st have bliss, No flattering image shews itself in this; But such as lays the losty looks of pride, And makes cool thought in humble channel glide; But such as clears the cheats of error's den, Whence magic mists surround the source of men; Whence self-delusion's trains adorn their slight, . As snow's fair feathers sleet to darken sight;

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Then rest, and in the work of fancy spread, To gay-wav'd plumes for every mortal's head. These empty forms, when death appears, disperse Or melt in tears, upon its mournful hearse; The sad reflection forces men to know. Life furely fails and swiftly flies below. Oh, lest thy folly lose the profit sought, Oh never touch it with a glancing thought, As men to glasses come, and straight withdraw, And ftraight forget what fort of face they faw: But fix, intently fix, thine inward eyes, And in the strength of this great truth be wife. If on the globe's dim fide our fenfes ftray, Not us'd to perfect light, we think it day: Death seems long sleep; and hopes of heavenly beams, Deceitful wifnes, big with distant dreams; But if our reason purge the carnal sight, And place its objects in their juster light, We change the fide, from dreams on earth we move. And wake through death, to rifing life above.

Here o'er my soul a solemn silence reigns,
Preparing thought for new celestial strains,
The former vanish off, the new begin,
The solemn silence stands like night between,
In whose dark bosom day departing lies,
And day succeeding takes a lovely rise.
But though the song be chang'd, be still the slame,
And still the prophet, in my lines the same;
With care renew'd, upon the children dwell,
Whose sinful fathers in the desart sell,

With care renew'd if any care can do, Ah! left they fin, and left they perish too.

Go seek for Moses at you facted tent,
On which the Presence makes a bright descent.
Behold the cloud, with radiant glory fair
Like a wreath'd pillar, curl itself in air!
Behold it hovering just above the door,
And Moses meekly kneeling on the floor.
But if the gazing turn thy edge of sight,
And darkness spring from unsupported light,
Then change the sense, be sight in hearing drown'd,
While these strange accents from the vision sound:

The time, my fervant, is approaching nigh, When thou shalt gather'd with thy fathers lie, And foon thy nation, quite forgetful grown Of all the glories which mine arm has shewn, Shall through my covenant perversely break, Despise my worship, and my name forsake, By customs conquer'd, where to rule they go. And ferving gods that can't protect their foe. Displeas'd at this, I 'll turn my face ande Till sharp Affliction's rod reduce their pride; Till, brought to better mind, they feek relief, By good confessions in the midst of grief. Then write thy fong, to stand a witness still Of favours part, and of my future will, For I their vain conceits before discern, Then write thy fong which Ifrael's fons shall learn,

As thus the wondrous voice its charge repeats, The Prophet muting deep within repeats,

He seems to feel it on a streaming ray,
Pierce through the soul enlightening all its way.
And much obedient will, and free desire,
And much his love of Jacob's seed inspire;
And much, Oh! much above the warmth of those
The sacred spirit in his bosom glows,
Majestic Notion seems decrees to nod,
And holy Transport speaks the words of God.

He new returns, the finish'd roll he brings,
Enrich'd with strains of past and future things;
The priests in order to the tent repair,
The gather'd Tribes attend the elders there:
Oh! sacred Mercy's inexhausted store!
Shall these have warning of their faults before,
Shall these be told the recompenses due,
Shall heaven and earth be call'd to witness too!
Then still the tumult, if it will be so,
Let sear, to lose a word, its caution shew;
Let close attention in dead calm appear,
And softly, saftly steal with silence near;
While Moses, rais'd above the listening throng,
Pronounces thus in all their ears the Song:

Hear, Oh ye heavens, Creation's lofty show, Hear, Oh thou heaven-encompass'd earth below, As silver showers of gently dropping rain, As honey dews distilling on the plain, As rain, as dews, for tender grass design'd, Sorthall my speeches link within the mind, So sweetly turn the soul's enlivening food, So fill and chezish thereful seeds of good,

For now my numbers to the world abroad Will loudly celebrate the name of God.

Ascribe, thou nation, every favour'd tribe, Excelling greatness to the Lord ascribe, The Lord! the rock on whom we safely trust, Whose work is perfect, and whose ways are just; The Lord! whose promise stands for ever true The Lord! wost righteous, and most holy too.

Ah, worse election! Ah, the bonds of sin! They chuse themselves, to take corruption in. They stain their souls with Vice's deepest blots, When only frailties are his children's spots. Their thoughts, words, actions, all are run askray, And none more erooked, more perverse, than they.

Say, rebel nation, and unwifely light, Say, will thy folly thus the Lord requite? Or is he not the God who made thee free, Whose mercy purchas'd and establish'd thee? Remember well the wondrous days of old, The years of ages long before thee told, Ask all thy fathers, who the truth will show, Or ask thine elders, for thine elders know.

When the Most High with sceptre pointed down, Described the Realms of each beginning crown, When Adam's offspring providential care, To people countries, scatter'd here and there; He to the limits of their lands confin'd, That favour'd Israel has its part assign'd, For Israel is the Lord's, and gains the place Reserv'd for those, whom he would chase to grace.

Him in the desert, him his mercy found,
Where famine dwells and howling deafs the ground,
Where dread is felt by savage noise increast,
Where solitude erects its seat on waste:
And there he led him, and he taught him there,
And fafely kept him with a watchful care;
The tender apples of our heedful eye,
Not more in guard, nor more securely lye.

And as an eagle, that attempts to bring Her unexperienc'd young to trust the wing, Stirs up her nest, and flutters o'er their heads, And all the forces of her pinions spreads, And takes and bears them on her plumes above, To give peculiar proof of royal love; 'Twas fo the Lord, the gracious Lord alone, With kindness most peculiar, led his own; As no strange God concurr'd to make him free, So none had power to lead him through but he. To lands excelling lands and planted high, That boaffs the kindest influencing sky, He brought, he bore him, on the wings of Grace, To taste the plenties of the ground's increase; Sweet dropping honey from the rocky foil, From flinty rocks the sinoothly flowing ail, The gilded butter from the stately kine, The milk with which the duggs of sheep decline, The marrow fatness of the tender lambs. The bulky breed of Basan's goats and rams; The finest flowery wheat that crowns the plain Diffends its hulk, and loads the blade with grain,

And still he drank from ripe delicious heaps Of clusters press'd, the purest blood of grapes. But thou art wanton, fat, and kickest now, Oh, well directed, Oh, Jeshuron thou: Thou foon wert fat, thy fides were thickly grown, Thy fatness deeply cover'd every bone; Then wanton fulness vain Oblivion brought. And God, that made and fav'd thee, was forgot; While gods of foreign lands, and rites abhor'd, To jealouses and anger mov'd the Lord; While gods thy fathers never knew were own'd, And fiends themselves with sacrifice aton'd. Oh! fools, unmindful whence your order'd frame, And whence your life-infusing spirit came; Such strange corruptions could his hate provoke, And thus their fate his indignation spoke :

It is decreed, I'll hide my face, and see,
When I forsake them, what their end shall be;
For they 're a froward, very froward train,
They promise duty, but return dissain.
Within my soul they 've rais'd a jealous slame,
By new-nam'd gods, and only gods in name;
They make the burnings of my anger glow,
By guilty vanity's displeasing show;
I'll also teach their jealousy to fret,
At such as are not form'd a people yet,
I'll make their anger vex their inward breast,
When such as have not known my laws are bless.
A fire, a fire that nothing can assuage,
Is kindled in the serceness of my rage,

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To burn the depths, confume the land's increase, And on the mountains' strong foundation's seize, Thick heaps of mischief on their heads I send, And all mine arrows, wing'd with fury, spend; Slow-parching death, and postilential heat, Shall bring the bitter pangs of lingering Fate. The teeth of beafts shall swift destruction bring, The serpents wound them with invenom'd sting, The fword without, and dread within, confume The youth and virgin, in their lovely bloom, Weak tender infancy, by suckling fed, And helpless age, with hoary frosted head. I faid I'd scatter all the finful race, I faid I'd make its meer remembrance cease, But that I fear'd the foe's unruly pride, Their glory vaunted, and their power deny'd, While thus they boaft, our arm has shewn us brave, And God did nothing, for he could not fave. So fond their thoughts are, so remote of sense, And blind in every course of Providence. O did they know to what my judgments tend ! O would they pender on their latter end! They foon would find, that when upon the field One makes a thousand, two, ten thousand yield. The Lord of Hofts has fold a rebel state And fure inclosed it in the nets of Fate. For what 's another's rock compar'd with ours, Let them be judges that have prov'd their powers. That on their own have vainly call'd for aid, While ours to freedom and to glory led.

Their vine, indeed, may feem to flourish fair, But yet it grows in Sodom's tainted air, It fucks corruption from Gomorrah's fields, And galls for grapes in bitter clusters yields. And poison sheds for wine, like that which comes From asps, and dragons death-infected gums. And are not these their hateful fins reveal'd. And in my treasures for my justice seal'd? To me the province of revenge belongs, To me the certain recompence of wrongs, Their feet shall totter in appointed time. And threatening danger overtake their crime: For, wing'd with feather'd hafte, the minutes fly To bring those things that must afflict them nigh. The Lord will judge his own, and bring them lowe .And then repent, and turn upon the foe. And when the judgments from his own remove Will thus the foe convincingly reprove. Where are the gods, the rock, to whom in vain Your offerings have been made, your victims flain? Let them arise, let them afford their aid. And with protection's shield surround your head. Knowschen your Maker, I the Lord am he, Nor ever was there any God with me, And death, or life, or wounds, or health, I gives Nor can another from my power reprieve. With solemn state I list my arm on high Above the glories of the lofty ky: And by myself majestically swear, I live for ever, and for ever there,

If in my rage the glittlering sword I whet;
And, sternly sitting, take the judgment-seat,
My just awarding sentence dooms my foe,
And vengeance wields the blade, and gives the blow,
And deep in sess the blade of fury bites,
And deadly deep my bearded arrow lights,
And both grow drunk with blood defil'd in sin,
When executions of revenge begin.

Then let his nation in a common voice,
And with his nation let the world rejoice:
For whether he for crimes or trials spill
His servants blood, he will avenge it still;
He 'll break the troops, he 'll scatter them afar,
Who vex our realm with desolating war.
And on the favour'd tribes and on the land,
Shed victories and peace, from Mercy's hand.

Here ceas'd the fong, and Israel look'd behind,
And gaz'd before, with unconfining mind,
And fix'd in silence and amazement saw
The strokes of all their state beneath the law.
Their recollection does its light present
To shew the mountain bless'd with God's descent,
To shew their wanderings, their unsix'd abode,
And all their guidance in the desart road.
Then where the beams of recollection go
To leave the fancy disposses'd of show,
The fairer light of prophecy 's begun,
Which, opening suture days, supplies their sun,
By such a sun (and fancy needs no more)
They see the coming times, and walk them o'er,

And now they gain that rest their travail sought,
Now milk and honey stream along the thought.
Anon they feel their souls the blessing cloy,
And God 's forgot in full excess of joy.
And oft they sin, and oft his anger burns,
And every nation 's made their scourge by turns,
Till, oft repenting, they convert to God,
And he, repenting too, destroys the rod.

O nation timely warn'd in facred strain, O never let thy Moses sing in vain! Dare to be good, and happiness prolong, Or, if thy folly will fulfil the fong, At least be found the seldomer in ill. And still repent, and soon repent thee still; When fuch fair paths thou shalt avoid to tread. Thy blood will rest upon thy sinful head; Thy crime, by lasting, will secure thy foe, The gracious warning to the Gentiles go, And all the world, that 's call'd to witness here, Convinc'd by thine example, learn to fear. The Gentile world, a mystic Israel grown, Will in thy first condition find their own, A God's descent, a pilgrimage below, And promis'd rest where living waters flow. They 'll fee the pen, describe in every trace The frowns of anger, or the smiles of grace; Why mercy turns aside, and leave to shine, What cause provokes the jealousy divine; Why justice kindles dire avenging flames, What endless power the lifted arm proclaims;

Why mercy thines again with chearful ray,
And glory double-gilds the lightfome day.
Though nations change, and Ifrael's empire dies,
Yet still the case on earth again may rise;
Eternal Providence its rule retains,
And still preserves, and still applies the strains.

'Twas such a gift, the Prophet's sacred pen,
On his departure, left the sons of men;
Thus he, and thus the swan her breath resigns,
(Within the beauty of poetic lines,)
He white with innocence, his figure she,
And both harmonious, but the sweeter he.
Death learns to charm, and, while it leads to bliss,
Has found a lovely circumstance in this,
To suit the meekest turn of easy mind,
And actions chearful in an air resign'd.

Thou flock whom Moses to thy freedom led,
How wilt thou lay the venerable dead?
Go (if thy fathers taught a work they knew)
Go build a pyramid to Glory due,
Square the broad base, with sloping sides arise,
And let the point diminish in the skies.
There leave the corpse, impending o'er his head
The wand whose motion winds and waves obey'd,
On sable banners to the sight describe
The painted arms of every mourning tribe.
And thus may public grief adorn the tomb,
Deep-streaming downwards through the vaulted moon
On the black stone a fair inscription raise,
That sums his government to speak his praise,

And may the stile as brightly worth proclaim As if affection, with a pointed beam, Engrav'd or fir'd the words, or honour due Had with itself inlaid the tablet through.

But from the nomp that is not man's to pay, For God will grace him in a nobler way. Mine eyes perceive an orb of heavenly state, With splendid forms and light serene replete 2 I hear the found of fluttering wings in air, I hear the tuneful tongues of angels there: They fly, they bear, they rest on Nebo's head, And in thick glory wrap the reverend dead; This errand crowns his fongs, and tends to prove His near communion with the Quire above. Now swiftly down the fleepy mount they go. Now swiftly glides their shining orb below, And now moves off, where rifing grounds deny To spread their valley to the distant eye. Ye bless'd inhabitants of glittering air, You 've borne the Prophet, but we know not where. Perhaps, left Ifrael, over-fondly led, In rating worth when envy leaves the dead, Might plant a grove, invent new rites divine, Make him their idol, and his grave the shrine. But what disorder? what repels the light? And ere its season forces on the night? Why fweep the spectres o'er the blasted ground? What shakes the mount with hollow-roaring sound? Hell rolls beneath it, terror stalks before With Arieks and groans, and horror burfts a door; And Satan rifes in infernal state,
Drawn up by malice, envy, rage, and hate,
A darkening vapour with sulphureous steam,
In pitchy curlings edg'd by sullen slame,
And fram'd a chariot for the dreadful form,
Drives whirling up on mad Confusion's storm.

Then fiercely burning where the Prophet dy'd,
Nor shall thy nation scape my wrath, he cry'd;
This corpse I 'll enter and thy flock mislead,
And all thy miracles my lies shall aid.
But where?—He 's gone, and, by the scented sky,
The favourite courtiers have been lately nigh;
Oh, slow to business, curs'd in mischies's hour,
Trace on their odours, and if hell has power—
This said, with spite and with a bent for ill,
He shot with fury from the trembling hill.

In vain, proud fiend, thy threats are half express, And half lie choaking in thy scornful breast, His shining bearers have perform'd their rite, And laid him softly down in shades of night, A warriour heads the band, great Michael he, Renown'd for victories in wars with thee, A sword of slame to stop thy course he bears, Nor has thy rage avail'd, nor can thy snares; The Lord rebuke thy pride! he meekly cries: The Lord has heard him, and thy project dies.

Here Moses leaves my song, the tribes retire, The desert slies, and forty years expire; And now, my fancy, for a while be still, And think of coming down from Nebo's hill. Go fearch among thy forms, and thence prepare A cloud in folds of foft furrounding air!
Go find a breeze to lift thy cloud on high,
To waft thee gently-rock'd in open fky,
Then flealing back to leave a filent calm,
And thee reposing in a grove of palm,
The place will suit my next succeeding strain,
And I'll awake thee soon to sing again.

DEBORAH.

TIME, fire of years, unfold thy leaf anew, And still the past recall to present view, Spread forth thy circles, swiftly gaze them o'er, But where an action 's nobly fung before, There stop and stay for me, whose thoughts design To make another 's fong refound in mine. Pass where the priest's procession bore the law, When Jordan's parted waters fix'd with awe, While Israel march'd upon the naked fand. Admir'd the wonder, and obtain'd the land; Slide through the numerous fates of Canaan's kings, While conquests rode on Expedition's wings, Glance over Israel at a single view, In bondage oft and oft unbound anew, Till Jabin rise, and Deborah stand enroll'd, Upon the gilded leaf's revolving fold.

Oh, king subdued! Oh, woman born to fame! Oh, wake my fancy for the glorious theme;

PARNELL'S POEMS.

Oh, wake my fancy with the sense of praise. Oh, wake with warblings of triumphant lays. The land you rife-in fultry funs invade; But, when you rife to fing, you 'll find a shade. Those trees in order, and with verdure crown'd. The facred prophetes's tent furround, And that fair palm a front exactly plac'd, That overtops and overspreads the rest, Near the firm root a mosfy bank supports, Where Justice opens unexpensive courts: There Deborah sits, the willing tribes repair, Refer their causes, and she judges there; Nor needs a guard to bring her subjects in, Each Grace, each Virtue, proves a guard unseen; Nor wants the penalties enforcing law, While great Opinion gives effectual awe.

Now twenty years, that roll'd in heavy pain, Saw Jabin gall them with Oppreffion's chain, When she, submissive to Divine Command, Proclaims a war for Freedom o'er the land, And bids young Barack with those men descend, Whom in the mountains he for battle train'd. Go, says the Prophetess, thy foes assail, Go make ten thousand over all prevail: Make Jabin's captains feel thine edged sword, Make all his army, God has spoke the word. He, fit for war and Israel's hope in sight, Yet doubts the numbers, and by that the sight; Then thus replies with wish to stand secure, Or eager thought to know the conquest sure;

Belov'd of God, lend thou thy prefence too,
And I with gladness lead th' appointed few;
But, if thou wilt not, let thy son deny,
For what's ten thousand men, or what am I?
If so, she cries, a share of toil be mine,
Another share, and some dishonour thine;
For God, to punish doubt, resolves to shew
That less than numbers can suppress his soe;
You'll move to conquer, and the soes to yield,
But 'tis a woman's act secures the field.

Now feem the warriours in their ranks assign'd, Now furling banners flutter in the wind: Her words encourage, and his actions lead, Hope spurs them forward, Valour draws the blade; And Freedom, like a fair reward for all, Stands reaching forth her hands, and seems to call.

On t' other side, and almost o'er the plain, Proud Sisera, Jabin's captain, brings his men, As thick as locusts on the vintage sly, As thick as scatter'd leaves in Autumn lye, Bold with success against a nation try'd, And proud of numbers, and secure in pride.

Now founds the trumpet, now my fancy warms, And now methinks I view their toils in arms, The lively phantoms tread my boundless mind, And no faint colours or weak strokes design'd: See where in distant conquest from afar, The pointed arrows bring the wounds of war; See where the lines with closer force engage, And thrust the spear, and whirl the sword of rage;

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Here break the files, and vainly strive to close, There on their own repell'd affift their foes. Here Deborah calls, and Jabin's foldiers fly, There Barack fights and Jabin's foldiers dye. But now nine hundred chariots roll along, Expert their guiders and their horses strong; And Terrour, ratling in their fierce array, Bears down on Ifrael to restore the day. Oh, Lord of battle, Oh, the danger 's near! Affift thine Ifrael, or they perish here. How fwift is Mercy's aid, behold it fly On rushing tempests through the troubled sky; With dashing rain, with pelting hail they blow, And sharply drive them on the facing foe. Thus bless'd with help, and only touch'd behind. The favourite nation presses in the wind. But heat of action now disturbs the fight, And wild confusion mingles all the fight; Cold-whiftling winds, and shrieks of dying men, And groans and armour, found in all the plain. The bands of Canaan fate no longer dare, Oppress'd by weather and destroy'd by war; And, from his chariot whence he rul'd the fight, Their haughty leader leaps to join the flight. See where he flies, and fee the victor near; See rapid conquest in pursuit of fear. See, see, they both make off, the work is o'er, And fancy clear'd of vision as before. Thus (if the mind of man may feem to move With some resemblance of the skies above)

When wars are gathering in our hearts below, We 've feen their battles in ethereal show: The long distended tracts of opening sky, The phantoms azure field of fight supply: The whitish clouds an argent armor yield, A radiant blazon gilds their argent shield: Young glittering comets point the level'd spear. Which for their pennons hang their flaming hair. And o'er the helms for gallant glory dreft Sit curls of air, and nod upon the crest. Thus arm'd, they feem to march, and feem to fight, And feeming wounds of death delude the fight, The ruddy thunder-clouds look stain'd with gore, And for the din of war within they roar. Then flies aside, and then aside pursues, Till in their motion all their shapes they loofe, Dispersing air concludes the mimic scene, The sky shuts up, and swiftly clears again.

But does their Sisera share the common fate, Or mourn his humbled pride in dark retreat? With such enquiry near the palm repair, Victorious Honour knows and tells it there.

To that fair type of Israel's late success,
Which nobly rises as its weights depress,
To that fair type returns the joyful band,
Whose courage rose to free their groaning land;
There stands the leader in the pomp of arms,
There stands the judge in Beauty's awful charms;
And whilst, reclin'd upon the resting spear,
He pants with chace and breathes in calmer air

Her thoughts are working with a backward view,
And would in fong the great exploit renew.
She fees an arm'd oppression's hundred hands
Impose its fetters on the promis'd lands.
She fees their nation struggling in the chains,
And wars arising with unequal trains.
She sees their fate in arms, the field imbrued,
The foe disorder'd, and the foe pursued,
Till Conquest, drest in rays of glory, come
With peace and freedom, brought in triumph home.
Then round her heart a beamy gladness plays,
Which, darting forward, thus converts to praise.
For Israel's late avengings on the foe

When led by no compelling power below,
When each fpring forward of their own accord,
For this, for all the mercy, praise the Lord.

Hear, O ye kings; ye neighbouring princes, hear; My fong triumphant shall instruct your fear: My fong triumphant bids your glory bow, To God confest, the God of Jacob now.

O glorious Lord! when, with thy fovereign hand, Thou led'it the nation off from Edom's laud, Then trembled earth, and shook the heavens on high, And clouds in drops for fook the melted sky, With tumbling waters, hills were heard to roar, And felt such shocks as Sinai felt before. But fear abating, which by time decays, The kings of Canaan rose in Shamgar's days, And still continued ev'n in Jael's times, Their empire sking with successful crimes.

ppression ravag'd all our lost abodes, or dare the people trust the common roads; ut paths perplex'd and unfrequented chose, o shun the danger of perplexing foes. hus direful was deform'd the country round, npeopled towns, and disimprov'd the ground. ill I, resolving in the gap to stand, Deborah rose a mother of the land. There others, flaves by fettled cuftom grown, ould serve, and chuse to serve, the Gods unknown There others fuffer'd with a tame regret, estruction spilling blood in every gate, nd forty thousand had not for the field ne spear offensive, or defensive shield. O towards the leaders of my nation move, beat my warming heart with sense of love. ommend th' afferters on their own accord. nd bless the sovereign causer, bless the Lord. Speak ye, that ride with power return'd in state, eak ye the praise, that rule the judgment-seat, eak ye the praise to God, that walk the roads, 'hile safety brings you to restor'd abodes. The rescued villagers, no more afraid f archers lurking in the faithless shade, nd fudden death convey'd from founding strings, all safe approach the water's rising springs; nd, while their turns of drawing there they wait, sitering in ease upon a mosfy seat, all all the bleffings of the Lord to mind. nd fing the Lord in all the bleffings kind.

The townsmen rescued from the tyrant's reign Shall flock with joy to fill their walls again, See justice in the gates the balance bear, And none but her unsheath a weapon there.

Awake, O Deborah, O awake to praise, Awake, and utter forth triumphant lays. Arise, O Barack, be thy pomp begun, Lead on thy triumph thou Abinoam's son; Thy captives bound in chains, when God's dec Made humbled princes stoop their necks to thee When he, the giver of success in fight, Advanc'd a woman o'er the sons of might.

Against this Amaleck, of banded foes,
I Deborah, root of all the war, arose,
From Ephraim sprung, and leading Ephraim's
The next in rising, Benjamin, was thine.
The ruling heads of half Manasseh's land,
To serve in danger, left their safe command.
The tribe of Zebulon's unactive men
For glorious arms forsook the peaceful pen.
The Lords of Issachar with Deborah went,
The tribe with Barack to the vale was sent,
Where he on foot perform'd the general's part,
And shar'd the soldier's toil to raise their heart

But Reuben's strange divisions justly wrough Amongst his brethren deep concern of thought Ah! while the nation in affliction lay, How could'st thou, Reuben, by the sheepfolds And let thy bleating slock divert thy days That idly pass'd thee with inglorious ease. Divided tribe, without thy dangers free,
Deep were the fearchings of our heart for thee.
Our Gilead too, by fuch example fway'd,
With unconcern beyond the river ftay'd,
And Dan in fhips at fea for fafety rode,
And frighten'd Afher in its rock's abode.
Now fing the field, the feats of war begun.

Now fing the field, the feats of war begun, And praise thy Napthali with Zebulun, To deaths expos'd, in posts advanc'd they stood With fouls refolv'd, and gallant rage of blood. Then came the kings and fought, the gather'd kings By waters streaming from Megiddo's springs; In Taanach vale fustain'd the daring toil, Yet neither fought for pay, nor won the spoil. The skies, indulgent in the cause of right, On Ifrael's side, against their army fight, In evil aspects, stars and planets range, And by the weather in tempestuous change Promote the dire distress, and make it known That God has Hosts above to save his own. The Kishon swell'd, grew rapid as they fled, And roll'd them finking down its fandy bed. O river Kishon, river of renown! And, O my foul, that trod their glory down! The stony paths, by which disorder'd slight Convey'd their troops and chariots from the fight, With rugged points their horses hoofs distress'd, And broke them prancing in impetuous hafte.

Curse, curse ye Meroz, curse the town abhorr'd, (So spake the glorious angel of the Lord)

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For Meroz came not in the field, prepar'd, To join that fide on which the Lord declar'd. But bless ye Jael, be the Kenite's name Above our women's bless'd in endless fame. The captain, faint with fore fatigue of flight, Implor'd for water to support his might, And milk she pour'd him, while he water fought, And in her lordly dish her butter brought. With courage well-deferving to prevail, One hand the hammer held, and one the nail, And him, reclin'd to fleep, she boldly slew, She finote, she piere'd, she struck the temples through Before her feet, reluctant on the clay, He bow'd, he fell; he bow'd, he fell, he lay; He bow'd, he fell, he dy'd. By fuch degrees As thrice she struck, each stroke's effect The sees.

His mother gaz'd with long-expecting eyes;
And, grown impatient, through the lattice cries
Why moves the chariot of my fon so slow?
Or what affairs retard his coming so?
Her Ladies answer'd—but she would not stay,
(For pride had taught what flattery meant to say)
They 've sped, she says, and now the prey they share
For each a damsel, or a lovely pair,
For Sisera's part a robe of gallant grace,
Where diverse colours rich embroidery trace,
Meet for the necks of those who in the spoil
When triumph offers its reward for toil.

Thus perish all whom God's decrees oppose, Thus, like the vanquish'd, perish all thy foes,

DEBORAH.

But let the men that in thy name delight Be like the fun in heavenly glory bright. When mounted on the dawn he posts away, And with full strength encreases on the day.

'Twas here the Prophetess respir'd from song, Then loudly shouted all the chearful throng, By freedom gain'd, by victory complete, Prepar'd for mirth irregularly great. The frowns of forrow gave their ancient place To pleafure, drawn in smiles of every face. The groans of flavery were no longer wrung, But thoughts of comfort from the bleffing fprung. And as they bouted from the breezy west, Amongst the plumes that deck the singer's crest. The spirit ompplause itself convey'd On wafted ar, and lightly waving play'd: Such was the case (or such ideas flow, From thought replenish'd with triumphant showl. What rais'd their joy their love could also raise, And each contended in the words of praise, And every word proclaim'd the wonders past, And God was ftill the first, and still the last; Deep in their souls the fair impression lay, .Deep-trac'd, and never to be worn away.

From hence the rescued generation still Abhorr'd the practice of rebellious ill, And fear'd the punishment for ill abhorr'd, And lov'd repentance, and ador'd the Lord.

From hence in all their days the Lord was kind, iHis face serene with settled favour shin'd,

PARNELL'S POEMS.

Fair banish'd Order was recall'd in state,
The laws reviv'd, the princes rul'd the gate,
Peace chear'd the vales, Contentment laugh'd with Pe
Gay-blooming Plenty rose with large increase,
Sweet Mercy those who thought on mercy blest,
And so for forty years the land had rest.

Reft, happy land, a while; ah longer so, Didst thou thine happiness sincerely know! But soon thy quiet with thy goodness past, And in the song alone obtain'd to last.

Live, fong triumphant, live in fair record,
And teach fucceeding times to fear the Lord;
For fancy moves by bright example woo'd,
And wins the mind with images of good.
Touch'd with a facred rage and heaven flame,
I strive to sing thine universal aim.
To quit the subject, and in lays sublime,
The moral sit for any point of time.
Then go, my verses, with applying strain,
Go form a triumph not ascrib'd to men.
Let all the clouds of grief impending lie,
And storms of trouble drive along the sky,
Then humble Piety thine accents raise,
For prayer will prove the powerful charm of ease.

Lo, now my foul has spoke its best desires,
How blessings answer what the prayer requires!
Before thy sighs the clouds of grief retreat,
The storms of trouble by thy tears abate,
And radiant glory, from her upper sphere,
Looks down and glitters in relented air.

Rife, lovely Piety, from earthy bed, he parted flame descends upon thine head. his wondrous Mitre, fram'd by facred love, and for thy triumph fent thee from above. 1 two bright points with upper rays afpires, and rounds thy temples with innocuous fires. ife, lovely Piety, with pomp appear, nd thou, kind Mercy, lend thy chariot here: n either side, fair Fame and Honour place, thind let Plenty walk in hand with Peace; 'hile Irreligion, muttering horrid found, ith fierce and proud Oppression backward bound, nag by the wheels along the dusty plain, nd gnashing lick the ground, and curse with pain. Now come, ye thousands, and more thousands yet, ith order join to fill the train of state, uls tun d for praising to the temple bring, id thus ainidst the facred music sing : il, Piety! triumphant goodness, hail! il, O prevailing, ever O prevail! thine entreaty, Justice leaves to frown, id wrath appealing lays the thunder down; ie tender heart of yearning Mercy burns, ve asks a bleffing, and the Lord returns. his great name that heaven and earth has made, his great name alone we find our aid; en bless the Name, and let the world adore, m this time forward, and for evermore,

HANNAH.

On echoes dying in their last rebound;
The notes of fancy seem no longer strong,
But sweetening closes fit a private song.
So when the storms for sake the sea's command,
To break their forces in the winding land,
No more their blasts tumultuous rage proclaim,
But sweep in murmurs o'er a murmuring stream.

Then feek the subject, and its song be mine, Whose numbers, mixt in sacred story, shine:
Go, brightly-working thought, prepar'd to sly,
Above the page on hovering pinions lye,
And beat with stronger force, to make thee file
Where beauteous Hannah meets the searching eyes.

There frame a town, and fix a tent with cords. The town be Shiloh call'd, the tent the Lord's. Carv'd pillars, filleted with filver, rear, To close the curtains in an outward square, But those within it, which the porch uphold, Be finely wrought, and overlaid with gold.

Here Eli comes to take the refting-seat, Slow moving forward with a reverend gait: Sacred in office, venerably sage, And venerably great in filver'd age. Here Hannah comes, a melancholy wise, Reproach'd for barren in the marriage-life; Like summer mornings she to fight appears, Bedew'd and shining in the midst of tears. Her heart in bitterness of grief she bow'd, And thus her wishes to the Lord she vow'd: If thou thine handmaid with compassion see, If I, my God! am not forgot by thee; If in mine offspring thou prolong my line, The child I wish for all his days be thine; His life devoted, in thy courts be led, And not a razor come upon his head.

So, from recesses of her inmost soul,
Through moving lips her still devotion stole.
As silent waters glide, through parted trees,
Whose branches tremble with a rising breeze.
The words were lost becasse her heart was low.
But free desire had taught the mouth to go;
This Elimark's, and, with a voice severe,
While yet she multiply'd her thoughts in prayer,
How long shall wine, he cries, distract thy breast?
Be gone, and lay the drunken sit by rest.

Ah! fays the mourner, count not this for fin, It is not wine, but grief, that works within; The spirit of thy wretched hand-maid know, Her prayer 's complaint, and her condition woe. Then spake the facred priest, in peace depart, And with thy comfort God sulfil thine heart! His blessing thus pronounc'd with awful sound, The votary bending leaves the solemn ground, She seems confirm'd the Lord has heard her cries, And chearful hope the tears of trouble dries,

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And makes her alter'd eyes irradiate roll, With joy that dawns in thought upon the foul.

Now let the town, and tent, and court remain, And leap the time till Hannah comes again. As painted prospects skip along the green, From hills to mountains eminently seen, And leave their intervals that sink below, In deep retreat, and unexpress'd to show.

Behold! she comes (but not as once she came, To grieve, to sigh, and teach her eyes to stream); Content adorns her with a lively face, An open look, and smilling kind of grace; Her little Samuel in her arms she bears, The wish of long desire, and child of prayers; And as the sacrifice she brought begun, To reverend Eli she presents her son. Here, cries the mother, here my Lord may see The woman come, who pray d in grief by thee a The child I sued for, God in bounty gave; And what he granted, let him now receive.

But fill the votary feels her temper move,
With all the tender violence of love,
That fill enjoys the gift, and inly burns
To fearch for larger, or for more returns.
Then, fill'd with bleffings which allure to praife,
And rais'd by joy to foul-enchanting lays,
Thus thanks the Lord, beneficently kind,
In fweet effusions of the grateful mind:
My lifting heart, with more than common heat,
Sends up its thanks to God on every beat,

My glory, rais'd above the reach of scorn,
To God exalts its highly-planted horn;
My mouth enlarg'd, mine enemies defies,
And finds in God's salvation full replies.
Oh, bright in holy beauty's power divine,
There 's none whose glory can compare with thine!
None share thine honours, pay, there's none beside,
No rock on which thy creatures can confide.

Ye proud in spirits, who your gift adore, Unlearn the faults, and speak with pride no more; No more your words in arrogance be shown, Nor call the works of Providence your own, Since he that rules us infinitely knows, And, as he wills, his acts of power dispose.

The strong, whose sinewy forces arch'd the bow, Have seen it shatter'd by the conquering foe; The weak have felt their nerves more firmly brace, And new-sprung vigour in the limbs encrease. The Full, whom vary'd tastes of plenty fed, Have let their labour out to gain their bread. The Poor, that languish'd in a starving state, Content and full, have ceas'd to beg their meat. The Barren Womb, no longer barren now, (Oh, be my thanks accepted with my vow!) In pleasure wonders at a mother's pain, And sees her offspring, and conceives again; While she that glory'd in her numerous heirs, Now broke by feebleness, no longer bears.

Such turns their rising from the Lord derive; The Lord that kills, the Lord that makes alive; He brings by fickness down to gaping graves. And, by reftoring health, from fickness saves He makes the Poor by keeping back his store, And makes the Rich by bleffing men with more; He finking hearts with bitter grief annoys, Or lifts them bounding with enliven'd joys.

He takes the Beggar from his humble clay, From off the dunghill where despis'd he lay, To mix with Princes in a rank supreme, Fill thrones of honour, and inherit fame: For all the pillars of exalted state, So nobly firm so beautifully great, Whose various orders bear the rounded balk Which would without them to confusion fall, All are the Lord's, at his disposure stand, And prop the govern'd world at his command.

His mercy, still more wonderfully sweet, Shall guard the righteous, and uphold their feet, While, through the darkness of the wicked foul, Amazement, dread, and desperation roll; While envy stops their tongues, and hopless griefs That fees their fears, but not their fears relief. And they their strength as unavailing view, Since: none shall trust in that and safety too.

The foes of Israel, for his Israel's sake, God will to pieces in his anger break; His bolts of thunder, from an open'd fky, Shall on their heads, with force unerring, fly. His voice shall call, and all the world shall hear, And all for sentence at his seat appear.

But mount to gentler praises, mount again, My thoughts, prophetic of Mossiah's reign; Perceive the glories which around him shine, And thus thine hymn be crown'd with grace divine-

Tis here the numbers find a bright repose,
The vows accepted, and the votary goes.
But thou, my soul, upon her accents hung,
And sweetly pleas'd with what she sweetly sung,
Prolong the pleasure with thine inward eyes,
Turn back thy thoughts, and see the subject rise.

In her peculiar case, the song begun, And for a while through private bleffings run, As through their banks the curling waters play, And foft in murmurs kifs the flowery way, With force encreasing then she leaps the bounds, . And largely flows on more extended grounds; Spreads wide and wider, till vast seas appear, And boundless views of Providence are here. How swift these views along her anthem glide, . As waves on waves push forward in the tide! . How swift thy wonders o'er my fancy sweep, . O Providence, thou great unfathom'd deep! Where Refignation gently dips the wing, And learns to love and thank, admire and fing; But bold prefumptuous reasonings, diving down. To reach the bottom, in their diving drown.

Neglecting man, forgetful of thy ways,
Nor owns thy care, nor thinks of giving praise,
But from himself his happiness derives,
And thanks his wisdom, when by thine he thrives

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His limbs at ease in fost repose he spreads, Bewitch'd with vain delights, on flowery beds; And, while his fense the fragrant breezes kiss, He meditates a waking dream of bliss; He thinks of kingdoms, and their crowns are near; He thinks of glories, and their rays appear; He thinks of beauties, and a lovely face Serenely imiles in every taking grace; He thinks of riches, and their heaps arise, Display their glittering forms, and fix his eyes; Thus drawn with pleasures in a charming view, Rifing he reaches, and would fain purfue. But still the fleeting shadows mock his care, And still his fingers grasp at yielding air; Whate'er our tempers as their comforts want, It is not man's to take, but God's to grant. It then, perfifting in the vain defign, We look for blis without an help divine, . We still may search, and search without relief, Nor only want a blifs, but find a grief. That such conviction may to sight appear, Sit down, ye fons of men, spectators here; Behold a scene upon your felly wrought, And let this lively scene instruct the thought.

Boy, blow the pipe until the bubble rife,
Then cast it off to float upon the skies;
Still swell its sides with breath—O beauteous frame!
It grows, it shines: be now the world thy name!
Methinks creation forms itself within,
The men, the towns, the birds, the trees, are seen;

The skies above present an azure show, And lovely verdure paints an earth below. I'll wind myfelf in this delightful sphere, And live a thousand years of pleasure there a Roll'd up in bliffes, which around me close, And now regal'd with these, and now with those, False hope, but falser words of joy, farewell, You 've rent the lodging where I meant to dwell, My bubbles burft, my prospects disappear, And leave behind a moral and a tear. If at the type our dreaming fouls awake, And Hannah's strains their just impression make, The boundless power of Providence we know, And fix our truft on nothing here below. Then he, grown pleas'd that men his greatness own, Looks down ferenely from his starry throne, And bids the bleffed days our prayers have won Put on their glories, and prepare to run. For which our thanks be justly sent above. Enlarg'd by gladness, and inspir'd with love: For which his praises be for ever fung, O fweet employment of the grateful tongue! Burst forth, my temper, in a godly flame, For all his bleffings laud his holy name: That, ere mine eyes saluted chearful day, A gift devoted in the womb I lay, Like Samuel vow'd, before my breath I drew,

O could I prove in life like Samuel too!

That all my frame is exquisitely wrought,

The world enjoy'd by sense, and God by thought

154. PARNELL'S POEMS.

That living streams through living channels glide, To make this frame by Nature's courfe abide; That, for its good, by Providence's care, Fire joins with water, earth concurs with air; That Mercy's ever-inexhausted store Is pleas'd to proffer, and to promife more; And all the proffers ftream with grace divine, And all the promifes with glory shine. O praise the Lord, my soul, in one accord, Let all that is within me praise the Lord; O praise the Lord, my foul, and ever strive To keep the fweet remembrances alive. Still raise the kind affections of thine heart, Raise every grateful word to bear a part, With every word the strains of love devise, Awake thine harp, and thou thyself arise; Then, if his Mercy be not half express'd, Let wondering Silence magnify the reft.

D A V I D.

MY thought, on views of admiration hung,
Intently ravish'd, and depriv'd of tongue,
Now darts a while on earth, a while in air,
Here mov'd with praise, and mov'd with glory there;
The joys entrancing, and the mute surprize,
Half fix the blood, and dim the moistening eyes;
Pleasure and praise on one another break,
An exclamation longs at heart to speak;

When thus my Genius on the work design'd, Awaiting closely, guides the wandering mind.

If, while thy thanks would in thy lays be wrought,
A bright aftonishment involve the thought,
If yet thy temper would attempt to sing,
Another's quill shall imp thy feebler wing;
Behold the name of royal David near,
Behold his musick, and his measures hear,
Whose harp-Devotion in a rapture strung,
And left no state of pious souls unsung.
Him to the wondering world but newly shewn,

Celeftial Poetry pronounc'd her own; A thousand hopes, on clouds adorn'd with rays, Bent down their little beauteous forms to gaze; Fair-blooming Innocence, with tender years, And native Sweetness for the ravish'd ears. Prepar'd to fmile within his early fong, And brought their rivers, groves, and plains along: Majestie Hongur, at the palace bred, Enrob'd in white, embroider'd o'er with red. Reach'd forth the sceptre of her royal fate. His forehead touch'd, and bid his lays be great; Undaunted Courage, deck'd with manly charms, With waving azure plumes, and gilded arms, Difplay'd the glories and the toils of fight, Demanded Fame, and call'd him forth to write. To perfect these, the facred Spirit came, By mild infusion of celestial same, And mov'd with dove-like candonr in his breaft. And breath'd his graces over all the reft.

156 PARNELL'S POEMS.

Ah! where the daring flights of men aspire,
To match his numbers with an equal fire;
In vain they strive to make proud Babel rise,
And with an earth-born labour touch the skies:
While I the glittering page resolve to view,
That will the subject of my lines renew;
The laurel wreath, my fame's imagin'd stade,
Around my beating temples fears to sade;
My fainting saney trembles on the brink,
And David's God must help, or else I sink.

As rolling rivers in their channels flow,
Swift from aloft, but on the level flow:
Or rage in rocks, or glide along the plains,
So just, so copious, move the Psalmist's strains;
So sweetly vary'd with proportion'd heat,
So gently clear, or so sublimely great;
While Nature's seen in all her forms to shine,
And mix with beauties drawn from Truth divine;
Sweet beauties (sweet affection's endless rill)
That in the soul like honey-drops distil.

Hail, Holy Spirit, hail Supremely Kind, Whose inspirations thus enlarg'd the mind; Who taught him what the gentle shepherd sings, What rich expressions suit the port of kings: What daring words describe the soldier's heat, And what the Prophet's extasses relate; Nor let his worst condition be forgot, In all this splendour of exalted thought. On one thy different sorts of graces fall, Scill made for each, of equal force in all;

ile from heavenly courts he feels a flame, the place from whence the bleffing came; kes his infrirations fweetly prove eful subject of the mind they move. rtal Spirit, Light of Life instill'd, us the bosom of a mortal fill'd. . weak my voice, and though my light be dim, I id praise thy wondrous gifts in him; ince thine aid's attracted by defire, ey that speak thee right must feel thy fire, ife a portion of thy Grace Divine, fe my voice, and in my numbers shine: f David, David fings of thee, e Pfalmist, and his work in me. low, my verse, arising on the wing, art of all thy fubject wilt thou fing? thy first attempt? in what resort ftina's plains, or Salem's court; as his hands the folemn measure play'd, fiends with torment and confusion fled; at the rosy spring of chearful light, 18 Fame record tradition right) fflation of celetial fire ke a rushing breeze, and shook the lyre; etly giving every trembling string Lof found, as made him wake to fing? in my view the country first appears, intry first enjoy'd his youthful years; ame thy shady landscapes in my frain, nscious mountain, or accustom'd plain;

158 PARNELL'S POEMS.

Where by the waters, on the grass reclined,.
With notes he rais'd, with notes he calm'd his mind,;
For through the paths of rural life I? if stray,
And in his pleasures paint a shephesd's day.

With grateful fentiments, with active will,
With voice exerted, and enlivening skill,
His free return of thanks he duly paid,
And each new day new beams of bounty shed.
Awake, my tuneful harp; awake, he cries;
Awake, my lute, the fun begins to rife;
My God, I 'm ready now! then takes a flight,
To pureft Piety's exalted height;
From thence his foul, with heaven itself in view,
On humble prayers and humble praises flew.
The praise as pleasing, and as sweet the prayer,
As incense curling up through morning air.

When towards the field with early steps he trod,
And gaz'd around, and own'd the works of God,
Perhaps, in sweet melodious words of praise,
He drew the prospect which adorn'd his ways;
The foil, but newly wisted with rain,
The river of the Lord with springing grain,
Inlarge, encrease the soften'd surrow blest,
The year with goodness crown'd, with beauty drest.
And still to power divine ascribe it all,
From whose high paths the drops of satness fall;
Then in the song the smiling sights rejoice,
And all the mute creation finds avoice;
With thick resurns delightful echoes fall
The pastur'd green, or soft ascending thill.

by the bleatings of unnumber'd facep, I their glories in the crowds they keep. rn, that 's waving in the western gale, yful found proclaims the cover'd vale. ne'er his flocks the lovely thepherd drove. thbouring waters, to the neighbouring grove; ian's flood, refresh'd by cooling wind, on's brook, to moffy banks confin'd; notes, and guise of lowly swain, hus he charm'd and taught the liftening train; Lord 's my shepherd, bountiful and good, t want, fince he provides me food; his sheep along the verdant meads, too mean, his tender mercy leads, the springs of life, and taste repose er living pasture sweetly grows, I cannot want. I need not fear. the presence of my shepherd's near; h darksome vales, where heasts of prey resort, Death appears with all his dreadful court, and hook direct me when I stray. to fold, and they direct my way. ps, when feated on the river's brink, the tender sheep at noon-day drink, the land where milk and honey glide, tening Plenty rolls upon the tide. x'd within the freshness of a shade. boughs diffuse their leaves around his head, ow'd notions from the kind retreat. ing the righteous in their happy state,

And how, by Providential care, success
Shall all their actions in due season bless;
So firm they stand, so beautiful they look,
As planted trees aside the purling brook:
Not faded by the rays that parch the plain,
Nor careful for the want of dropping rain:
The leaves sprout forth, the rising branches shoot,
And Summer crowns them with the ripen'd fruit.

But if the flowery field, with varied hue, And native sweetness, entertain'd his view; The flowery field with all the glorious throng Of lively colours rose, to paint his song; Its pride and fall within the numbers ran, And spake the life of transitory man.

As grass arises by degrees unseen
To deck the breast of Earth with lovely green,
Till Nature's order brings the withering days,
And all the Summer's beauteous pomp decays;
So, by degrees unseen, doth man arise,
So blooms by course, and so by course he dies.
Or as her head the gawdy floweret heaves,
Spreads to the sun, and boasts her silken leaves,
Till accidental winds their glory shed,
And then they fall before the time to fade;
So man appears, so falls in all his prime,
Ere Age approaches on the steps of Time.

But thee, my God! thee still the same we find, Thy glory lasting, and thy mercy kind; That still the just, and all his race, may know No cause to mourn their swift account below.

When from beneath he saw he wandering sheep, That graz'd the level, range along the fleep. Then rose, the wanton stragglers home to call. Before the pearly dows at evening fall, Perhaps new thoughts the rising ground fumply. And that employs his mind, which fills his eye. From pointed kills, he cries, my wishes tend, To that great hill from whence supports defoend: The Lord 's that hill, that place of fure defence, My wants obtain their certain help from thence. And as large hills projected shadows throw, To ward the fun from off the vales below, Or for their fafety stop the blast above, That, with raw vapours loaded, nightly rove; So shall protection o'er his fervants spread, And I pepose beneath the sacred shade, Unhurt by rage, that, like a fummer's day, Defroys and scorches with impetuous ray; By washing forrows, undeprived of rest, That fall, like damps by moon-shine, on the break, Here from the mind the prospects seem to wear, And leave the couch'd design appearing bare; And now no more the Shepherd fings his hill, But fings the fovereign Lord's protection still. For as he sees the night prepar'd to come, On wings of Evening he prepares for home; And in the fong thus adds a bleffing more, To what the thought within the figure bore : Eternal Goodness manifestly still Preferges my foul from each approach of ill:

Ends all my days, as all my days begin,
And keeps my goings, and my comings-in.
Here think the finking fun descends apace,
And, from thy first attempt, my fancy cease;
Here bid the ruddy shepherd quit the plain,
And to the fold return his flocks again.
Go, lest the tion, or the shagged bear,
Thy tender lambs with savage hunger tear;
Though neither bear nor lion match thy might,
When in their rage they stood reveal'd to sight;
Go, lest thy wanton sheep returning home,
Should, as they pass, through doubtful darknessavam.
Go, ruddy youth, to Bethlem turn thy way,
On Bethlem's road conclude the parting day.

Methinks he goes as twilight leads the night,
And sees the crescent rise with silver light;
His words consider all the sparking show
With which the stars in golden order glow.
And what is man, he cries, that thus thy kind,
Thy wondrous love, has lodg'd him in thy mind?
For him they glitter, him the beasts of prey,
That scare my sheep, and these my sheep obey.
O Lord, our Lord, with how deserv'd a stame,
Does earth record the glories of thy name!
Then, as he thus devoutly walks along,
And finds the road has smith'd with the song,
He sings, with listed hands and listed eyes,
Be this, my God, an evening facrisce.

But now, the lowly dales, the trembling graves, O'er which the whisper'd breeze serenely 1010s,

all the course of working fancy clear, ly grace another subject here; . my purpose new designs arise, e brightening images engage mine eyes. here, my verse, thy louder accents raise, heme through lofty paths of glory trace; orth his honours in imperial throngs, frive to touch his more exalted fongs. sile yet in humble vales his harp he thrung, : yet he follow'd after ewes with young, al Wildom chose him for his own, from the flock advanc'd him to the throne; there his upright heart, and prudent hand, more diffinguish'd skill, and high command, : act the shepherd in a noble sphere, take his nation into regal care. uld of mercy then, and justice sing, : radiant virtues that adorn a king, make his reign blaze forth with bright renown, id those gems whose splendour decks a crown: fixing peace, by temper'd love and fear, . plains abound, and barren mountains bare. ee; to whom these attributes belong, ee, my God, he cry'd, I fend my fong; ice, from whom my regal glory came, the forms in which my court I frame; the models of imperfect skill, ne, with facred aid, and fix my will. le behaviour in my private ways, all my foul dispos'd to public peace,

Shall daily strive to let my subjects see A perfect pattern how to live, in me. Still will I think, as ftill my glories rife, To fet no wicked thing before mine eyes, Nor will I choose the favourites of state, Among those men that have incurr'd thine hate, Whose vice but makes them scandalously great; 'Tis time that all, whose froward rage of heart Would vex my realm, shall from my realm depart; 'Tis time that all, whose private slandering lye Leads Judgment falfely, shall by Judgment dye. And time the great, who loofe the reins to pride, Shall with neglect and fcorn be laid afide; But o'er the tracts that my commands obey, I'll fend my light, with sharp disarming ray, Through dark retreats, where humble minds abide. Through shades of peace, where modest tempers hides To find the good that may support my state, And, having found them, then to make them great. My voice shall raise them from the lonely cell, With me to govern, and with me to dwell. My voice shall Flattery and Deceit disgrace, And in their room exulted Virtue place; That, with an early care, and stedfast hand, The wicked perish from the faithful land.

When on the throne he fate in calm repose, And with a royal hope his offspring rose, His prayers, anticipating time, reveal Their deep concernment for the public weal;

D A V I D.

Upon a good forecasted thought they run, For common bleffings in the king begun: For righteousness and judgment strictly fair, Which from the king descends upon his heir. So when his life and all his labour cease, The reign succeeding, brings succeeding peace; So fill the poor shall find impartial laws, And orphans still a guardian of their cause: And stern-Oppression have its galling yoke, And rabid teeth of prey, to-pieces broke. Then, wondering at the glories of his way, His friends shall love, his daunted foes obey; For peaceful commerce neighbouring kings apply, And with great presents court the grand ally. For him rich gums shall sweet Arabia bear, For him rich Sheba mines of gold prepare; Him Tharfis, him the foreign ifles shall greet, And every nation bend beneath his feet. And thus his honours far-extended grow. The type of great Messiah's reign below.

But worldly realms, that in his accents shine, Are left beneath the full-advanc'd design; When thoughts of empire in the mind encrease O'er all the limits that determine place, If thus the monarch's rising fancy move To search for more unbounded realms above, In which celestial courts the king maintains, And o'er the vast extent of nature reigns; He then describes, in elevated words, His Israel's shepherd, as the Lord of Lords.

How bright between the Chernbims he fits, What dazzling luftre all his throne emits; How Righteourners, with Judgment join'd, support The regal feat, and dignify the court; How fairest honour, and majestic state, The presence grace, and strength and beauty wait; What glittering ministers around him stand, To fly like winds, or flames, at his command. How fure the beams, on which his palace rife, Are set in waters, rais'd above the skies: How wide the skies, like out-spread curtains, fly To veil majestic light from human eye; Or form'd the wide-expanded vaults above, Where storms are bounded, tho' they seem to rove; Where fire, and hail, and vapour, so fulfil The wife intentions of their Maker's will; How well 'tis seen the great Eternal Mind Rides on the clouds, and walks upon the wind.

O, wondrous Lord! how bright thy glories shine The heavens declare, for what they boast is thine; And you blue tract, enrich'd with orbs of light, In all its handy-work displays thy might.

Again the Monarch touch'd another strain,
Another province claim'd his verse again,
Where goodness infinite has fix'd a sway,
Whose out-stretch'd limits are the bounds of day.
Beneath this empire of extended air,
Yet still in reach of Providence's care,
God plac'd the rounded earth with stedsast hand,
And bid the basis ever firmly stand.

d the mountains from Confusion's heaps their summits, and assume their shapes. d the waters like a garment spread, irm large feas, and, as he spake, they fled. oice, his thunder, made the waves obey, forward hasten, till they form'd the sea: , lest with lawless rage the surges roar, ark'd'their bounds, and girt them in with shore, I'd the land with brooks, that trembling fleatugh winding hills, along the flowery vale; hich the beafts, that graze the vale, retreat ool refreshings in the summer's heat; e, perch'd in leaves upon the tender sprays; pirds around their finging voices raife. akes the vapours, which he taught to fly, ke the chambers of the clouds on high, golden harvest, rich with ears of grain spiry blades of grass, adorn the plain; grapes luxuriant chear the foul with wine; ointment shed, to make the visage shine. ugh trunks of trees fermenting sap proceeds. ed, and tinge the living boughs it feeds :oots the fir, where airy florks abide; dar, Lebanon's aspiring pride, fe birds, by God's appointment, in their nest, green furrounded, lie fecure of reft; re fmall increase the barren mountains give, e kines, adapted to the feeding, live; e flocks of goats in healthy pastures browse, in their rocky entrails, rabbits house.

PARNELL'S POEM'S.

Where forests, thick with shrubs, entangled stands Untrod the roads, and desolate the land, There close in coverts hide the beafts of prey, Till heavy darkness creeps upon the day, Then roar with Hunger's voice, and range abroad, And, in their method, seek their meat from God; And, when the dawning edge of eastern air. Begins to purple, to their dens repair. Man, next succeeding, from the sweet repose Of downy beds, to work appointed goes. When first the morning sees the rising sun, He fees their labours both at once begun; And, night returning with its starry train, Perceives their labours done at once again. O! manifold in works supremely wife, How well thy gracious store the world supplies ! How all thy creatures on thy goodness call, And that bestows a due support for all! When from an open hand thy favours flow, Rich Bounty floops to visit us below; When from thy hand no more thy favours stream, Back to the dust we turn, from whence we came; And when thy spirit gives the vital heat, A fure fuccession keeps the Kinds compleat; The propagated feeds their forms retain, And all the face of earth's renew'd again. Thus, as you've feen th' effect reveal the cause, Is Nature's ruler known in Nature's laws; Thus still his power is o'er the world display'd, And still rejoices in the world he made.

DAVID.

The Lord he reigns, the King of kings is kings Let nations praise, and praises learn to fing.

My verses here may change their stile again. And trace the Psalmist in another strain; Where all his foul the foldier's spirit warms, And to the music fits the found of arms; Where brave disorder does in numbers dwell, And artful number speaks disorder well. Arife, my genius, and attempt the praise Of dreaded power, and perilous essays; And where his accents are too nobly great. Like distant echoes, give the faint repeat: For who, like him, with enterprizing pen. Can paint the Lord of Hofts in wrath with men? Or, with just images of tuneful lay, Set all his terrors in their fierce array? He comes! The tumult of discording spheres, The quivering shocks of earth, confess their fears; Thick smoak precede, and blasts of angry breath, That kindle dread devouring flames of death. He comes! the firmament, with difmal night, Bows down, and seems to fall upon the light; The darkling mifts enwrap his head around, The waters deluge, and the tempests found; While on the cherub's purple wings he flies, And plants his black pavilion in the skies. He comes! the clouds remove; the rattling hail, Descending, bounds, and scatters o'er the vale: His voice is heard, his thunder speaks his ire, His lightening blafts with blue fulphureous fire;

His brandish'd bolts with swift commission go. To punish man's rebellious acts below. His stern rebukes lay deepest ocean bare, And folid earth, by wide eruption, tear. Then glares the naked gulph with difinal ray, And then the dark foundations fee the day: O God! let mercy this thy war asswage : Alas! no mortal can fustain thy rage. While I but strive the dire effects to tell. And on another's words attentive dwell. Confusing passions in my bosom roll, And all in tumult work the troubled foul : Remorfe with pity, fear with forpow blend, And I but strive in vain; my verse, descend, To less aspiring paths direct thy flight, Though fill the less may more than match thy migh While I to second agents tune the strings, And Ifrael's warrior Ifrael's battles fings; Great warrior he, and great to fing of war, Whose lines (if ever lines prevailed so far) Might pitch the tents, compose the ranks anew, To combat found, and bring the toil to view. O nation most securely rais'd in name, Whose fair records he wrote for endless fames O nation oft victorious o'er thy foes, At once thy conquests, and thy thanks he shows: For thus he fung the realms that must be thine. And made thee thus confess an aid divine. When mercy look'd, the waves perceiv'd its fway, And Israel pass'd the deep divided sea.

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When Mercy spake it, haughty Pharaoh's host, And haughty Pharaoh, by the waves were tost. When Mercy led us through the desert sand, We reach'd the borders of the promis'd land: Then all the kings their gather'd armies brought. And all those kings by Mercy's help we fought: There, with their monarch, Amor's people bleed, For God was gracious, and the tribes succeed. There monstrous Ogg was fell'd on Basan's plain, For God was gracious to the tribes again. At length their yoke the realms of Canaan seel, And Israel sings that God is gracious still.

Nor has the warlike prince alone inroll'd The wondrous fates their fathers did of old : His own emblazon'd acts adorn his lays, These too may challenge just returns of praise. My God! he cries, my furest rock of might, My trust in dangers, and my shield in fight; Thy matchless bounties I with gladness own. Nor find affiftance but from thee alone: Thy strength is armour, and my path success, No power like thee can thus fecurely blefs. When troops united would arrest my course, I break their files, and through their order force; When in their towns they keep, my fiege I form, And leap the battlements, and lead the ftorm; And when in camps abroad intrench'd they lie, As swift as hinds in chace I bound on high; My strenuous arms thou teachest how to kill, And fnap in funder temper'd bows of feel;

My moving footsteps are enlarged by thee,
And kept from snares of planned ambush free;
And when my foes for sake the field of fight,
Then slushed, with conquest, I pursue their slight;
In van their sears, that almost reach despair,
The trembling wretches from mine anger bear;
As swift as fear brisk warmth of conquest goes,
And at my feet dejects the wounded foes;
For help they call, but find their helper 's gone,
For God's against them, and I drive them on
As whirling dust in airy tumult sly,
Before the tempest that involves the sky;
And, in my rage 's unavoided sway,
I tread their necks like abject heaps of clay.

The warrior thus in song his deeds expressed.

The warrior thus in song his deeds expres'd, Nor vainly boasted what he but confess'd; While warlike actions were proclaim'd abroad, That all their praises should refer to God.

And here, to make this bright defign arife,
In fairer splendor to the nation's eyes,
From private valour he converts his lays,
For yet the publick claim'd attempts of praise;
And public conquests where they jointly fought,
Thus stand recorded by reslecting thought;
God sent his Samuel from his holy seat
To bear the promise of my future state,
And I, rejoicing, see the tribes sulfil
The promis'd purpose of Almighty will:
Subjected Sichem, sweet Samaría's plain,
And Succoth's valleys, have consess'd my reign;

Remote.

Remoter Gilend's hilly tracks obey, Manasseh's parted fands accept my sway; Strong Ephraim's fons and Ephraim's ports are mine. And mine the throne of princely Judah's line; Then fince my people with my flandard go, To bring the frength of adverte empire low, Let Moab's fail, to vile subjection brought, With groans declare how well our ranks have foughts Let vanquish'd Edom bow its humbled head, And tell how pompous on its pride I tread; And now, Philiftis, with thy conquering hoft, Difmay'd and broke, of conquer'd Ifrael bouft: But if a Seer or Rabbah yet remain 'On Johemaan's hill, or Amon's plain, ' Lead forth our annies, Lord, regard our prayer; 'Lead, Lord of battles, and we'll conquen there. As this the warrier fpake, his heart grofe, And thus, with grateful turn, perform'd the close : Though men to men their best assistance lend. Yet men alone will but in vain befriend; Through God we work exploits of high renews. "Tis God that treads our great opposers down.

Hear now the pease of well-disputed fields,
The best return victorious honour yields;
'Tis common good restor'd, when lovely Peace
Is join'd with Rightcoulness in shift embrace;
Hear, all ye victors, what your sword secures,
Hear, all ye nations, for the cause is yours;
And when the joyful trumpets loudly sound,
'When groaning captives in their ranks are bound,

When pillars lift the bloody plumes in air, And broken shafts and batter'd armour bear; When painted arches acts of war relate. When flow procession's pomps augment the state; When fame relates their worth among the throng. Thus take from David their triumphant fong: Oh, clap your hands together! oh, rejoice, In God, with melody's exalted voice; Your facred Pfalm within his dwelling raife, And, for a pure oblation, offer praise; For the rich goodness plentifully shows :: He prospers our design upon our foes. Then hither, all ye nations, hither tun, Behold the wonders which the Lord has done: Behold, with what a mind, the heap of flain, He spreads the sanguine surface of the plain; He makes the wars, that mad confusion hurl'd. Be spent in victories, and leave the world. He breaks the bended bows, the spears of ire, And burns the shatter'd chariets in the fire. And bids the realms be still, the turnult cease, And know the Lord of war, for Lord of peace; Now may the tender youth in goodness rise, Beneath the guidance of their parents eyes, As tall young poplars, when the ranger 's nigh, To watch their risings, left they shoot awry. Now may the beauteous Daughters, bred with care In modelt rules, and pious acts of fear, Like polish'd corners of the Temple be, So bright, so spotless, and so fit for thee.

Now may the various scasons bless the soil, And plenteous Gardeners pay the Ploughman's toil; Now sheep and kine, upon the slowery meads, Encrease in thousands, and ten thousand heads; And now no more the found of grief complains For those that fall in fight, or live in chains; Here, when the bleffings are proclaim'd aloud, Join all the voices of the thankful crowd; Let all that feel them thus confess their part. Thus own their worth, with one united heart; Happy the realm which God vouchfafes to bless With all the glories of a bright success! And happy thrice the realm, if thus he please To crown those glories with the sweets of eases From warfare finish'd on a chain of thought, To bright attempts of future rapture wrought; Yet stronger, yet thy pinions stronger raise, O Fancy, reigning in the power of lays. For Sion's Hill thine airy courses hold, "Twas there thy David prophefy'd of old; And there devout in contemplation fit, In holy vision, and extatic fit.

Methinks I feem to feel the charm begin,
Now fweet Contentment tunes my foul within;
Now wondrous foft arising music plays,
And now full founds upon the fense increase;
Fit David's lyre, his artful fingers move,
To court the spirit from the sealms above
And, pleas'd to come where holiness attends,
The courted spirit from above descends,

Hence on the lyre and voice new graces rest, And bright prophetic forms enlarge the breast; Hence firm decrees his mystic hymns relate, Affix'd in heaven's adamantine gate, The glories of the most important age, And Christ's blest empire seen by sure presage,

When, in a diffant view, with inward eyes, He fees the Son descending from the skies, To take the form of Man for Mankind's fake. 'Tis thus he makes the great Messiah spake : It is not. Father, blood of bullocks flain Can cleanse the World from universal stain; Such offerings are not here required by thee, But point at mine, and leave the work for me; To perfect which, as servants ears they drill, In fign of opening to their Master's will : Thy will would open mine, and have me bear My fign of Ministry, the body there. Prophetic volumes of our state assign, The world's redemption as an act of mipe; And lo, with chearful and obedient heart, I come, my Father, to perform my wart. So fpake the Son, and left his throng above, When wings to bear him were prepar'd by Love. When with their Monarch, on the great descent, Sweet Humbleness and gentle Patience went a Fair fifters both, both blest'd in his esteem, And both appointed here to wait on him.

But now, before the Prophet's ravish'd eyes, Succeeding Prospects of his Life arise; And here he teaches all the world to fing
Those strains in which the nation own'd him King.
When boughs as at an holy feast they bear,
To shew the Godhead manifested there;
And garments, as a mark of glory, strow'd,
Declar'd a Prince proclaim'd upon the road:
This day the Lord hath made, we will employ,
In songs, he cries, and consecrate to joy.
Hosannah, Lord, Hosannah, shed thy peace;
Hosannah, long-expecting nations grace;
Oh, bless'd in honour's height triumphant thou,
That wast to come, oh, bless thy people now.

'Twere easy dwelling here with fix'd delight,
And much the sweet engagement of the fight;
But fleeting visions each on other throng,
And change the music, and demand the song:
Ah! music chang'd by sadly moving show:
Ah! song demanded in excess of woe!
For what was all the gracious Saviour's stay,
Whilst here he trod in Life's encumber'd way,
But troubled patience, persecuted breath,
Neglested forrows, and afflicting death;
Approach, ye sinners; think the garden shows
His bloody sweat of full arising throws;
Approach his grief, and hear him thus complain,
Through David's person, and in David's strain.

Oh, fave me, God, thy floods about me roll, Thy wrath divine hath overflow'd my foul: I come at length where rifing waters drown, And fink in deep affliction, deeply down.

Deceitful fnares, to bring me to the dead,
Lie ready plac'd in every path I tread;
And Hell itfelf, with all that Hell contains,
Of fiends accurs'd, and dreadful change of pains;
To daunt firm will, and cross the good design'd,
With strong temptations fasten on the mind;
Such grief, such forrows, in amazing view,
Distracted fears and heaviness pursue.
Ye sages, deeply read in human frame,
The passion's causes, and their wild extreme;
Where mov'd an object more oppos'd to bliss,
What other agony could equal his?

The music still proceeds with mournful airs. And speaks the dangers, as it speaks the fears. Oh, facred Presence, from the Son withdrawn: Oh, God, my Father, whither art thou gone? Oh, must my foul bewail tormenting pain, And all my words of anguish fall in vain? The trouble 's near, in which my life will end; But none is near, that will affistance lend ; Like Bashan's bulls, my foes against me throng, So proud, inhuman, numberless, and strong. Like desert lions, on their prey they go, So much their fierce defire of blood they flow: . As ploughers wound the ground, they tore my back And long deep furrows manifest the track. They pierc'd my tender hands, my tender feet, And caus'd sharp pangs, where nerves in numbers me Rich streams of life forfake my rended veins, And fall like water spill'd upon the plains;

My bones, that us'd in hollow feats to close, Disjoint with anguish of convulsive throws; My mourning heart is melted in my frame, As wax dissolving runs before a flame; My firength dries up, my flesh the moisture leaves. And on my tongue my clammy palate cleaves: Alas! I thirst: alas! for drink I call: For drink they give me vinegar and gall. To sportful game the savage soldiers go. And for my vesture, on my vesture throw; While all deride, who see me thus forlorn. And shoot their lips, and shake their heads in scorn. And, with despiteful jest, Behold, they cry, The great peculiar darling of the fky; He trusted God would save his soul from woe. Now God may have him, if he loves him fo. But to the dust of death, by quick decay, I come : O Father, be not long away. And was it thus, the Prince of Life was flain? And was it thus he dy'd for worthless men? Yes, bleffed Jefus! thus, in every line, The fufferings which the Prophet spake were thine. Come. Christian, to the corpse, in spirit come, And with true fins of grief furround the tomb.

Upon the threshold-stone let sin be slain, Such facrifice will best avenge his pain. Bring thither then repentance, fighs, and tears, . Bring mortify'd defires, bring holy fears; And earnest prayer express'd from thoughts that roll Through broken mind, and groanings of the foul; N 2

These scatter on his hearse, and so prepare Those obsequies the Jews deny'd him there; While in your hearts the flames of love may burn. To drefs the vault, like lamps in facred urn. There oft, my foul, in such a grateful way, Thine humblest homage, with the godly pay.

But David strikes the founding chords anew, And to thy first design recals thy view; From life to death, from death to life he flies. And still pursues his object in his eyes; And here recounts, in more enliven'd fong, The facred Presence, not absented long: The flesh not suffer'd in the grave to dwell, The foul not fuffer'd to remain in hell; But as the conqueror, fatigu'd in war, With hot pursuit of enemies afar, Reclines to drink the torrent gliding by, Then lifts his looks to repostes the sky; So bow'd the Son, in life's uneasy road, With anxious toil and thorny danger frow'd: So bow'd the Son, but not to find relief, But tafte the deep imbitter'd floods of grief; So when he tafted thefe, he rais'd his head, And left the fable mansions of the dead. Ere mouldering time confum'd the bones away. Or flow corruption's worms had work'd decay: Here faith's foundations all the foul employ With springing graces, springing beams of joy; Then paus'd the voice, where nature is feen to pat And for a time suspend her ancient-laws.

From hence arising as the glories rise, That must advance above the lofty skies, He runs with forightly fingers o'er the lyre, And fills new fongs with new celestial fire: In which he shews, by fair description's ray, The Christ's ascension to the realms of day: . When Justice, pleas'd with life already paid, Unbends her brows, and sheaths her angry blade; And meditates rewards, and will restore What Mercy woo'd him, to forfake before. When on a cloud, with gilded edge of light, He rose above the reach of human fight, .. And met the pomp that hung aloft in air, 'To make his honours more exceeding fair. See, cries the Prophet, how the chariots wait To bear him upwards, in triumphant state. By twenty thousands in unnumber'd throng, 'And Angels draw the glittering ranks along. The Lord amongst them sits in glory dress'd, Nor more the Presence, Sinai Mount confest. And now the chariots have begun to fly, The triumph moves, the Lord afcends on high, And Sin and Satan, us'd to captive men, Are dragg'd for captives in his ample train; While, as he goes, feraphic circles fing The wondrous conquest of their wondrous king ; With shouts of joy their heavenly voices raise, And with shrill trumpets manifest his praise; From such a point of such exceeding height, A while my verses stoop their airy flight,

And feem for rest on Olivet to breathe,
And charge the two that stand in white beneath;
That as they move, and join the moving rear
Within their honour'd hands, alost they bear
The crown of thorns, the cross on which he dy'd,
The nails that pierc'd his limbs, the spear his side;
Then, where kind Mercy lays the thunder by,
Where Peace has hung great Michael's arms on high
Let these adorn his magazine above,
And hang the trophies of victorious love;
Lest man, by superstitious mind entic'd,
Should idolize whatever touch'd the Christ.

But still the Prophet in the spirit soars To new Jerusalem's imperial doors; There fees and hears the blefs'd angelic throng, There feels their music, and records their fong: Or, with the vision warm'd, attempts to write, For those inhabitants of native light, And teaches harmony's diftinguish'd parts, In sweet respondence of united hearts; For thus without might warbling angels fing, Their course containing on the flutter'd wing, Eternal gates! your stately portals rear, Eternal gates! your ways of joy prepare; The King of Glory for admittance stays; He comes, he 'll enter, O prepare your ways; Then bright arch-angels, that attend the wall, Might thus upon the beauteous order call; Ye fellow-ministers, that now proclaim . Your King of Glory, tell his awful name.

At which the beauteous order will accord, And found of folemn notes pronounce the Lord: The Lord endued with strength, renown'd for might, With spoils returning from the finish'd fight. Again with Lays they charm the facred gates, And graces double, while the fong repeats; Again within the facred guardians fing, And ask the name of their victorious king : And then again, the Lord 's the name rebounds From tongue to tongue, catch'd up in frequent rounds.

New thrones and powers appear to lift the gate, And David still pursues their enter'd state. Oh, prophet! father! whither would'ft thou fly? Oh, mystic Israel's chariot for the sky; Thou, facred spirit! what a wondrous height, By thee supported, soars his airy flight! For glimple of Majesty divine is brought, Among the shifted prospects of the thought: Dread, facred fight! I dare not gaze for fear, But fit beneath the finger's feet, and hear; And hold each found that interrupts the mind, Thus in a calm by power of verse confin'd.

Ye dreadful ministers of God, displeas'd, In blasting tempests be no longer rais'd! Ye deep-mouth'd thunders, leave your direful groan, Nor roll in hollow clouds around the throne. The fill small voice more justly will express How great Jehovah did the Lord address. And you bright-feather'd choirs of endless peace, A while from tuneful Hallelujahs cease; A while

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A while stand fix'd, with deep attentive care. You'll have the time to fing for ever there. The royal Prophet will the filence break, And in his words Almighty goodness speak. He spake (and smil'd to see the business done,). Thou art my first, my great begotten Son; Here on the right of Majesty sit down, Enjoy thy conquest, and receive thy Crown,. While I thy worship and renown compleat, And make thy foes the foot-stool of thy feet; For I'll pronounce the long-refolved decree, My facred Sion be referv'd for thee. From thence thy peaceful rod of power extend, . From thence thy Messenger of Mercy send. And teach thy vanquish'd enemies to bow, And rule where Hell has fix'd an empire now. Then ready nations to their rightful king The free-will offerings of their hearts shall bring. In holy beauties for acceptance drefs'd, And ready nations be with pardon bles'd; Meanwhile thy dawn of truth begins the day, . Enlighten'd fubjects shall encrease the sway; With fuch a splendid and unnumber'd train, As dews in morning fill the graffy plain. This by myself I swore; the great intent. Has past my fanction, and I can't repent: Thou art a king, and priest of peace below, Lik e Salem's monarch, and for ever fo. Ask what thou wilt, 'tis thine the Gentiles' claim For thy possession take, the world's extreme. \boldsymbol{T} s shall rage, the parties strive in vain, uting rage, to break thy reign; my Christ, and they that still can be s subjects be destroy'd by thee. ke the Potter, to severe decay, thless creatures, found in humble clay; ir, ye monarchs, and ye judges hear, rith trembling, ferve the Lord with fear ; nmands with figns of homage move, the gracious offers of his love: . perish if his anger flame, they be bleft'd that blefs his name. es the Christ in David's anthems shine. il magnificence cf art divine; his subjects gifts of grace bestow, ad his image on their hearts below : our earthly kings receive the globe, ed unction, and the purple robe, me the throne with golden glory crown die tter medals of themselves around asenty lingers clap their vary'd wings. The choir of all created things. m glory's everlasting prime, continued with the length of time; re the fun shall dart a gilded beam, ing moons diffuse the filver'd gleam ; 'er the waves of rolling ocean fent, is land with arms of wide extent. Il of mercy: ready nations cry! , for ever, ever bles'd on high! , for ever on thy beauteous throne! "d that workest wondrous things alone!" Still let thy glory to the world appear, And all the riches of thy goodness hear.

But thou, fair church, in whom he fixes love, Thou queen accepted of the Prince above: Behold him, fairer than the sons of men: Embrace his offer'd heart, and share his reign: In Mofes' laws they bred thy tender years: But now to new commands incline thine ears, Forget thy people, bear no more in mind Thy father's houshold, for thy spouse is kind. Within thy foul let vain affections die, Him only worship, and with him comply. So shall thy spouse's heart with thine agree, So shall his fervour still encrease for thee. Come, while he calls, fupremely-favour'd queen In heavenly glories dress thy foul within; With pious actions to the throne be brought; In close connection of the virtues wrought a Let these around thee for a garment shine, And be the work to make them pleasing thine : Come, lovely queen, advance with stately ports Thy good companions shall compleat thy coatt, With joyful fouls their joyful entrance fing, And fill the palace of your gracious king; What though thy Moses and the prophets cease, What though the priesthood leaves the settled race, The father's place their offspring well supplies, . When at thy spouse's ministry they rise; When thy blefs'd houshold on his orders go, . And rule for him where-e'er he reigns below.

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e, Queen exalted, come; my lafting fong future ages shall thy fame prolong. joyful nations shall thy praise proclaim, , for their fafety, crowd beneath thy name. bounteous Saviour ! flil thy mercy kind, what thy David fung thy fervants find; what thy David fung thy servants see, thee fent down, and fent again to thee. , see the words of Thanks, and Love divine, rains mysterious intermingled shine, weet and rich unite in costly waves, n purling gold the purpled webb receives; still the church he shadow'd hears the lays, tily fervice, as an aid to praise. rese her temper good Devotion warms, mounts aloft with more engaging charms: i, us the strives to reach the lofty sky, Gratitude affift her will to fly; ese our gratitude becomes on fire, I feels its flames improv'd by ftrong defire; i feels defire in eager wishes move. wish determine in the point of love. ch hymns to regulate, and fuch to raife, oach, ye founding instruments of praise: fit you tune for him whose holy love, ish aspiring to the choir above, fond to practife ere his time to go, utly call'd you to the choir below; e, where he plac'd you, with your folemn found, Fod's high glory, fill the facred ground.

And there, and every-where, his wondrous name Within his firmament of power proclaim. Soft pleasing lutes with easy sweetness move. To touch the fentiments of heavenly love: Affift the lyre and voice; so tell the charms That gently fole him from the father's arms; Gay trembling timbrels, us'd with airs of mirth, Assist the loud Hosannah rais'd on earth; When on an ass he meekly rides along, And multitudes are heard within the fong. Full-tenor'd Pfaltery join the doleful part, In which his agony possest his heart; And feem to feel thyfelf, and feem to shew. A rising heaviness and signs of woe. Sonorous organ, at his passion moan, And utter forth thy sympathizing groan, In big flow murmurs anxious forrow speak, While melancholy winds thine entrails shake. As when he fuffer'd, with complaining found, The storms in vaulted caverns shook the ground; Swift chearful cymbals give an airy strain, When, having bravely broke the doubled chain Of Death and Hell, he left the conquer'd grave, And rose to visit those he dy'd to save, And as he mounts in fong and Angels fing, With grand procession their returning king, Triumphant trumpets raise their notes on high. And make them feem to mount, and feem to fly, Then all at once conspire to praise the Lord. In Mulick's full confent, and just accord:

e fons of Art, in such melodious way, conclude the service which you join to pay, While nations sing Amen, and yet again Hold forth the note, and sing aloud Amen.

Here has my fancy gone where David leads, Now foftly pacing o'er the graffy meads; Now nobly mounting where the monarchs rear. The gilded spires of palaces in air; Now shooting thence, upon the level slight, To dreadful dangers and the toils of sight, Anon with utmost stretch ascending far, Beyond the region of the farthest star; As sharpest-sighted eagles towering sty, At length on wings half-clos'd slide gently down, And one attempt shall all my labours crown. In others, verse the rest be better shewn, But this is more, or should be more, thine own.

If then the spirit that supports my lines Have prov'd unequal to my large designs, Let others rise from earthly passion's dream, By me provok'd to vindicate the theme. Let others round the world in rapture rove, Or with strong feathers fan the breeze above. Or walk the dusky shades of death, and dive Down hell's abys, and mount again alive. But, Oh, my God! may these unartful rhymes. In sober words of wee bemoan my crimes. Tis fit the forrows I for ever vent. For what I never can enough reports.

'Tis fit, and David shews the moving way,
And with his prayer instructs my soul to pray.
Then, since thy guilt is more than match'd by ms,
And since my troubles should with thine agree,
O Muse, to glories in affliction born!
May thy humility my soul adorn.
For humblest prayers are most affecting strains,
As mines lye rich in lowly planted veins;
Such aid I want, to render mercy kind,
And such an aid as here I want, I sind:
Thy weeping accents in my numbers run,
Ah, thought! ah, voice of inward dole begun!

My God, whose anger is appear'd by tears, Bow gently down thy mercy's gracious ears; With many tongues my fins for justice call, But Mercy's ears are manifold for all. Those sweet celestial windows open wide. And in full streams let soft compassion glide; There wash my soul, and cleanse it yet again. O throughly cleanse it from the guilty stain; For I my life with inward anguish see, And all its wretchedness confess to thee. The large indictment stands before my view, Drawn fouth by conscience, most amazing true; And fill'd with secrets hid from human eye, When, foolish man, thy God Rood witness by. Then, oh, thou majesty divinely great, Accept the fad confessions I repeat, Which clear thy justice to the world below, Should dismal sentence doom my soul to woe. ø.

When in the filent womb my shape was made, And from the womb to lightfome life convey'd. Jurs'd fin began to take unhappy root, and through my veins its early fibres shoot; and then, what goodness didst thou shew, to kill The rifing weeds, and principles of ill; When to my breast, in fair celestial flame, ternal Truth and lovely Wisdom came, right gift, by simple Nature never got, ut here reveal'd to change the ancient blot. his wondrous help which Mercy pleas'd to grant, ontinue still, for still thine aid I want ; and, as the men whom leprofies invade, r they that touch the carcase of the dead, Vith hystop sprinkled, and by water clean'd, heir former pureness in the law regain'd: purge my foul, difeas'd, alas! within, .ndmuch polluted with dead works of fin. or fuch bless'd favours at thine hand I sue. e grace thine hyssop, and thy water too. hen shall my whiteness for perfection vie lith blanching snows that newly leave the sky. hus, through my mind, thy voice of gladness send, hus speak the joyful word, I will be clean'd; hat all my strength, consum'd with mournful pain, lay, by thy faving health, rejoice again: nd now no more my foul offences fee, turn from these, but turn thee not from me; r, lest they make me too deform'd a sight, blot them with Oblivion's endless night.

Then further pureness to thy servant grant, Another heart, or change in this, I want, Create another, or the change create, For now my vile corruption is fo great, It feems a new creation to restore Its fall'n estate to what it was before. Renew my spirit, raging in my breast, And all its passions in their course arrest; Or turn their motions, widely gone aftray, And fix their footsteps in thy righteous way; When this is granted, when again I 'm whole, Oh ne'er withdraw thy presence from my soul: There let it shine, so let me be restor'd To present joy, which conscious hopes afford. There let it sweetly shine, and o'er my breast, Diffuse the dawning of eternal rest; Then shall the wicked this compassion see, And learn thy worship, and thy works, from me For I, to such occasions of thy praise, Will tune my leve, and confecrate my lays. Unseal my lips, where guilt and shame have hun To stop the passage of my grateful tongue, And let my prayer and fong ascend, my prayer Here join'd with faints, my fong with angels the Yet neither prayer I'd give, nor fongs alone. If either offerings were as much thy own: But thine 's the contrite spirit, thine 's an heart Oppress'd with forrow, broke with inward smart That at thy foothool in confession shews, How well its faults, how well the judge it knows

That fin with fober resolution flies,
This gift thy mercy never will despise.
Then in my soul a mystic altar rear,
And such a sacrifice I 'll offer there.
There shall it stand, in vows of virtue bound,
There falling tears shall wash it all around;
And sharp remorse, yet sharper edg'd by woe,
Deserv'd and fear'd, instict the bleeding blow;
There shall my thoughts to holy breathings sty,
Instead of incense, to perfume the sky,
And thence my willing heart aspires above,
A yistim panting in the stames of love.

SOLOMO.N.

AS through the Pfalms, from theme to theme, I chang'd,

Methinks like Eve in Paradise I rang'd;
And every grace of song I seem'd to see,
As the gay pride of every season she;
She, gently treading all the walks around,
Admir'd the springing beauties of the ground,
The lily, glistering with the morning dew,
The rose in red, the violet in blue,
The pink in pale, the bells in purple rows,
And tulips colour'd in a thousand shows:
Then here and there perhaps she pull'd a flower,
To strew with moss, and paint her leasy bower;
And here and there, like her, I went along,
Chose a bright strain, and bid it deck my song.

But now the facred Singer leaves mine eye, Crown'd as he was, I think he mounts on high; Ere this devotion bore his heavenly Pfalms, And now himself bears up his harp and palms. Go, saint triumphant, leave the changing sight, So fitted out, you suit the realms of light; But let thy glorious robe at parting go, Those realms have robes of more effulgent show; It flies, it falls, the fluttering silk I see; Thy son has caught it, and he sings like thee, With such election of a theme divine, And such sweet grace, as conquers all but thine.

Hence every writer o'er the fabled streams. Where frolic fancies sport with idle dreams; Or round the fight enchanted clouds dispose, Whence wanton Cupids shoot with gilded bows, A nobler writer, strains more brightly wrought, Themes more exalted, fill my wondering thought: The parted fkies are track'd with flames above. As love descends to meet ascending love; The seasons flourish where the spouses meet, And earth in gardens spreads beneath their feet; This fresh-bloom prospect in the bosom throngs, When Solomon begins his fong of fongs, Bids the wrapt foul to Lebanon repair, And lays the scene of all his actions there; Where as he wrote, and from the bower furvey'd The stenting groves, or answering knots he made, His facred art the fights of nature brings, Beyond their use, to figure heavenly things.

Great Son of God! whose gospel pleas'd to throw Round thy rich glory veils of earthly show; Who made the vineyard oft thy church design, Who made the marriage-feast a type of thine; Assist my verses, which attempt to trace The shadow'd beauties of celestial grace, And with illapses of seraphic sire The work which pleas'd thee once, once more inspire.

Look, or Illusion's airy visions draw, Or now I walk the gardens which I saw, Where filver waters feed a flowering spring, And winds falute it with a balmy wing. There, on a bank, whose shades directly rise, To screen the sun, and not exclude the skies, There sits the sacred church; methinks I view The spouse's aspect, and her ensigns too. Her face has features where the Virtues reign, Her hands the book of facred Love contain, A light (Truth's emblem) on her bosom shines, And at her fide the meekest lamb reclines : And oft on heavenly lectures in the book, And oft on heaven itself she casts a look. Sweet, humble, fervent zeal, that works within, At length burfts forth, and raptures thus begin:

Let Him, that Him my foul adores above, In close communious breathe his holy love; For these bless'd words his pleasing lips impart, Beyond all cordials, chear the fainting heart. As rich and sweet the precious sintments tream, Souich thy graces flow, so sweet thy name

Diffuses sacred joy; 'tis hence we find Affection rais'd in every virgin mind; For this we come, the daughters here, and I, Still draw we forward, and behold I fly; I fly through mercy, when my king invites, To tread his chambers of fincere delights; There, join'd by mystic union, I rejoice, Exalt my temper, and enlarge my voice, And celebrate thy joys, supremely more Than earthly bliss; thus upright hearts adore. Nor you, ye maids, who breathe of Salem's air, Nor you refuse that I conduct you there; Though clouding darkness hath eclips'd my face, Dark as I am, I shine with beams of grace, As the black tents, where Ishmael's line abides, With glittering trophies dress their inward sides; Or as thy curtains, Solomon, are feen, Whose plaits conceal a golden throne within. 'Twere wrong to judge me by the carnal fight, And yet my visage was by nature white; But fiery funs, which perfecute the meek, Found me abroad, and fcorch'd my rofy cheek. The world, my brethren, they were angry grown, They made me dress a vineyard not my own, Among their rites (their vines) I learn'd to dwell, And in the mean-employ my beauty fell; By frailty loft, I gave my labour o'er, And my own vineyard grew deform'd the more. Behold I turn; O fay, my foul's desire, Where dost thou feed thy flock, and where retire

To rest that slock, when noon-tide heats arise? Shepherd of Israel, teach my dubious eyes To guide me right; for why should thine abide Where wandering shepherds turn their slocks aside?

So spake the church, and figh'd: a purple light Sprung forth, the Godhead flood reveal'd to fight, And heaven and nature finil'd; as white as fnow His feamless vesture loosely fell below: Sedate and pleas'd, he nodded; round his head The pointed glory shook, and thus he said: If thou, the loveliest of the beauteous kind, If thou canst want thy shepherd's walk to find, Go by the foot-steps where my flocks have trod, My faints, obedient to the laws of God; Go, where their tents my teaching fervants rear, And feed the kids, thy young believers there. Should thus my flocks increase, my fair delight, I view their numbers, and compare the fight To Pharaoh's horses when they take the field, Beat plains to dust, and make the nations yield. With rows of gems thy comely cheeks I deck, And chains of pendant gold o'erflow thy neck, For so like gems the riches of my grace, And so descending glory, chears thy face: Gay bridal robes a flowering filver strows, Bright gold engrailing on the border glows.

He spake; the spouse admiring heard the sound, Then, meekly bending on the sacred ground, She cries, Oh present to my ravish'd breast, This sweet communion is an inward seast,

There

There fits the king, while all around our heads. His grace, my spikenard, pleasing odours sheds. About my soul, his holy comfort slies; So closely treasur'd in the bosom lies. The bundled myrrh, so sweet the scented gale Breathes all En-gedi's aromatic vale.

Now, says the king, my love, I see thee fair, Thine eyes, for mildness, with the dove's compare-

No, thou, belov'd, art fair, the church replics, (Since all my beauties but from thee arise;)
All fair, all pleasant, these communions shew
Thy counsels pleasant, and thy comforts so.
And as at marriage feasts they strow the slowers,
With nuptial chaplets hang the summer bowers,
And make the rooms of smelling cedars sine,
Where the fond bridegroom and the bride recline;
I dress my soul with such exceeding care,
With such, with more, to court thy presence there.

Well hast thou prais'd, he says; the Sharon rose Through flowery fields a pleasing odour throws, The valley lilies ravish'd sense regale,
And with pure whiteness paint their humble vale:
Such names of sweetness are thy lover 's due,
And thou, my love, be thou a lily too,
A lily set in thorns; for all I see,
All other daughters, are as thorns to thee.

Then she; the trees that pleasing apples yield,. Surpass the barren trees that cloath the field; So you surpass the sons with worth divine, So shade, and fruit as well as shade, is thine. 73:1

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<u>نوبا</u>

me down, and faw thy branches spread, green protection flourish o'er my head; thy fruit, the foul's celestial food, I'd, I tasted, and I found it good. e in the spirit to the blissful seats, e Love, to feast, mysteriously retreats; d me forth; I saw the banner rear, love was pencil'd for the motto there. iets and teachers in your care combine, me with apples, comfort me with wine, cordial promifes of joys above, ope deferr'd has made me fick with love. while my tongue reveals my fond defire, ands support me, lest my life expire; und a child the parent's arms are plac'd, holds the head, and that enfolds the waik. re ceas'd the church, and lean'd her languid head, down with joy; when thus the lover faid, d, ye daughters of the realm of peace, eeps, at least her thoughts of forrow cease. by the bounding roes, the skipping fawns, the cool brooks, or o'er the graffy lawns, I the tender innocents that rove. hourly charges, in my facred grove, d the dear charge from each approach of ill, ild not have her wake but when the will. rest the church and spouse: my verses so ar to languish with the flaines you shew, pausing rest; but not the pause be long, all thy Solomon purfues the fong.

 Zp_c

Then keep the place in view; let sweets more rare. Than earth produces fill the purpled air; Let something solemn overspread the green, Which seems to tell us, Here the Lord has been! But let the virgin still in prospect shine, And other strains of her's enliven mine. She wakes, she rises: bid the whispering breeze More softly whisper in the waving trees, Or fall with silent awe; bid all around, Before the church's voice, abate their sound; While thus her shadowy strains attempt to shew A suture advent of the spouse below:

Hark! my beloved's voice! behold him too!
Behold him coming in the distant view:
No clambering mountains make my lover stay,
(For what are mountains in a lover's way?)
Leaping he come, how like the nimble roe
He runs the paths his prophets us'd to show!
And now he looks from yon partition-wall,
Built till he comes—'tis only then to fall,
And now he's nearer in the promise seen,
Too faint the sight—'tis with a glass between;
From hence I hear him as a lover speak,
Who near a window calls a fair to wake.

Attend, ye virgins, while the words that trace-An opening firing defign the day of grace.

Hark! or I dream, or else I hear him fay,

Arise, my love; my fair-one; come away;

For now the tempests of thy winter end,

Thick rains no more in heavy drops descend;

Sweet painted flowers their filken leaves unclose, And drefs the face of earth with varied shows; In the green wood the finging birds renew, Their chirping notes, the filver turtles coo: The trees that yield the fig already shoot, And knit their bloffoms for their early fruit; With fragrant scents the vines refresh the day, Arise, my love; my fair-one, come away. O come, my dove, forfake thy close retreat, For close in safety hast thou fix'd thy seat, As fearful pigeons in dark clefts abide, And fafe the clefts their tender charges hide. Now let thy looks with modest guise appear, Now let thy voice falute my longing ear, For in thy looks an humble mind I fee, Prayer forms thy voice, and both are fweet to me. To lave the bloomings of my vineyard, hafte, Which foxes (false deluding teachers) waste; Watch well their haunts, and catch the foxes there, Our grapes are tender, and demand thy care. Thus speaks my love: surprizing love divine! I thus am his, he thus for ever mine. And, till he comes, I find a presence still, Where fouls attentive ferve his holy will; Where down in vales unspotted lilies grow, White types of innocence, in humble show. Oh, till the spicy breath of heavenly day, Till all thy shadows fleet before thy ray; Turn, my beloved, with thy comforts here, Turn in thy promise, in thy grace appear,

Nor let such swiftness in the roes be shown To save themselves, as thou to chear thine own; Turn like the nimble harts that lightly bound, Before the stretches of the sleetest hound; Skim the plain chace of lofty Bether's head, And make the mountain wonder if they tread.

But long expectance of a blifs delay'd Breeds anxious doubt, and tempts the facred maid; Then mifts arising strait repel the light, The colour'd garden lies disguis'd with night; A pale-horn'd creicent leads a glimmering throng, And groans of absence jar within the song.

By night, the cries, a night which blots the mind, I feek the lover, whom I fail to find: When on my couch compos'd to thought I lie. I fearch, and vainly fearch, with reason's eye; Rife, fondly rife, thy present search give o'er, And ask if others knew thy lover more. Dark as it is, I rise; the moon that shines-Shows by the gleam the city's outward lines : I range the wandering road, the winding street, And ask, but ask in vain, of all I meet, Till, toil'd with every difappointing place, My steps the guardians of the temple trace, Whom thus my wish accosts: Ye facred guides, Ye prophets, tell me where my love resides? 'Twas well I question'd, scarce I pass'd them by, Ere my rais'd foul perceives my lover nigh: And have I found thee, found my joy divine? How fast I'll hold thee, till I make thee mine!

My mother waits thee, thither thou repair, Long-waiting Israel wants thy presence there. The lover smiles to see the virgin's pain; The mists roll off, and quit the slowery plain;

Yes, there I come, he says, thy sorrow cease; And guard her, daughters of the realms of peace. By all the bounding roes and skipping fawns, Near the cool brooks, or o'er the grassy lawns; By all the tender innocents that rove, Your hourly charges, in my sacred grove: Guard the dear charge from each approach of ill, I 'il have her feel my comforts while she will.

Here, hand in hand, with chearful heart they go,. When wandering Salem sees the solemn show, Dreams the rich pomp of Solomon again, And thus her daughters fing th'approaching scene:

Who from the defert, where the waving clouds: High Sinai pierces, comes involv'd with crowds? For Sion's hill her fober pace she bends, As grateful incense from the dome ascends. It seems the sweets, from all Arabia shed, Curl at her side, and hover o'er her head. For her the king prepares a bed of state, Round the rich bed her guards in order wait, All mystic Israel's sons, 'tis there they quell. The foes within, the foes without repel. The guard his ministry, their swords of sight, His sacred laws, her present state of night. He forms a chariot too, to bring her there, Not the carv'd frame of Solomon so fair.

Sweet smells the chariot as the temple stood, The fragrant cedar lent them both the wood; High wreaths of silver'd columns prop the door, Fine gold engrail'd adorns the figur'd floor, Deep-fringing purple hangs the roof above, And silk embroidery paints the midst with love.

Go forth, ye daughters; Sion's daughters, go; A greater Solomon exalts the show,
If crown'd with gold, and by the queen bestow'd,
To grace his nuptials, Jacob's monarch rode;
A crown of glory from the King Divine,
To grace these nuptials, makes the Saviour shine;
While the bless'd pair express'd in emblem ride,
Messiah Solomon, his church the brides

Ye kind attendants, who, with wondering eyes, Saw the grand entry, what you faid fuffice;
You fung the lover with a loud acclaim,
The lover's fondness longs to fing the dame.
He speaks, admiring Nature stands around,
And learns new music, while it hears the sound.

Behold, my love, how fair thy beauties show,
Behold how more, how most extremely so!
How still to me thy constant eyes incline,
I see the turtle's when I gaze on thine;
Sweet through the lids they shine with modest care,
And sweet and modest is a virgin's air.
How bright thy locks! how well their number paint
The great assemblies of my lovely saints!
So bright the kids, so numerously sed,
Graze the green top of losty Gilead's head;

Il Gilead's head a fleecy whiteness clouds, nd the rich master glories in the crowds. How pure thy teeth! for equal order made, ach answering each, whilst all the publick aid; These lovely graces in my church I find, This candor, order, and accorded mind: Thus when the feafon bids the shepherd lave lis sheep new shorn within the crystal wave; Wash'd they return, in such unfully'd white, Thus march by pairs, and in the flock unite. How please thy lips adorn'd with native red! Art vainly mocks them in the scarlet thread ! But, if they part, what music wasts the air! so sweet thy praises, and so soft thy prayer. f through thy loosen'd curls, with honest shame. Thy lovely temples fine complexion flame, Whatever crimson granate blossoms show, Twas never theirs so much to please, and glow. But what 's thy neck, the polish'd form I see, Whose ivory strength supports thine eyes to me! Fair type of firmness, when my saints aspire The sacred confidence that lifts desire. As David's turret, on the stately frame, Upheld its thousand conquering shields of fame. And what thy breafts! they still demand my lays, What image wakes to charm me whilst I gaze! Two lovely mountains each exactly round, Two lovely mountains with the lily crown'd: While two twin roes, and each on either bred. Fred in the lilies of the mountain's head.

Let this resemblance spotless virtues show, And in such lilies feed my young below. But now, farewell, till night's dark shades decay. Farewell, my virgin, till the break of day; Swift for the hills of spice and gums I fly, To breathe such sweets as scent a purer sky; Yet, as I leave thee, still, above compare, My Love, my spotless, still I find thee fair.

Here reft, celestial maid; for if he go, Nor will he part, nor is the promise flow, Nor flow my fancy move; difpel the shade, ·Charm forth the morning, and relieve the maid. Arife, fair fun, the church attends to fee The fun of righteoulness arise in thee; Arise, fair sun; and bit the church adore; "Tis then he 'll court her, whom he prais'd before. As thus I fing, it shines; there seems a found Of plumes in air, and feet upon the ground: I fee their meeting, fee the flowery fcene, And hear the mystic love pursued again.

Now to the mount, whose spice perfumes the day, 'Tis I invite thee; come, my spouse, away; Come, leave thy Lebanon: is aught we fee In all thy Lebanon, compar'd to me? Nor tow'rd thy Canaan turn with wishful fight, From Hermon's, Sheniar's, and Amana's height; There dwells the leopard, there affaults the bear; This world has ills, and fuch may find thee there.

My spouse, my sister, O thy wondrous art, Which through my bosom drew my ravish'd heart!

n by one eye, my ravish'd heart is gone, all thy feeing guides confent as one. wn by one chain, which round thy body plies. all thy members one blefs'd union ties. focuse, my sister, O the charm to please. nen love repaid returns my bosom ease! ongly thy love, and strongly wines restore, t wines must yield, thy love enslames me more. eetly thine ointments (all thy virtues) fmell, t altar-tpices please thy king so well. w foft thy doctrine on thy lips resides! om those two combs the dropping honey glides,; I pure without, as all within fincere, neath thy tongue-I find it honey there. h, while thy graces thus around thee shine, he charms of Lebanon must yield to thine! is spring, his garden, every scented tree, y foouse, my sister, all I find in thee. hee, for myfelf, I fence, I shut, I seal; Lysterious spring, mysterious garden, hail! fpring, a font, where heavenly waters flow; grove, a garden, where the Graces grow. here rife my fruits, my cypress, and my fir, ly faffron, spikenard, cinnamon, and myrrh; erpetual fountains for their use abound, .nd streams of favour feed the living ground. Scarce spake the Christ, when thus the church replies And fpread her arms where-e'er the spirit flies): e cooling northern gales, who freshly shake Iy balmy reeds; ye northern gales, awake. SaA.

And thou the regent of the fouthern sky,
O fost inspiring, o'er my garden sly;
Unlock and wast my sweets, that every grace,
In all its heavenly life, regale the place.
If thus a paradise thy garden prove,
'Twere best prepar'd to entertain my love;
And, that the pleasing fruits may please the more,
O think my prosser was thy gift before.

At this, the Saviour cries, Behold me near, My spouse, my sister; O behold me here; To gather fruits, I come at thy request, And, pleas'd, my foul accepts the folemn feaft; "I gather myrrh, with spice to scent the treat, . My virgin-honey with the combs I eat; 31 drink my fweetening milk, my lively wine . (These words of pleasure mean thy gifts divine); To share my bliss, my good elect I call, The church (my garden) must include them all; Now fit and banquet; now, belov'd, you fee What gifts I love, and prove these fruits with me; · O might this fweet communion ever last! But with the fun the sweet communion past. The Saviour parts, and on Oblivion's breaft Benumb'd and slumbering lies the church to rest, Pass the sweet alleys while the dusk abides, Seek the fair lodge in which the maid refides; Then, Fancy, feek the maid at night again, The Christ will come, but comes, alas, in vain. I fleep, she says, and yet my heart awakes (There's still some feeling while the lover speaks);

With what fond fervor from without he cries, Arife, my love; my undefil'd, arife!

My dove, my fifter, cold the dews alight,

And fill my treffes with the drops of night;

Alas, I 'm all unrob'd, I wash'd my feet,

tasted slumber, and I find it sweet.

As thus my words refuse, he slips his hands Where the clos'd latch my cruel door commands; Vhat, though deny'd, so persevering kind! Vho long denies a persevering mind? rom my wak'd foul my flothful temper flies, ly bowels yearn; I rife, my love, I rife; find the latch thy fingers touch'd before, 'hy smelling myrrh comes dropping off the door. ow, where 's my love? - what! hast thou left the place? , to my foul repeat thy words of grace! reak in the dark, my love; I feek thee round, . nd vainly feek thee, till thou wilt be found. /hat, no return? I own my folly past, lay too liftless; speak, my love, at last. he guards have found me-are ye guards indeed, The fmite the fad, who make the feeble bleed? ividing teachers, these; who wrong my name, end my long veil, and cast me bare to shame. ut you, ye daughters of the realm of rest, ever pity mov'd a virgin-breaft, ell my belov'd how languishing I lie, ow love has brought me near the point to die. And what belov'd is this you would have found? ly Salem's daughters, as they flock'd around?

'What wondrous thing? what charm beyond compare Say, what 's thy lover, fairest o'er the fair? His face is white and ruddy, the replies, So mercy, join'd to justice, tempers dies; .His lofty stature, where a myriad shine, O'ertops, and speaks a majesty divine. Fair honour crowns his head, the raven-black. In bushy curlings, flows adown his back : : Sparkling his eyes, with full proportion plac'd, White like the milk, and with a mildness grac'd; As the fweet doves, whene'er they fondly play By running waters in a glittering day. Within his breath what pleasing sweetness grows? 'Tis spice exhal'd, and mingled on the rose. Within his words what grace with goodness meets! So beds of lilies drop with balmy fweets. What rings of eastern price his fingers hold! Gold decks the fingers, beryl decks the gold! His ivory shape adorns a costly vest, Work paints the skirts, and gems inrich the break; His limbs beneath, his shining sandals case Like marble columns on a golden base.

Nor boasts, that mountain, where the cedar-tree Perfumes our realm, such numerous sweets as he. O, lovely all! what could my king require To make his presence more the world's desire? And now, ye maids, if such a friend you know, 'Tis such my longings look to find below.

While thus her friend the spouse's anthems sing, Deck'd with the thummim, crown'd a sacred king; The Daughters' hearts the fine description drew, And that which rais'd their wonder, ask'd their view.

Then where, they cry, thou fairest o'er the fair, Where goes thy lover? Tell the virgins where. What flowering walks invite his steps aside? We'll help to seek him, let those walks be try'd.

The spouse revolving here the grand descent,
'Twas that he promis'd, there, she cries, he went;
He keeps a garden where the spices breathe,
Its bowering borders kiss the vale beneath;
'Tis there he gathers lilies, there he dwells,
And binds his flowerets to unite their smells.
O, 'tis my height of love that I am his!
O, he is mine, and that 's my height of bliss!
Descend, my virgins; well I know the place,
He feeds in lilies, that 's a spotlers race.

At dawning day the bridegroom leaves a bower,
And here he waters, there he props a flower,
When the kind damfel, fpring of heavenly flame,
With Salem's daughters to the garden came.
Then thus his love the bridgroom's words repeat
(The finelling borders lent them both a feat):
O, great as Tirzah! 'twas a regal place,
O, fair as Salem! 'tis the realm of peace;
Whose aspect, awful to the wondering eye,
Appears like armies when the banners fly;
O turn, my sister, O my beauteous bride,
Thy face o'ercomes me, turn that face aside;
How bright thy locks, how well their number paints
The great assemblies of my lovely saints!

So bright the kids, so numerously fed, Graze the green wealth of lofty Gilead's head. How pure thy teeth ! for equal order made, Each answering each, while all the publick aid; As when the season bids the shepherd lave His sheep new shorn within the silver wave: Wash'd, they return in such unfully'd white, So march by pairs, and in the flock unite. How fweet thy temples! not pomegranates know, With equal modest look, to please and glow. If Solomon his life of pleasure leads, With wives in numbers, and unnumber'd maids, In other paths, my life of pleasure shown, Admits, my love, my undefil'd alone. Thy mother, Israel, the the dame who bore Her choice, my dove, my spotless, owns no more; The Gentile queens, at thy appearance, cry, Hail, queen of nations! hail, the maids reply; And thus they fing thy praise: what heavenly dame Springs like the morning, with a purple flame? What rifes like the morn with filver light? What, like the fun, affifts the world with fight? Yet awful still, though thus serenely kind, Like hofts with enfigns rattling in the wind? I grant I left thy fight, I feem'd to go, But was I absent when you fancy'd so? Down to my garden, all my planted vale, Where nuts their ground in underwood conceal; Where blown pomegranates, there I went to fee What knitting bloffoms white the bearing tree:

the green buds, recall the wandering shoots, I my gay flowerets, taste my flavour'd fruits; : the curl'd vine, refresh the spicy beds, joy for every grace my garden sheds. ne Saviour here, and here the church arise, am I thus respected, thus she cries! unt for heaven, transported on the winds, lying chariot's drawn by willing minds. , rapt with comfort, thus the maid withdrew, waiting daughters wonder'd where the flew; O! return, they cry, for thee we burn, uid of Salem; Salem's self return. what 's in Salem's maid we covet so? , all ye nations-'tis your blis below; : glorious vision, by the patriarch seen, n sky-born beauties march'd the scented green; e the met faints and meeting angels came, lamps of God, Mahanaim was the name. gain the maid reviews her facred ground; nn she sits, the damsels sing around. , prince's daughter! how, with shining show, golden shoes prepare thy feet below ! firm thy joints! what temple-work can be, all its gems and art, preferr'd to thee? ee, to feed thy lover's faithful race, flow the riches of abounding grace; , large, refreshing, as the waters fall the cary'd navels of the cistern-wall. ee the lover finds his race divine. teem with numbers, they with virtues shine;

So wheat with lilies, if their heaps unite, The wheat's unnumber'd, and the lilies white: Like tender roes, thy breafts appear above, Two types of innocence, and twins of love. Like ivory-turrets feems thy neck to rear, O, facred emblem, upright, firm, and fair! As Heshbon-pools, which, with a silver-state, Diffuse their waters at their city-gate, For ever fo thy virgin eyes remain, So clear within, and so without serene. As through sweet fir the royal turret shows, Whence Lebanon furveys a realm of foes: So through thy lovely curls appear thy face, To watch thy foes, and guard thy faithful race. The richest colours flowery Carmel wears, Red fillets, crofs'd with purple, braid thy hairs; Yet, not more strictly these thy locks restrain, Than thou thy king, with ftrong affection's chain; When from his palace he enjoys thy fight, O love, O beauty, form'd for all delight! Strait is thy goodly stature, firm, and high, As palms aspiring in the brighter sky; Thy breafts the cluster (if those breafts we view, As late for beauty, now for profit too). Woo'd to thine arms, those arms that oft extend, In the kind posture of a waiting friend; Each maid of Salem cries, I'll mount the tree, Hold the broad branches, and depend on thee. O, more than grapes, thy fruit delights the maids, Thy pleasing breath excels the citron shades:

Thy month exceeds rich wine, the words that go From those sweet lips with more refreshment flow; Their powerful graces slumbering souls awake, And cause the dead, that hear thy voice, to speak.

This anthem fung, the glorious spouse arose, Yet thus instructs the daughters ere she goes. If aught, my damsels, in the spouse ye find. Deserving praises, think the lover kind:

To my belov'd these marriage-robes I owe, I'm his desire, and he would have it so.

Scarce spake the spouse, but see the lover near! Her humble temper brought the Presence here; Then, rais'd by grace, and strongly warm'd by love, No fecond languor lets her Lord remove; She flies to meet him, zeal supplies the wings, And thus her hafte to work his will she sings: Come, my beloved, to the fields repair, Come, where another spot demands our care; There in the village we'll to rest recline, Mean as it is, I try to make it thine. When the first rays their chearing crimson shed). We'll rife betimes to fee the vineyard spread;. See vines luxuriant-verdur'd leaves display, Supporting tendrils curling all the way. See young unpurpled grapes in clusters grow, And fmell pomegranate-bloffoms as they blow; There will I give my loves, employ my care, And, as my labours thrive, approve me there: Scarce have we pass'd my gate, the scent we meet, My covering jamines now diffuse their sweet s.

My spicy flowerets, mingled as they fly, With doubling odours croud a balmy sky. Now all the fruits, which crown the season, view, These nearer fruits are old, and those are new; And there, and all of every loaded tree, My love, I gather, and referve for thee. If then thy spouse's labour please thee well, Oh! like my brethren, with thy Sister dwell; No blameless maid, whose fond caresses meet An infant-brother in the public street, Clings to its lips with less reserve than I Would hang on thine, where'er I found thee nigh: No shame would make me from thy side remove, No danger make me not confess thy love. Strait to my mother's house, thine Israel she (And thou my monarch wouldst arrive with me); 'Tis there I'd lead thee, where I mean to stay, Till thou, by her, instruct my soul to pray; There shalt thou prove my virtues, drink my wine, And feel my joy, to find me wholly thine. Oh! while my foul were fick, through fond defire, Thine hands should hold me lest my life expire; As round a child the parents' arms are plac'd, This holds the head, and that enfolds the waist.

So cast thy cares on me, the lover cry'd, Lean to my bosom, lean, my lovely bride; And now, ye caughters of the realm of bliss, Let nothing discompose a love like this; But guard her rest from each approach of ill; I caus'd her languor, guard her while she will. Here pause the lines, but soon the lines renew,
Once more the pair celestial come to view;
Ah! seek them once, my ravish'd fancy, more,
And then thy songs of Solomon are o'er:
By yon green bank pursue their orb of light,
The sun shines out, but shines not half so bright.
See Salem's maids, in white, attend the King,
They greet the spouses—hark, to what they sing.

Who, from the defert, where the wandering clouds High Sinai pierces, comes involv'd with crowds? 'Tis she, the spouse! Oh! favour'd o'er the rest! Who walks reclin'd by such a lover's breast.

The spouse, rejoicing, heard the kind salute, And thus address'd him-all the rest were mute. Beneath the law, our goodly parent tree, I went, my much-belov'd, in search of thee; For thee, like one in pangs of travail, strove; Hence, none may wonder, if I gain thy love. As feals their pictures to the wax impart, So let my picture stamp thy gentle heart; As fix'd the fignets on our hands remain, So fix me thine, and ne'er to part again; For Love is strong as Death, whene'er they strike, Alike imperious, vainly check'd alike; But dread to loofe, love, mix'd with jealous dread ! As foon the marble tomb refigns the dead. Its fatal arrows fiery-pointed fall, The fire intense, and thine the most of all: To flack the points no chilling floods are found, Nay, should afflictions roll like floods around,

Were wealth of nations offer'd, all would prove. Too small a danger, or a price for love. If then with love this world of worth agree. With foft regard our little fifter fee; How far unapt, as yet, like maids that own No breafts at all, or breafts but hardly grown; Her part of. Proselyte is scarce a part, Too much a Gentile at her erring heart; Her day draws nearer; what have we to do, Lest she be ask'd, and prove unworthy too? Despair not, spouse, he cries; we'll find the means,. Her good beginnings ask the greater pains. Let her but stand, she thrives; a wall too low Is not rejected for the standing so; What falls is only loft, we'll build her high; Till the rich palace glitters in the fky. The door that's weak (what need we spare the cost?) If 'tis a door, we need not think it loft; The leaves she brings us, if those leaves be good, We 'lliclose in cedar's uncorrupting wood.

Wrapt with the news, the spouse converts her eyes, And, oh! companions to the maids, she cries, What joys are ours, to hail the nuptial day, Which calls our siter!—Hark, I hear her say, Yes, I'm a wall; lo! she that boasted none, Now boasts of breasts unmeasurably grown; Large towery buildings, where securely rests. A thousand thousand of my lover's guests; The vast increase affords his heart delight, And I find sever in his heavenly sight.

r here, to make her rapture laft. ds affurance to the promise past. ious vine-yard, in Baal-Hamon vale, age fet, by Solomon, to fale, ers took; and every keeper paid and purses for the gains he made. e a vintage too; his vintage bleeds ncrease, but my return exceeds. mon receive his keeper's pay, his thousand, their two hundred they ; mine own, 'tis in my presence still, Il increase the more, the more she will. , my vineyard, oh the future shoots ill my garden-rows with facred fruits! : listening maids attend thy voice, heir listening saw their eyes rejoice; secess thy words of comfort met, n to me-'tis I would hear thee yet. re, and spotless, for I must away, use, and fister, all you wish to say. ;; the place was bright with lambent fire, at is brightness, if the Christ retire?). rdering purple mark'd his road in air, beling all, the spouse address'd the prayer : of nations! if thou must be gone,. our wishes, all compriz'd in one; t thine advent ! Oh, we long to see ny fifter, both as one, in thee. ave thy heaven, and come and dwell below a d I leave?-'tis heaven where-e'er you go. esheH

Haste, my belov'd, thy promise haste to crown, The form thou 'lt honour waits thy coming down; Nor let such swiftness in the roes be shown To save themselves, as thine to save thine own. Haste, like the nimblest harts, that lightly bound Before the stretches of the swiftest hound; With reaching feet devour a level way. Across their backs their branching antlers lay, In the cool dews their bending body ply, And brush the spicy mountains as they sly.

JONAH.

THUS fung the king—fome angel reach a boug From Eden's tree to crown the wifest brow.

And now, thou fairest garden ever made,
Broad banks of spices, blossom'd walks of shade,
O Lebanon! where much I love to dwell,
Since I must leave thee, Lebanon, farewell?

Swift from my soul the fair idea slies,
A wilder sight the changing scene supplies;
Wide seas come rolling to my future page,
And storms stand ready, when I call, to rage.
Then go where Joppa crowns the winding shore,
The prophet Jonah just arrives before;
He sees a ship unmooring, soft the gales,
He pays, and enters, and the vessel sails.

Ah, wouldst thou fly thy God? rash man, forbe What land so distant but thy God is there?

reason, cease thy voice.—They run the deep, ne tir'd Prophet lays his limbs to fleep. Fod speaks louder, sends a storm to sea, ouds remove to give the vengeance way; blasts come whistling, by degrees they roar, love big furges tumbling on to shore; effel bounds, then rolls, and every blaft hard to tear her by the groaning mast; Hors, doubling all their shouts and cares, ne white canvas, and cast forth the wares; eek the God their native regions own, a they feek them, for those Gods were none. mah slept the while, who folely knew, that number, where to find the true. 10m the pilot. Sleeper, rife and pray, iods are deaf; may thine do more than they! thus they rest, perhaps we wast a foe aven itself, and that 's our cause of woe; feek by lots, if heaven be pleas'd to tell; what they fought by lots, on Jonah fell: , whence he came, and who, and what, and why rag'd the tempest, all confus'dly cry; press'd in haste to get his question heard, I Jonah stops them with a grave regard. Hebrew man, you see, who God revere, ade this world, and makes this world his care: ne whirl'd fky, these waves that lift their head. his you land, on which you long to tread. rarg'd me late, to Nineveh repair, to their face denounce his sentence there:

Go, said the vision, Prophet, preach to all, Yet forty days, and Nineveh shall fall. But well I knew him gracious to forgive, And much my zeal abhour'd the bad should live And if they turn, they live; then what were I But some false Prophet, when they fail to die? Or what, I fancied, had the Gentiles too With Hebrew prophets, and their God, to do? Drawn by the wilful thoughts, my soil I run, I fled his presence, and the work 's undone.

The florm increates as the Prophet speaks, O'er the tost ship a foaming billow breaks; She rises pendant on the lifted waves, And thence descries a thousand watery graves; Then, downward rushing, watery mountains hi Her hulk beneath, in deaths on every side. O, cry the sailors all, thy fact was ill, Yet, if a Prophet, speak thy master's will; What part is ours with thee? can aught remain To bring the blessings of a calm again?

Then Jonah: Mine's the death will best aton (And God is pleas'd that I pronounce my own) Arise, and cast me forth, the wind will cease, The sea subsiding wear the looks of peace, And you securely steer. For well I see Myself the criminal, the storm for me.

Yet pity moves for one that owns a blame, And awe refulting from a Prophet's name; Love pleads, he kindly meant for them to die; Fear pleads against him, lest they power defy: If then to aid the flight abets the sin,
They think to land him where they took him in.
Perhaps, to quit the cause, might end the woe,
And, God appeasing, let the vessel go.
For this they fix their oars, and strike the main,
But God withstands them, and they strike in vain.

The storm increases more with want of light, Low blackening clouds involve the ship in night; Thick battering rains sly through the driving skies, Loud thunder bellows, darted lightning slies; A dreadful picture night-born horror drew, And his, or their's, or both their fates, they view.

Then thus to God they cry: Almighty power, Whom we ne'er knew till this despairing hour, From this devoted blood thy servants free, To us he 's innocent, if so to thee; In all the past we see thy wond'rous hand, And that he perish, think it thy command.

This prayer perform'd, they cast the Prophet o'e';
A surge receives him, and he mounts no more;
Then still 's the thunder, cease the slames of blue,
The rains abated, and the winds withdrew;
The clouds ride off, and, as they march away,
Through every breaking shoots a chearful day;
The sea, which rag'd so loud, accepts the prize,
A while it rolls, then all the tempest dies;
By gradual sinking, slat the surface grows,
And safe the vessel with the sailors goes.
The Lion thus, that bounds the sences o'er,
And makes the mountain-echoes learn to roar,

If on the lawn a branching deer he rend, Then falls his hunger, all his roarings end; Murmuring a while, to rest his limbs he lays, And the freed lawn enjoys its herd at ease.

Bless'd with the sudden calm, the sailors own That wretched Jonah worship'd right alone; Then make their vows, the victim sheep prepare, Bemoan the Prophet, and the God revere.

Now, though you fear to lose the power to breathe, Now, though you tremble, Fancy, dive beneath; What worlds of wonders in the deep are feen! But this the greatest-Jonah lives within! The man who fondly fled the Maker's view, Strange as the crime, has found a dungeon too. God fent a monster of the frothing sea, Fit, by the bulk, to gorge the living prey, And lodge him still alive; this hulk receives The falling Prophet, as he dash'd the waves. There, newly wak'd from fancied death, he lies, And oft again in apprehension dies: While three long days and nights, depriv'd of fleep, He turn'd and toss'd him up and down the deep, He thinks the judgment of the strangest kind, And much he wonders what the Lord design'd; Yet, fince he lives, the gift of life he weighs, That 's time for prayer, and thus a ground for praise; From the dark entrails of the whale to thee, (This new contrivance of a hell to me) To thee, my God, I cry'd; my full distress Pierc'd thy kind ear, and brought my foul redress.

the deep I fell, by thy command, the midft, beyond the reach of land; to the midst brought down, the seas abide th my feet, the feas on every fide; ms the billow, and in calms the wave, oving coverings to my wandering grave. by defpair, I cry'd, How to my cost thy presence, Oh, for ever loft! pe revives my foul, and makes me fay, w'rds thy temple shall Leturn and pray; I know not here where Salem lies, emple 's heaven, and faith has inward eyes. the waters, which my whale furround, hrough my forrowing foul a passage found; ow the dungeon moves, new depths I try, loughts of danger all his paths supply. .ft of deeps affords the last of dread. rtaps its funeral weeds around my head i er the fand his rollings feem to go, the big mountains root their base below; ow to rocks and clefts their course they take, s endless bars, too strong for me to break; rom th' abyss, my God! thy grace divine all'd him upward, and my life is mine. as I toss'd, I scarce retain'd my breath, ul was fick within, and faint to death. then I thought of thee, for pity pray'd, thy temple flew the prayers I made. en, whom lying vanity enfnares, e thy mercy, that which might be theirs.

But I will pay—my God! my King! receive' The folemn vows my full affection gave, When in thy temple, for a pfalm, I fing Salvation only from my God, my king.

Thus ends the Prophet; first from Canaan sent, To let the Gentiles know they must repent: God hears, and speaks; the Whale, at God's comman Heaves to the light, and casts him forth to land.

With long fatigue, with unexpected ease, Oppress'd a while, he lies aside the seas.;. His eyes, though glad, in strange astonish'd way stare at the golden front of chearful day; 'Then, slowly rais'd, he sees the wonder plain, And what he pray'd, he wrote, to sing again.

The fong recorded brings his vow to mind;
He must be thankful, for the Lord was kind;
Strait to the work he shunn'd he slies in haste
(That seems his vow, or seems a part at least);
Preaching he comes, and thus denounc'd to all,
Yet forty days, and Nineveh shall fall;
Fear seiz'd the Gentles, Nineveh believes;
All sast with penitence, and God forgives...

Nor yet of use the Prophet's suffering sails,
Hell's deep black bosom more than shews the Whale
But some resemblance brings a type to view,
The place was dark, the time proportion'd too.
A race, the Saviour cries, a sinful race,
Tempts for a sign the powers of heavenly grace,
And let them take the sign: as Jonah lay,
Three days, and nights within the sish of prey;

all the Son of Man descend below. a's opening entrails shall retain him so. y foul, now feek the fong, and find me there t Heaven has shewn thee to repel despair; where from Hell the breaks the crumbling ground. hairs stand upright, and they stare around; horrid front deep-trenching wrinkles trace, is sharpening looks deform her livid face; : lie the brows, and at the bend below, h fire and blood two wandering eye-balls glow; d are her arms with numerous aids to kill, God she fancies but the judge of ill. fair-ey'd Hope! thou fee'ft the passion nigh, ghter of Promise, Oh forbear to fly! rance holds thee, Fear would have thee go,. e the blue wings, and stand thy deadly foe; : Judge of Ill is still the Lord of Grace, fuch behold him in the Prophet's case, to be drown'd, devour'd within the fea, k to the deep, and yet restor'd to day. he love the Lord, my foul, whose parent care. ules the world he punishes to spare. leavy grief my downcast heart oppress, body danger, or my state distress, th low submission in thy temper bow, e Ionah pray, like Jonah make thy vow; th hopes of comfort kils the chaftening red. i, shunning mad despair, repose in God; in, whatsoe'er the Prophet's vow design, entance, Thanks, and Charity, be mine.

HEZEKIAH.

FROM the bleak beach, and broad expanse of sea To lofty Salem, Thought, direct thy way; Mount thy light chariot, move along the plains, And end thy flight when Hezekiah reigns.

How swiftly Thought has pass'd from land to land, And quite out-run Time's measuring-glass of sand! Great Salem's walls appear, and I refort To view the state of Hezekiah's court.

Well may that king a pious verse inspire, Who cleans'd the temple, who reviv'd the choir, Pleas'd with the service David fix'd before. That heavenly music might on earth adore. Deep-rob'd in white, he made the Levites stand With cymbals, harps, and pfalteries in their hand; He gave the priests their trumpets, prompt to raile The tuneful foul, by force of found, to praise. A skilful master for the song he chose, The fongs were David's these, and Asaph's those; Then burns their offering, all around rejoice, Each tunes his instrument to join the voice; The trumpets founded, and the fingers fung, The people worship'd, and the temple rung. Each, while the victim burns, presents his heart, Then the priest blesses, and the people part.

Hail! facred Music! fince you know to draw The foul to heaven, the spirit to the law,

W here,

ome to prove thy force, thy warbling firing w tune my foul to write what others fing. lut is this Salem? this the promis'd blifs, ese fight and groups? what means the realm by this? at folemn forrow dwells in every fireet? at fear confounds the downcast looks I meet? s! the king! whole nations fink with wee, en righteous kings are fummon'd hence to goe ; king lies fick; and thus, to speak his doom, Prophet, grave Isaiah, stalks the room: Prince, thy fervant, font from God, believe; all in order, for thou canst not live. mn he faid, and fighing left the place; p prints of horror furrow'd every face; him their minds appear eternal glooms, k gaping marbles of their monarchs' tombs; ing belov'd deceas'd, his offspring none, wars destructive, ere they fix the throne. it-to the wall he turn'd, with dark despair, was tow'rds the temple, or for private prayer,) thus to God the pious monarch spoke, > burn'd the groves, the brazen serpent broke : ember, Lord, with what a heart for right, it care for truth, I walk'd within thy fight. 'was thus with terror, prayers, and tears, he toss'd, in the mid-court the grave Isaiah cross'd, m, in the cedar columns of the square, ts a sweet Angel, hung in glittering air. d with a trance, he stop'd, before his eye rs a rais'd arch of visionary fky,

 Q_3

(230 PARNELL'S POEMS.

Where, as a minute pass'd, the greater light
Purpling appear'd, and south'd and set in night;
A moon succeeding leads the starry train,
She glides, and sinks her silver horns again:
A second faucied morning drives the shades,
Clos'd by the dark, the second evening sades;
The third bright dawn awakes, and strait he sees
'The temple rise, the monarch on his knees.
Pleas'd with the scene; his inward thoughts rejoice,
When thus the Guardian Angel form'd a voices
Now tow'rds the captain of my people go,
And, Seer, relate him what thy visions show;
The Lord has heard his words, and seen his tears,
And through sifteen extends his future years.

Here, to the room prepar'd with dismal black, The Prophet turning, brought the comfort back. Oh, monarch, hail, he cry'd; thy words are heard. Thy virtuous actions meet a kind regard; God gives thee fifteen years, when thrice a day Shews the round sun, within the temple pray.

When thrice the day! furpriz'd, the monarch cries, When thrice the fun! what power have I to rue! But, if thy comfort's human or divine, 'Tis short to prove it—give thy prince a fign.

Behold, the Prophet cry'd, (and stretch'd his hands)
Against you lattice, where the dial stands;
Now shall the sun a backward journey go
Through ten drawn lines, or leap to ten below.
'Tis easier possing Nature's airy track,
Replies the monarch: let the sun go back.

Attentive here he gaz'd, the Prophet pray'd, Back went the sun, and back pursued the shade.

Chear'd by the fign, and by the Prophet heal'd. What facred thanks his gratitude reveal'd! As fickly swallows, when a summer ends,. Who mis'd the passage with their flying friends, Take to a wall, there lean the languid head, While all who find them think the sleepers dead; If yet their warmth new days of summer bring. They wake, and joyful flutter up to sing: 'o far'd the monarch, sick to death he lay, 'is court despair'd, and watch'd the last decay; 'At length new favour shines, new life he gains. And rais'd he sings; 'tis thus the song remains.

I faid, my God, when in the loath'd difeafe Thy Prophet's words cut off my future days, Now to the grave, with mournful hafte, I go, Now death unbars his fable gates below. How might my years by course of nature last! But thou pronounc'd it, and the prospect pass'd, I faid. My God, thy fervant now no more Shall in thy temple's facred courts adore; No more on earth with living man converse, Shrunk in a cold uncomfortable hearfe. My life, like tents which wandering shepherds raise, Proves a short dwelling, and removes at ease. My fins purfue me; fee the deadly band! My God, who fees them, cuts me from the land ; As when a weaver finds his labour sped, Swift from the beam he parts the faltening thread.

With pining fickness all from night to day,
From day to night, he makes my strength decay;
Reckoning the time, I roll with restless groans,
Till, with a lion's force, he crush my bones;
New morning dawns, but, like the morning past,
'Tis day, 'tis night, and still my sorrows last,
Now, screaming like the crane, my words I spoke,
Now, like the swallow, chattering quick, and broke;
Now, like the doleful dove, when on the plains
Her mourning tone affects the listening swains.
To heaven, for aid, my wearying eyes I throw,
At length they 're weary'd quite, and sink with woe.
From Death's arrest, for some delays, I sue;
Thou, Lord, who judg'd me, thou reprieve me, too.

Rapture of joy! what can thy servant say? He fent his Prophet to prolong my day; Through my glad limbs I feel the wonder run, Thus faid the Lord, and this Himfelf has done. Soft shall I walk, and, well secur'd from fears, Possess the comforts of my future years. Keep foft, my heart, keep humble, while they rol' Nor e'er forget my bitterness of soul. 'Tis by the means thy facred words supply, That mankind live, but in peculiar I; A fecond grant thy mercy pleas'd to give, And my rais'd spirits doubly seem to live. Behold the time! when peace adorn'd my reign 'Twas then I felt my stroke of humbling pain; Corruption dug her pit, I fear'd to fink, God lov'd my foul, and fnatch'd me from the

arn'd my follies from his gracious eye, nen who pais accounts, and cast them by. hat mouth has death, which can thy praise proclaim t tongue the grave, to speak thy glorious name ill the fenfelets dead exult with mirth, 'd to their hope by promises on earth? living, Lord, the living only praise, living only fit to fing thy lays: e feel thy favours, these thy temple see : e raise the song, as I this day to thee. will thy truth the present only reach, the good fathers shall their offspring teach ; rt the bleffings which adorn my page, hand their own, with mine, from age to age. , when the Maker heard his creature crave. indly role his ready Will to fave, a march we folemn tow'rds the temple-door, le all our joyful musick sounds before; e, on this day, through all my life appear, in this comes round in each returning year. re strike the strings, our voices jointly raise, let his dwellings hear my fongs of praise. hus wrote the monarch, and I 'll think the lay in'd for publick, when he went to pray; think the perfect composition runs, orm'd by Heman's or Leduthuri's fons. hen, fince the time arrives the Seer Foretold. the third morning rolls an orb of gold, h thankful zeal, recover'd Prince, prepare ead thy nation to the dome of prayer.

My fancy takes her chariot once again. Moves the rich wheels, and mingles in thy train; She fees the fingers reach Moriah's hill, The minstrels follow, then the porches fill; . She wakes the numerous instruments of art, That each perform its own adapted part; . Seeks airs expressive of thy grateful strains. And, liftening, hears the vary'd time she feigns. From a grave pitch, to speak the monarch's woe, The notes flow down, and deeply found below; All long-continuing, while depriv'd of ease He rolls for tedious nights and heavy days. Here intermix'd with discord, when the crane . Screams in the notes, through sharper sense of pain; There, run with descant on, and taught to shake, When pangs repeated force the voice to break: Now like the dove they murmur, till in fighs They fall, and languish with the failing eyes: Then flowly flackening, to furprize the more, From a dead pause his exclamations soar, To meet brisk health the notes ascending fly, Live with the living, and exult on high : Yet still distinct in parts the musick plays, Till prince and people both are call'd to praise; Then all, uniting, strongly strike the string, Put forth their utmost breath, and loudly sing; The wide-spread chorus fills the facred ground, And holy transport scales the clouds with found.

1.7

This story known, the learn'd Chaldeans came, Drawn by the sign observ'd, or mov'd by fame; These ask the fact for Hezekiah done, And much they wonder at their God the sun, That thrice he drove, through one extent of day, His gold-shod horses in etherial way... Then vainly ground their guess on nature's laws; The soundest knowledge owns a greater cause.

Faith knows the fact transcends, and bids me find What help for practice here incites the mind: Strait to the song, the thankful song, I move; May such the voice of every creature prove!

If every creature meets its share of woe,
And for kind rescues every creature owe,
In publick so thy Maker's praise proclaim,
Nor what you begg'd with teams, conceal with shame.

'Tis there the ministry thy name repeat, And tell what mercies were vouchsaf'd of late; Then joins the church, and begs, through all our days, Not only with our lips, but lives, to praise.

'Tis there our Sovereigns, for a fignal day
The feast proclaim'd, their fignal thanks repay.
O'er the long streets we see the chariots wheel,
And, following, think of Hezekiah still.
In the bles'd dome we meet the white-rob'd choir,
In whose sweet notes our ravish'd souls aspire;
Side answering side, we hear, and bear a part,
All warm'd with language from the grateful heart;
Or raise the song, where meeting keys rejoice,
And teach the base to wed the troble voice;

Art's foftening echoes in the musick found, And, answering nature's, from the roof rebound, Here close my verse, the service asks no more, Bless thy good God, and give the transport o'er.

HABAKKUK.

NOW leave the porch, to vision now retreat, Where the next rapture glows with varying heat; Now change the time, and change the temple-scene, The following Seer forewarns a future reign. To some retirement, where the Prophets' sons Indulge their holy flight, my fancy runs; Some facred college, built for praise and prayer, And heavenly dream, the feeks Habakkuk there. Perhaps 'tis there he moans the nation's fin. Hears the word come, or feels the fit within; Or fees the vision, fram'd with angels' hands, Ands dread the judgments of revolted lands; Or holds a converse, if the Lord appear, And, like Elijah, wraps his face for fear. This deep recess portends an act of weight, A message labouring with the work of fate. Methinks the skies have lost their lovely blue, A florm rides fiery, thick the clouds enfue. Fall'n to the ground, with proftrate face I lie; Oh! 'twere the same in this to gaze and die! But hark the Prophet's voice; My prayers complain Of labour spent, of preaching urg'd in vain.

ruft, my God, thy forrowing fervant ftill y lone joys, to walk this world of ill? spoiling rages, strife and wrong command. e flack'd laws no longer curb the land? his a strange and more than human found reaks the cloud, and daunts the trembling ground. , ye Gentiles; wondering all behold, carce ye credit, though the work be told : , the proud Chaldean troops I raise, ch the breadth, and all the region feize; is the prowling wolves, at close of day, ift as eagles in pursuit of prey. ern winds to blast the season blow. od and rapine flies the dreadful foe; he fad captives, countless as the fand, the princes, and destroys the land. fe, triumphant grown, offend me more, ly thank the gods they chose before. hou not holieft, here the prophet cries : e, Eternal, of the purest eyes? all those eyes the wicked realms regard, rimes be great, yet victory their reward? ese still ravage more and more to reign, ie full net, and cast to fill again? h-men filent fit, I wait to fee ves my doubt, what speaks the Lord to me. go, the Lord replies, suspend thy fears, ite the vision for a term of years: s will feel their turn when those are past. lough it tarry; fure it comes at last.

"Tis for their rapine, lufts, and thirst of blood, And all their unprotecting gods of wood, The Lord is present on his facred hill, Cease thy weak doubts, and let the world be still.

Here terror leaves me; with exalted head;

Librathe fine air, and find the vision fled;

The Seer withdrawn, inspired, and urged to write;

By the warm influence of the sacred sight.

His writing finish'd, Prophet-like array'd,
He brings the burden on the region laid;
His hands a tablet and a volume bear,
The tablet threatenings, and the volume prayer;
Both for the temple, where, to shun decay,
Enroll'd the works of inspiration lay.
And awful, oft he stops, or marches slow,
While the dull'd nation hears him preach their work

Arriv'd at length, with grave concern for all, He fix'd his table on the facred wall. 'Twas large inscrib'd, that those who run might read?

- " Habakkuk's burden, by the Lord decreed;
- " For Judah's fins her empire is no more,
- "The fierce Chaldeans bathe her realm in gore."
 Next to the priest his volume he resign'd,
- 'Twas prayer, with praises mix'd, to raise the mind;
- 'Twas facts recounted, which their fathers knew,
- 'Twas power in wonders manifest to view;
- "Twas comfort, rais'd on love already past,.

And hope, that former love returns at last.

The priests within the prophecy convey'd, The singers' tunes to join his anthem made.

Hear,

ar, and attend the words: and, holy Thou at help'd the Prophet, help the Poet now.), Lord, who rul'st the world, with mortal ear re heard thy judgments, and I shake for fear. Lord, by whom their number'd years we finds. 'n in the midst receive the drooping mind; 'n in the midst thou canst-then make it known. ly love, thy will, thy power, to fave thine own. member mercy, though thine anger burn, ad foon to Salem bid thy flock return. Lord, who gav'ft it with an outfiretch'd hand, e well remember how thou gav'ft the land. God came from Teman, fouthward sprung the flame; om Paron-mount the one that's Holy came; glittering glory made the defert blaze, gh heaven was cover'd, earth was fill'd with praife. zzling the brightness, not the sun so bright, was here the pure substantial Fount of Light; ot from his hand and fide in golden streams,. me forward effluent horny-pointed beams: ius shone his coming, as sublimely fair bounded nature has been fram'd to bear; t all his further marks of grandeur hid, r what he could was known, but what he did. re plagues before him ran at his command, waste the nations in the promis'd land. fcorching flame went forth where'er he trod id burning fevers were the coals of God. ed on the mount he stood, his measuring reed! arks the rich realms for Jacob's feed decreed:

He looks with anger, and the nations fly
From the fierce sparklings of his dreadful eye;
He turns, the mountain shakes its awful brow;
Awful he turns, and hills eternal bow.
How glory there, how terror here, displays
His great unknown, yet everlasting ways!

I see the state tents along the strand
Where Cushan wander'd, desolately stand;
And Midian's high pavilions shake with dread,
While the tam'd seas thy rescued nation tread.
What burst the path? what made the Lord engage?
Could waters anger, seas incite thy rage,
That thus thine horses force the foaming tide,
And all the chariots of salvation ride?
Thy bow was bare for what thy mercy swore;
Those oaths, that promise, I strael had before.

The rock that felt thee cleav'd, the rivers flow,
The wondering defert lends them beds below.
Thy might the mountain's heaving shocks confess'd,
High shatter'd Horeb trembled o'er the rest.
Great Jordan pass'd its nether waters by,
Its upper waters rais'd the voice on high:
Safe in the deep we went, the liquid wall
Curing arose, and had no leave to fall.
The sun essuight, and the moon screne,
Stopt by thy will, their heavenly course restain:
The voice was man's, yet both the voice obey,
Till wars completed close the lengthen'd day.
Thy spittering spears, thy rattling darts prevail,
Thy spears of lightning, and thy darts of hail.

Rage in thy vifage, and thy flail in hand;

Twas thou that went before to wound their head,
The captain follow'd where the Saviour led:
Torn'from their earth, they feel the desperate wound,
And power unfounded fails for want of ground.

With village-war thy tribes, where'er they go,
Distress the remnant of the scatter'd foe;
Yet mad they rush'd, as whirling wind descends,
And deem'd for friendless those the Lord bestriends.
Thy trampling horse from sea to sea subdue,
The bounding ocean lest no more to do.

O, when I heard what thou vouchfaf'ft to win, With works of wonder must be lost for fin; I quak'd through fear, the voice-forsook my tongue, Or, at my lips, with quivering accent hung; Dry leanness entering to my marrow came, And every loosening nerve unstrung my frame. How shall I rest, in what protecting shade, When the day comes, and hostile troops invade?

Though neither blossoms on the fig appear,
Nor vines with clusters deck the purpling year;
Though all our labours olive-trees belie,
Though fields the substance of the bread deny;
Though flocks are sever'd from the filent fold,
And the rais'd stalls no lowing cattle hold;
Yet shall my soul be glad, in God rejoice,
Yet to my Saviour will I list my voice;
Yet to my Saviour still my temper sings,
What David set to instruments of strings.

The Lord's my ftrength, like hinds he makes my feet, Yon mount 's my refuge, I as safely fleet; Or (if the song 's apply'd) he makes me still Expect returning to Moriah's hill.

In all this hymn what daring grandeur thines,
What darting glory rays among the lines:
What mountains, earthquakes, clouds, and imokes are
feen.

What ambient fires conceal the Lord within;
What working wonders give the promis'd place,
And load the conduct of a stubborn race!
In all the work a lively fancy flows,
O'er all the work fincere affection glows:
While truth's firm rein the course of fancy guides,
And o'er affection zeal divine presides.

Borne on the prophet's wings, methinks I, Iy
Amongst eternal Attributes on high:
And here I touch at Love supremely fair,
And now at Power, anon at Mercy there;
So, like a warbling bird, my tunes I raise,
On those green boughs the Tree of Life displays;
Whose twelve fair fruits, each month by turns receives,
And, for the nations' healing, ope their leaves.
Then be the nations heal'd, for this I sing,
Descending softly from the prophet's wing.

Thou, world, attend the case of Israel; see "T will thus at large refer to God and thee.

If Love be shewn thee, turn thine eyes above,
And pay the duties relative to Love;

If Power be shewn, and wonderfully so,
"Wonder and thank, adore, and bow below-

Power that led thee now, no longer lead, it brow-bent Justice draws the staming blade. hen Love is scorn'd, when sin the sword provokes, t tears and prayers avert, or heal the strokes; Justice leaves to wound, and thou to groan, neath new lords, in countries not thine own, now this for Mercy's act, and let your lays, atteful in all, recount the cause of praise: nen Love returns, and while no fins divide ne firm alliance, power will shield thy side. See the grand round of Providence's care, a realms assisted here, and punish'd there; er the just circle cast thy wondering eyes, nank while you gaze, and study to be wise.

HYMN FOR MORNING.

SEE the star that leads the day,
Rising, shoots a golden ray,
To make the shades of darkness go
From heaven above and earth below;
And warn us early with the sight,
To leave the beds of silent night;
From an heart sincere and sound,
From its very deepest ground;
Send devotion up on high,
Wing'd with heat to reach the sky.
See the time for sleep has run,
Rise before, or with the sun:

Lift thy hands, and humbly pray, The fountain of eternal day; 'That, as the light ferenely fair. Illustrates all the tracts of air; The Sacred Spirit fo may reft, With quickening beams, upon thy breaks And kindly clean it all within, From darker blemishes of sin; And thine with grace until we view The realm it gilds with glory too. See the day that dawns in air, Brings along its toil and care: From the lap of night it springs, With heaps of business on its wings: Prepare to meet them in a mind, That bows submissively resign'tl; That would to works appointed fall. That knows that God has order'd all. And whether, with a famll repaff, We break the fober morning fast; Or in our thoughts and houses lay The future methods of the day; Or early walk abroad to meet Our business, with industrious feet: Whate'er we think, whate'er we do, His glory still be kept in view. O, giver of eternal blifs, Heavenly Father, grant me this; Grant it all, as well as me, All whose hearts are fix'd on thee;

HYMN FOR MORNING

Who revere thy Son above, Who thy Sacred Spirit love.

HYMN FOR NOON.

HE fun is swiftly mounted high, It glitters in the fouthern fky; Its beams with force and glory beat. And fruitful earth is fill'd with heat. Father, also with thy fire Warm the cold, the dead defire, And make the facred love of thee, Within my foul, a fun to me. Let it shine so fairly bright, That nothing else be took for light; That worldly charms be feen to fade, And in its luftre find a shade. Let it strongly shine within, To scatter all the clouds of fin, That drive when gusts of passion rise, And intercept it from our eyes. Let its glory more than vie With the fun that lights the fky: Let it swiftly mount in air, Mount with that, and leave it there: And foar, with more aspiring flight, To realms of everlasting Light. Thus, while here I'm forc'd to be, I daily wish to live with thee; \mathbf{R} 3

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And feel that union which thy love Will, after death, complete above. From my foul I fend my prayer, Great Creator, bow thine ear : Thou, for whose propitious sway The world was taught to fee the day; Who spake the word, and earth begun, And shew'd its beauties in the fun; With pleasure I thy creatures views And would, with good affection too; Good affection sweetly free, Loofe from them, and move to thee: O, teach me, due returns to give, And to thy glory let me live; And then my days shall shine the more, Or pass more blessed than before.

HYMN FOR EVENING.

THE beam-repelling mifts arife,
And evening spreads obscurer skies:
The twilight will the night forerun,.
And night itself be soon begun.
Upon thy knees devortly bow,
And pray the Lord of glory now,
To fill thy breast, or deadly sin
May cause a blinder night within.
And whether pleasing vapours rise,
Which gently dim the closing eyes;

Which makes the weary members bless'd. With sweet refreshment in their rest; Or whether spirits in the brain Dispel their soft embrace again; And on my watchful bed I stay. Forfook by fleep, and waiting day; Be God for ever in my view, And never he forfake me too; But still as day concludes in night. To break again with new-born light; His wondrous bounty let me find, With still a more enlighten'd mind; When grace and love in one agree, Grace from God, and love from me; Grace that will from heaven inspire. Love that feals it in defire: Grace and love that mingle beams. And fill me with encreasing flames. Thou that hast thy palace far Above the moon and every ftar, Thou that fittest on a throne To which the night was never known, Regard my voice and make me blefs'd, By kindly granting its request. If thoughts on thee my foul employ, My darkness will afford me joy, Till thou shalt call, and I shall soar, And part with darkness evermore.

THE SOUL IN SORROW.

ITH kind compassion hear my cry, O, Jesu, Lord of Life, on high! As when the fummer's seasons beat, With scorching flame and parching heat: The trees are burnt, the flowers fade, And thirfty gaps in earth are made. My thoughts of comfort languish so, And so my soul is broke by woe. Then on thy fervant's drooping head · Thy dews of bleffing sweetly shed; Let those a quick refreshment give, And raise my mind, and bid me live. My fears of danger, while I breathe, My dread of endless hell beneath: My sense of forrow for my sin, To springing comfort, change within; Change all my sad complaints for ease, To chearful notes of endless praise; Nor let a tear mine eyes employ, But fuch as owe their birth to joy: Joy transporting, sweet, and strong,. Fit to fill and raise my song; Joy that shall resounded be, While days and nights succeed for me: Be not as a Judge severe, For fo thy presence who may bear?

THE SOUL IN SORROW.

On all my words and actions look, (I know they 're written in thy book;). But then regard my mournful cry, And look with Mercy's gracious eye; What needs my blood, fince thine will do. To pay the debt to Justice due? O, tender Mercy's art divine! Thy forrow proves the cure of mine! Thy dropping wounds, thy woeful imart,... Allay the bleedings of my heart: Thy death, in death's extreme of pain,. Restores my soul to life again. Guide me then, for here I burn, To make my Saviour some return. I'll rise (if that will please him, still, And fure I 've heard him own it will); I'll trace his steps, and bear my cross, Despising every grief and loss; Since he, despising pain and shame, First took up his, and did-the same.

THE HAPPY MAN.

H OW bless'd the man, how fully so,.
As far as man is bless'd below,
Who, taking up his cross, essays
To follow Jesus all his days;
With resolution to obey,
And steps enlarging in his way.

The Father of the faints above . Adopts him with a father's love. And makes his bosom throughly shine With wondrous flores of grace divine : Sweet grace divine, the pledge of joy, . That will his foul above employ; Full joy, that, when his time is done, Becomes his portion as a fon. Ah me! the fweet infus'd defires. The fervid wishes, holy fires, Which thus a melted heart refine, Such are his, and fuch be mine. From hence despising all besides That earth reveals, or ocean hides; All that men in either prize, On God alone he fets his eyes. From hence his hope is on the wings. His health renews, his fafety springs, His glory blazes up below, And all the streams of comfort flow. He calls his Saviour King above, Lord of mercy, Lord of love; And finds a kingly care defend, And mercy smile, and love descend, To chear, to guide him in the ways Of this vain world's deceitful maze: And though the wicked earth display, Its terrors in their fierce array; Or gape fo wide that horror shows - Ats hell replete with enless woes;

Such fuccour keeps him clear of ill,
Still firm to good, and dauntless still.
So, fix'd by Providence's hands,
A rock amidst an ocean stands;
So bears without a trembling dread,
The tempest beating round its head;
And with its side repels the wave,
Whose hollow seems a coming grave:
The skies, the deeps, are heard to roar;
The rock stands settled as before.

I, all with whom he has to do,
Admire the life which bleffes you,
That feeds a foe, that aids a friend.
Without a bye defigning end;
Ita knowing real interest lies
On the bright side of yonder skies,
Where, having made a title fair,
It mounts, and leaves the world to carea.
While he that seeks for pleasing days,
In earthly joys and evil ways,
Is but the fool of toil or fame,
(Though happy be the spacious name)
And made by wealth, which makes him great,
A more conspicuous wretch of state.

THE WAY TO HAPPINESS.

OW long, ye miserable blind, Shall idle dreams engage your mind a How long the passions make their flight. At empty shadows of delight. No more in paths of error stray; The Lord thy Jesus is the way, The fpring of happiness, and where Should men feek happiness but there? Then run to meet him at your need, Run with boldness, run with speed, For he forfook his own abode To meet thee more than half the road. He laid aside his radiant crown. And love for mankind brought him down To third and hunger, pain and woe, To wounds, to death itself below; And he, that fuffer'd these alone For all the world, despises none. To bid the foul, that 's fick, be clean, To bring the loft to life again; To comfort those that grieve for ill, Is his peculiar goodness still. And, as the thoughts of parents run-Upon a dear and only fon, So kind a love his mercies show, So kind and more extremely fo.

THE WAY TO HAPPINESS. 253

Thrice happy men! (or find a phrase
That speaks your bliss with greater praise)
Who most obedient to thy call,
Leaving pleasures, leaving all,
With heart, with soul, with strength incline,
O sweetest Jesu! to be thine.
Who know thy will, observe thy ways,
And in thy service spend their days:
Ev'n death, that seems to set them free,
But brings them closer still to thee.

THE CONVERT'S LOVE.

BLESSED light of faints on high, Who fill the mansions of the sky; Sure defence, whose mercy still Preserves thy subjects here from ill; Oh, my Jesus! make me know How to pay the thanks I owe.

As the fond sheep that idly strays,
With wanton play, through winding ways,
Which never hits the road of home,
O'er wilds of danger learns to roam,
Till, wearied out with idle fear,
And passing there, and turning here,
He will, for rest, to covert run,
And meet the wolf he wish'd to shun.
Thus wretched I, through wanton will,
Run blind and headlong on in ill:
'Twas thus from sin to sin I slew,
And thus I might have perish'd too;

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But mercy dropt the likeness here,
And shew'd, and sav'd me from my fear.
While o'er the darkness of my mind
The sacred spirit purely shin'd,
And mark'd and brighten'd all the way
Which leads to everlasting day;
And broke the thickening clouds of sin,
And six'd the light of love within.

From hence my ravish d soul aspires, And dates the rise of its desires. From hence to thee, my God! I turn, And servent wishes say I burn; I burn, thy glorious face to see, And live in endless joy with thee.

There's no fuch ardent kind of flame
Between the lover and the dame;
Nor fuch affection parents bear
To their young and only heir,
Though, join'd together, both confpire.
And boaft a doubled force of fire,
My tender heart, within its feat,
Diffolves before the fcorching heat.
As foftening wax is taught to run
Before the warmness of the fun.

Oh, my flame, my pleasing pain, Burn and purify my flain, Warm me, burn me, day by day, Till you purge my earth away; Till at the last I throughly shine, And turn a torsh of love divine.

A DESIRE TO PRAISE.

PROPITIOUS Son of God, to thee,
With all my foul, I bend my knee;
My wish I send, my want impart,
And dedicate my mind and heart's
For, as an absent parent's son,
Whose second year is only run,
When no protecting friend is near,
Void of wit, and void of sear,
With things that hurt him fondly plays,
Or here he falls, or there he strays;
So should my soul's eternal guide,
The facred spirit be deny'd,
Thy servant soon the loss would know,
And sink in sin, or run to wos.

O, fpirit bountifully kind,
Warm, possess, and fill my mind;
Disperse my sins with light divine,
And raise the slames of love with thine;
Before thy pleasures rightly priz'd,
Let wealth and honour be despis'd;
And let the Father's glory be
More dear than life itself to me.

Sing of Jesus! Virgins, fing Him, your everlasting King! Sing of Jesus! chearful youth, Lim, the God of love and truth!

Write, and raise a song divine,
On come and hear, and borrow mine.
Son eternal, word supreme,
Who made the universal frame,
Heaven, and all its shining show,
Earth, and all it holds below:
Bow with mercy, bow thine ear,
While we sing thy praises here;
Son Eternal, ever-bles d,
Resting on the Father's breast,
Whose tender love for all provides,
Whose power over all presides;
Bow with pity, bow thine ear;
While we sing thy praises, hear!

Thou, by pity's foft extreme,

Mov'd, and won, and fet on flame,

Assum'd the form of man, and fell

In pains, to rescue man from hell;

How bright'thine humble glories rise,

And match the lustre of the skies,

From tleath and hell's dejected state

Arising, thou resum'd thy seat,

And golden thrones of blis prepar'd

Above, to be thy saints' reward.

How bright thy glorious honours rise,

And with new lustre grace the skies!
For thee, the sweet seraphic choir
Raise the voice, and tune the lyre,
And praises with harmonious found
Through all the highest heaven rebound.

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A DESIRE TO PRAISE.

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O make our notes with theirs agree, And bless the souls that sing of thee! To thee the churches here rejoice, The solemn organs aid the voice: To sacred roofs the sound we raise, The sacred roofs resound thy praise: And while our notes in one agree, O! bless the church that sings to thee!

)N HAPPINESS IN THIS LIFE.

HE morning opens, very freshly gay, And life itself is in the month of May. ith green my fancy paints an arbour o'er, nd flowerets with a thousand colours more: ien falls to weaving that, and spreading these, nd foftly shakes them with an easy breeze. ith golden fruit adorns the bending shade, · trails a filver water o'er its bed. lide, gentle water, still more gently by, 'hile in this summer-bower of blit's I lye, nd fweetly fing of fense-delighting flames, nd nymphs and shepherds, soft invented names; view the branches which around me twine. nd praise their fruit, diffusing sprightly wine; · find new pleasures in the world to praise, nd still with this return adorn my lays; Range round your gardens of eternal spring, Go, range my fenses, while I sweetly sing:

In vain, in vain, alas! feduc'd by ill, And acted wildly by the force of will! I tell my foul, it will be constant May, And charm a season never made to stay; My beauteous arbour will not stand a storm, The world but promises, and can't perform: Then fade, ye leaves; and wither, all ye flowers; I'll doat no longer in enchanted bowers; But fadly mourn, in melancholy fong, The vain conceits that held my foul fo long. The lusts that tempt us with delusive show, And fin brought forth for everlasting woe. Thus shall the notes to Sorrow's object rise, While frequent rests procure a place for sight; And, as I moan upon the naked plain, Be this the burthen closing every strain: Return, my senses; range no more abroad; He 'll only find his blis who seeks for God.

E X T A C Y.

THE fleeting joys, which all affords below,
Work the fond heart with unperforming show;
The wish that makes our happier life compleat,
Nor grasps the wealth nor honours of the great;
Nor loosely sails on Pleasure's easy stream,
Nor gathers wreaths from all the groves of same;
Weak man, whose charms to these alone confine,
Attend my prayer, and learn to make it thine.

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From thy rich throne, where circling trains of light Make day that 's endless, infinitely bright; I hence, heavenly Father! thence with mercy dart One beam of brightness to my longing heart. Dawn through the mind, drive Error's clouds away, And still the rage in Passion's troubled sea; I hat the poor banish'd soul, serene and free, Vlay rise from earth, to visit heaven and ther:

Come, Peace divine! fled gently from above, nspire my willing bosom, wondrous Love; Thy purpled pinions to my shoulders tye, and point the passage where I want to fly.

But whither, whither now! what powerful fire With this bless'd influence equals my desire? rise (or Love, the kind deluder, reigns, and acts in fancy such enchanted scenes); larth lessening slies, the parting skies retreat, the sleecy clouds my waving feathers beat; and now the sun and now the stars are gone, set still methinks the spirit bears me on, where tracts of sether purer blue display, and edge the golden realm of native day.

Oh, strange enjoyment of a bliss unseen!

The provided in the strange within!

Tumultuous pleasure, rais'd on peace of mind, incere, excessive, from the world refin'd!

see the light that veils the throne on high, a light unpierc'd by man's impurer eye;

hear the words, that issuing thence proclaim,

Let God's attendants praise his awful name.

Then heads unnumber'd bend before the shrine, Mysterious seat of Majesty divine! And hands unnumber'd ftrike the filver ftring, And tongues unnumber'd Hallelujah fing. See, where the shining Seraphims appear, And fink their decent eyes with holy fear. See flights of angels all their feathers raife, And range the orbs, and, as they range, they praife; Behold the great Apostles! sweetly met, And high on pearls of azure æther fet. Behold the Prophets, full of heavenly fire, With wandering finger wake the trembling lyre; And hear the Martyrs' tune, and all around The church triumphant makes the region found. With harps of gold, with bows of ever-green, With robes of white, the pious throngs are feen : Exalted anthems all their hours employ. And all is musick, and excess of joy.

Charm'd with the fight, I long to bear a part; The pleafure flutters at my ravish'd heart. Sweet faints and angels of the heavenly choir, If love has warm'd you with celestial fire, Assist my words, and, as they move along, With Hallelujahs crown the burthen'd song.

Father of all above, and all below,
O great, and far beyond expression so;
No bounds thy knowledge, none thy power confine,
For power and knowledge in their source are thine;
Around thee glory spreads her golden wing;
Sing, glittering angels, Hallelnjah sing.

Son of the Father, first-begotten Son, the the short measuring line of time begun, he world has seen thy works, and joy'd to see he bright esfulgence manifest in thee. he world must own thee Love's unfathom'd spring; ing, glittering angels, Hallelujah sing, roceeding Spirit, equally divine, whom the Godhead's full perfections shine, with various graces, comforts unexpress'd, with holy transports you refine the breast; and earth is heavenly where your gifts you bring, ing, glittering angels, Hallelujah sing.

But where 's my rapture, where my wondrous heat, What interruption makes my blifs retreat? This world 's got in, the thoughts of t' other 's croft, and the gay picture 's in my fancy loft.

With what an eager zeal the confcious foul

Would claim its feat, and, foaring, pass the pole!

But our attempts these chains of earth restrain,

Deride our toil, and drag us down again.

To from the ground aspiring meteors go,

And, rank'd with planets, light the world below;

But their own bodies sink them in the sky,

When the warmth 's gone that taught them how to sly.

ON DIVINE LOYE,

BY MEDITATING ON

THE WOUNDS OF CHRIST.

HOLY Jesus! God of Love! Look with pity from above Shed the precious purple tide From thine hands, thy feet, thy fide; Let thy streams of comfort roll, Let them please and fill my foul. Let me thus for ever be Full of gladness, full of thee. This, for which my wishes pine, Is the cup of love divine; Sweet affections flow from hence, Sweet, above the joys of fense; Bleffed philtre! how we find Its facred worships! how the mind, Of all the world forgetful grown, Can despise an earthly throne; Raife its thoughts to realms above, Think of God, and fing of love. Love celestial, wondrous heat, O, beyond expression great! What refiftless charms were thine, In thy good, thy best design !

When God was hated, Sin obey'd, And man undone without thy aid, From the seats of endless beace They brought the Son, the Lord of Grace; They taught him to receive a birth, To cloath in flesh, to live on earth; And after, lifted him on high, And taught him on the cross to die. Love celestial, ardent fire. O, extreme of sweet desire! Spread thy brightly raging flame Through and over all my frame; Let it warm me, let it burn, Let my corpfe to ashes turn; And, might thy flame thus act with me . To fet the foul from body free, I next would use thy wings, and fly To meet my Jesus in the sky.

ON QUEEN ANNE'S PEACE.

(Written in December, 1712 *.)

MOTHER of Plenty, daughter of the skies.
Sweet Peace, the troubled world's desire, arise;
Around thy Poet weave thy summer shades,
Within my fancy spread thy slowery meads;

S 4 Amongst

^{*} This Poem received several corrections, in conequence of hints from Lord Bolingbroke and Dr. wift. See the Dean's "Journal to Stella," Dec-1, 1712; Jan. 31, and Feb. 19, 1712-13.

Amongst thy train soft Ease and Pleasure bring, And thus indulgent sooth me whilst I sing.

Great Anna claims the fong; no brighter name Adorns the list of never-dying fame; No fairer foul was ever form'd above; None e'er was more the grateful nation's love, Nor lov'd the nation more. I fly with speed To sing such lines as Bolingbroke may read, On war dispers'd, on faction trampled down, On all the peaceful glories of the crown. And, if I fail in too consin'd a slight, May the kind world upon my labours write, "So fell the lines which strove for endless fame, "Yet fell, attempting on the noblest theme."

Now twelve revolving years has Britain stood, With loss of wealth, and vast expence of blood, Europa's guardian; still her gallant arms Secured Europa from impending harms. Fair honour, full success, and just applause, Pursued her marches, and adorn'd her cause; Whilst Gaul, aspiring to erect a throne O'er other empires, trembled for her own; Bemoan'd her cities won, her armies slain, And sunk the thought of universal reign.

When thus reduc'd the world's invaders lie, The fears which rack'd the nations justly die: Power finds its balance, giddy motions cease In both the scales, and each inclines to peace. This fair occasion Providence prepares, To answer pious Anna's hourly prayers,

ON QUEEN ANNE'S PEACE.

Which still on warm Devotion's wings arose,

· And, reaching heaven, obtain'd the world's repose. Within the vast expansion of the sky, Where orbs of gold in fields of azure lie, A glorious palace shines, whose silver ray, Screnely flowing, lights the milky way; The road of angels. Here, with speedy care, The fummon'd guardians of the world repair. When Britain's Angel, on the message sent, Speaks Anna's prayers, and Heaven's supreme intenta That war's destructive arm should humble Gaul. Spain's parted realms to different monarchs fall; The grand alliance crown'd with glory cease, And joyful Europe find the sweets of peace. He spoke: the smiling hopes of man's repose, The joy that springs from certain hopes arose, Diffusive o'er the place; complacent airs,

This done, the Guardian on the wing repairs, Where Anna sate, revolving public cares With deep concern of thought. Unseen he stood, Presenting peaceful images of good; On Fancy's airy stage, returning Trade, A sunk Exchequer fill'd, an Army paid: The fields with men, the men with plenty bless'd, The towns with riches, and the world with rest. Such pleasing objects on her bosom play, And give the dawn of glory's golden day;

Sedately sweet, were heard within the spheres; And, bowing, all adore the sovereign mind, And sly to execute the work design'd.

When all her labours at their harvest shown Shall, in her subjects' joy, complete her own. Then breaking silence; 'Tis enough, she cries, That war has rag'd to make the nations wise. Heaven prospers armies whilst they sight to save, And thirst of further same destroys the brave; The vanquish'd Gauls are humbly pleas'd to live, And but escap'd the chains they meant to give. Now let the powers be still'd, and each posses'd Of what secures the common safety best.

So spake the Queen; then, fill'd with warmth divine, She call'd her Oxford to the grand design; Her Oxford, prudent in affairs of fate, Profoundly thoughtful, manifestly great In every turn, whose steddy temper steers Above the reach of gold, or shock of fears; Whom no blind chance, but merit understood, By frequent trials, power of doing good; And will to execute, advanc'd on high, Oh, foul created to deferve the fky! And make the nation, crown'd with glory, see How much it rais'd itself by raising thee ! Now let the schemes which labour in thy breast, The long Alliance, bleft with lafting reft: Weigh all pretences with impartial laws, And fix the separate interests of the cause.

These toils the graceful Bolingbroke attends, A genius fashion'd for the greatest ends. Whose strong perception takes the swiftest slight. And yet its swiftests ne'er obscures its sights

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nes are fix'd, and each affign'd a part. his country with a nobler heart: s of honour all his mind control. ion wings his lively foul. atriot to confer the truft. :h knows it safe, as well as just. t proceeding in her Agents' choice, eas'd that worth obtains the voice. e voice of high-diftinguish'd fames, Briftol, gallant Strafford names: to stand a Church's firm support, ted to adorn a Court: in business, both of fine address, perience leads to great fuccefs: diffant lands the Monarch fends. r.cenduck, Europe's peace commends.

namoor'd, to waft her Agents o'er, fail, and quit the flying shore; tents reach th' appointed place, and it will be peace, flormy winter, slies, nveil the bluish skies; etest season spreads, flutter round their heads. The promis'd joy.

- Ah, fadly slain, nom we mourn in vain the vital slame, life in fame,

Yet could my praife, like spicy odours shed, In everlasting song embalm the dead; To realms that weeping heard the loss I'd tell, What courage, sense, and faith, with Brandon sell!

But Britain more than one for glory breeds,
And polish'd Talbot to the charge succeeds;
Whose far-projecting thoughts, maturely clear,
Like glasses, draw their distant objects near.
Good parts, by gentle breeding much refin'd,
And stores of learning, grace his ample mind;
A cautious virtue regulates his ways,
And honour gilds them with a thousand rays.
To serve his nation, at his Queen's command,
He parts, commission'd for the Gallick land:
With pleasure Gaul beholds him on her shore,
And learns to love a name she fear'd before.

Once more aloft, there meet for new debates,
The Guardian Angels of Europa's fiates:
And mutual concord shines in every face,
And every bosom glows with hopes of peace;
While Britain's steps, in one consent, they praise,
Then gravely mourn their other realms delays;
Their doubtful claims, through seas of blood pursued,
Their fears that Gallia fell but half subdued;
And all the reasonings which attempt to show
That war should ravage in the world below.

- "Ah, fall'n estate of man! can rage delight,
- "Wounds please the touch, or ruin charm the fight!
- " Ambition make unlovely Mischief fair!
- " Or ever Pride be Providence's care!

hen stern Oppressors range the bloody field, is just to conquer, and unsafe to yield: tere fave the nations; but no more pursue, r in thy turn become Oppressor too." r rebel angels for Ambition fell, war in Heaven produc'd a Fiend in Hell. , with a foft concern for man's repose, tender Guardians join to moan our woes; awful rife, combin'd with all their might. nd what Fury, 'scap'd the den of night, pleasing labours of their love withstands, ipreads a wild distraction o'er the lands. r glittering pinions found in yielding air, watchful Providence approves the care. landria's foil, where camps have mark'd the plain, Fiend, impetuous Discord, fix'd her reign; nt her royal seat. With full resort i shapes of Horror throng'd her busy court; 1 Mischief, Ambush close concealing Ire, I Threatenings, Ruin arm'd with fword and fire; ulting Fierceness, Anger wanting breath, reddening Rage, and various forms of death a Imps of darkness, whom with gore she feeds. in war beyond its point of good proceeds. fallick armour, call'd with alter'd name it love of Empire, to the field she came; , still supporting Feud, she strives to hide eath that name, and only change the fide: as she whirl'd the rapid wheels around, ere mangled limbs in heaps pollute the ground (A Sullen (A fullen joyless sport); with searching eye,
The shining Chiess regard her as they sly;
Then, hovering, dart their beams of heavenly light:
She starts, the Fury stands confess d to sight;
And grieves to leave the soil, and yells aloud,
He yells are answer'd by the sable crowd;
And all on bat-like wings (if Fame be true)
From Christian lands to Northern climates slew,

But rising murmurs from Britannia's shore With speed recall her watchful Guardian o'er. He spreads his pinions, and, approaching near, These hints, in scatter'd words, assault his ear : The People's power-The Grand Alliance cross'd, The Peace is separate-Our Religion 's lost. Led by the blatant voice along the kies, He comes, where Faction over cities files; A talking Fiend, whom inaky locks diffrace, And numerous mouths deform her dusky face; Whence Lies are utter'd, Whisper softly sounds, Sly Doubts amaze, or Inuendo wounds. Within her arms are heaps of Pamphlets seen, And these blaspheme the Saviour, those the Queen; Affociate Vices: thus with tongue and hand, She shed her venom o'er the troubled land. Now vex'd that Difcord, and the baneful train. That tends on Discord, fled the neighbouring plain, She rag'd to madness; when the Guardian came, And downwards drove her with a fword of flame. A mountain, gaping to the nether Hell, Receiv'd the Fury, railing as the fell:

ountain closing o'er the Fury lies, ops her passage, where she means to rise; hen she strives, or shifts her side for ease, itain rocks amidst her circling seas. Peace, returning after tedious woes, s the comforts of a calm repose; id the warriors sheath their sanguin'd arm. gry trumpets cease to sound alarms: eave to thunder in the tortur'd air, earing colours furl around the fuear: ich contending realm no longer jar, leas'd with rest, unharness all the war. omes, the Bleffing comes; where'er she moves oringing Beauty all the land improves: heaps of fragrant flowers the field adorn, sweet the birds salute the rosy morn; lively green refreshes all the leaves, the breeze the corn more thickly waves. mes, the Bleffing comes in easy state, orms of brightness all around her wait: niling Safety, with her bosom bare, ly walks, and chearful Plenty there; ondrous Sciences with eagles' fight; Liberal Arts, which make the world polite; pen Traffick, joining hand in hand, ionest Industry, approach the land. relcome, long-defir'd, and lately found! k thy feat upon the British ground; ining train around the nation fend, by degrees the loading taxes end:

While Caution calm, yet still prepar'd for arms, And foreign Treaties, guard from foreign harms: While equal Justice, hearing every cause, Makes every subject join to love the laws.

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Where Britain's Patriots in Council meet. Let public safety rest at Anna's feet: Let Oxford's schemes the path to Plenty show, And through the realm increasing Plenty go. Let Arts and Sciences in glory rife, And pleas'd the world has leifure to be wife; Around their Oxford and their St. John stand. Like plants that flourish by the Master's hand : And fafe in hope the fons of Learning wait, Where Learning's felf has fix'd her fair retreat. Let Traffick, cherish'd by the Senate's care, On all the feas employ the wasting air: And Industry, with circulating wing, Through all the land the goods of Traffick bring. The bleffings fo dispos'd will long abide, Since Anna reigns, and Harley's thoughts prefide, Great Ormond's arms the fword of caution wield, And hold Britannia's broad-protecting shield ; Bright Bolingbroke and worthy Dartmouth treat, By fair dispatch, with every foreign State; And Harcourt's knowledge, equitably shown, Makes Justice call his firm decrees her own.

Thus all that Poets fancied Heaven of old, May for the Nation's present emblem hold: There Jove imperial sway'd; Minerva wise, And Phoebus cloquent, adorn'd the skies;

ON QUEEN ANNE'S PEACE. 273

On arts Cyllenius fix'd his full delight, Mars rein'd the war, and Themis judg'd the right: All mortals, once beneficently great, (As Fame reports) and rais'd in heavenly state: Yet, sharing labours, still they shunn'd repose, To shed the blessings down by which they rose. Illustrious Queen, how Heaven hath heard thy prayers. What stores of happiness attend thy cares! A Church in safety fix'd, a State in rest, A faithful Ministry, a People bles'd; And Kings, submissive at thy foot-stool thrown, That others Rights restore, or beg their own. Now rais'd with thankful mind; and rolling flow, In grand procession to the temple go, By fnow-white horses drawn; while founding Fame Proclaims thy coming, Praise exalts thy name; Fair Honour, dress'd in robes, adorns the state, And on thy train the crowded nations wait; Who, preffing, view with what a temper'd grace The looks of Majesty compose thy face; And mingling sweetness shines, or how thy dress, And how thy pomp, an inward joy confess; Then, fill'd with pleasures to thy glory due, With shouts, the chariot moving on, pursue.

As when the Phœnix from Arabia flown (If any Phœnix were by Anna known) His spice at Phoebus' shrine prepar'd to lay, Where'er their Monarch cut his airy way; The gathering birds around the wonder flew, And much admir'd his shape, and much his hue; The

The tuft of gold that glow'd above his head, His spacious train with golden feathers spread; His gilded bosom, speck'd with purple pride, And both his wings in glossy purple dy'd: He still pursues his way; with wondering eyes. The birds attend, and follow where he slies.

Thrice happy Britons, if at last you know
'Tis less to conquer, than to want a foe;
That triumphs still are made for war's decrease.
When men, by conquest, rise to views of peace;
That over toils for peace in view we run,
Which gain'd, the world is pleas'd, and war is done.
Fam'd Blenheim's field, Ramillies' noble seat,
Blaregni's desperate act of gallant heat,
Or wondrous Winendale, are war pursued,
By wounds and deaths, through plains with blood
embrued;

But good design, to make the world be still,
With human grace adorns the needful ill.
This end obtain'd, we close the scenes of rage,
And gentler glories deck the rising age.
Such gentler glories, such reviving days,
The Nation's wishes, and the Statesman's praise:
Now pleas'd to shine, in golden order throng,
Demand our annals, and enrich our song.
Then go where Albion's cliss approach the skies,
(The Fame of Albion so deserves to rise);
And, deep engrav'd for time, till time shall cease,
Upon the stones their fair inscription place.

Iberia rent, the power of Gallia broke,
Batavia rescued from the threaten'd yoke;

The royal Austrian rais'd, his realms restor'd, Great Britain arm'd, triumphant and ador'd; Its state enlarg'd, its peace restor'd again, Are blessings all adorning Anna's Reign.

TODR. SWIFT,

On his BIRTH-DAY, November 30, 1713,

RG'D by the warmth of Friendship's sacred slame,
But more by all the glories of thy same;
By all those offsprings of thy learned mind,
In judgment solid, as in wit refin'd,
Resolv'd I sing. Though labouring up the way
To reach my theme, O Swift, accept my lay.

Rapt by the force of thought, and rais'd above,
Through Contemplation's airy fields I rove;
Where powerful Fancy purifies my eye,
And lights the beauties of a brighter fky;
Fresh paints the meadows, bids green shades ascend,
Clear rivers wind, and opening plains extend;
Then fills its landscape through the varied parts
With Virtues, Graces, Sciences, and Arts:
Superior Ferms, of more than mortal air,
More large than mortals, more serenely fair.
Of these two Chiefs, the guardians of thy name,
Conspire to raise thee to the point of same.
Ye Future Times, I heard the silver sound!
I saw the Graces form a circle round!

Each, where she fix'd, attentive seem'd to root. And all, but Eloquence herself, was mute.

High o'er the rest I see the Goddess rise, Loose to the breeze her upper garment slies: By turns, within her eyes the Passions burn, And softer Passions languish in their turn: Upon her tongue Persuasion or Command, And decent Action dwells upon her hand.

From out her breast ('twas there the treasure lay)
She drew thy labours to the blaze of day;
Then gaz'd, and read the charms she could inspire,
And taught the listening audience to admire,
How strong thy slight, how large thy grasp of thought,
How just thy schemes, how regularly wrought;
How sure you wound when Ironies deride,
Which must be seen, and seign to turn aside.
'Twas thus exploring she rejoic'd to see
Her brightest features drawn so near by thee:
'Then here,' she cries, "let suture ages dwell.
And learn to copy, where they can't excel."
She spake. Applause attended on the close:

Then Poësy, her sister-art, arose;
Her fairer sister, born in deeper ease,
Not made so much for business, more to please.
Upon her cheek sits Beauty, ever young;
The soul of Music warbles on her tongue;
Bright in her eyes a pleasing Ardour glows,
And from her heart the sweetest Temper slows;
A laurel-wreath adorns her curls of hair,
And binds their order to the dancing air t

ON DR. SWIFT'S BIRTH-DAY. 277

She shakes the colours of her radiant wing, And, from the Spheres, she takes a pitch to sing.

Thrice happy Genius his, whose Works have hit The lucky point of Business and of Wit. They feem like showers, which April months prepare To call their flowery glories up to air: The drops, descending, take the painted bow, And dress with funshine, while for good they flow. To me retiring oft, he finds relief In flowly-wasting care and biting grief: From me retreating oft, he gives to view What eases care and grief in others too. Ye fondly grave, be wife enough to know, ... Life, ne'er unbent, were but a life of woe." Some, full in stretch for greatness, some for gain; On his own rack each puts himself to pain. I 'll gently steal you from your toils away, Where balmy winds with scents ambrofial play; Where, on the banks as crystal rivers flow, They teach immortal amaranths to grow: Then, from the mild indulgence of the scene, Restore your tempers strong for toils again.

She ceas'd. Soft music trembled in the wind, And sweet delight diffus'd through every mind: The little Smiles, which still the Goddess grace, Sportive arose, and ran from face to face. But chief (and in that place the Virtues bless) A gentle band their eager joys express: Here, Friendship asks, and Love of Merit longs. To hear the Goddesses renew their songs;

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Here great Benevolence to Man is pleas'd; These own their Swift, and grateful hear him prais'd, You gentle band, you well may bear your part, You reign Superior Graces in his heart.

O Swift! if fame be life (as well we know That Bards and Heroes have efteem'd it io); Thou can't not wholly die. Thy works will ffine To future times, and Life in Fame be thine.

On Bishop Burner's being set on Fire in his Closet.

ROM that dire zera, bane to Sarum's pride,
Which broke his schemes, and laid his friends aside,
He talks and writes that Popery will return,
And we, and he, and all his works will burn.
What touch'd himself was almost fairly prov'd;
(Oh, far from Britain be the rest remov'd!)
For, as of late he meant to bless the age.
With flagrant Prefaces of party-rage,
O'er-wrought with passion, and the subject's weight,
Lolling, he nodded in his elbow-seat;
Down fell the candle; Grease and Zeal conspire,
Heat meets with heat, and Pamphlets burn their Sire.
Here crawls a Preface on its half-burn'd maggots,
And there an Introduction brings its faggots:
Then roars the Prophet of the Northern Nation,
Scorch'd by a staming speech on Moderation.

Unwarn'd by this, go on, the realm to fright, Thou Briton vaunting in thy second-sight!

ON BISHOP BURNET.

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In such a Ministry you safely tell, How much you'd suffer, if Religion fell.

ELYSIUM.

IN airy fields, the fields of blifs below, Where woods of myrtle, fet by Maro, grow; Where grass beneath, and shade diffus'd above, Refresh the fevers of distracted love: There, at a solemn tide, the beauties, slain By tender passion, act their fates again, Through gloomy light, that just betrays the grove, In orgies, all disconsolately rove: They range the reeds, and o'er the poppies sweep, That nodding bend beneath their load of fleen. By lakes subsiding with a gentle face, And rivers gliding with a filent pace; Where Kings and Swains, by ancient authors fung, Now chang'd to flowerets o'er the margin hung; The felf-admirer, white Narcissus, so · Fades at the brink, his picture fades below: In bells of azure, Hyacinth arose; In crimfon painted, young Adonis glows; The fragrant Crocus shone with golden slame, And leaves infcrib'd with Ajax' haughty name. A fad remembrance brings their lives to view, And, with their passion, makes their tears renew; Unwinds the years, and lays the former scene. Where, after death, they live for deaths again.

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Lost by the glories of her lover's state, Deluded Semele bewails her fate; And runs, and seems to burn, the stames arise, And fan with idle fury as she flies.

The lovely Czenis, whose transforming shape Secur'd her honour from a second rape, Now moans the first, with russed dress appears, Feels her whole sex return, and bathes with tears.

The jealous Procris wipes a feeming wound, Whose trickling crimson dyes the bushy ground; Knows the sad shaft, and calls before she go, To kiss the favourite hand that gave the blow. Where Ocean feigns a rage, the Sestian Fair Holds a dim taper from a tower of air; A noiseless wind assaults the wavering light, The beauty tumbling mingles with the night.

Where curling shades for rough Leucate rose, With love distracted tuneful Sappho goes; Sings to mock clifts a melancholy lay, And with a lover's leap affrights the sea.

The fad Eryphile retreats to moan, What wrought her husband's death, and caus'd her own; Surveys the glittering veil, the bribe of fate, And tears the shadow, but she tears too late.

In thin defign, and airy picture, fleet
The tales that stain the royal house of Crete;
To court a lovely Bull, Pasiphaë slies,
The snowy phantom feeds before her eyes.
Lost Ariadne raves, the thread she bore
Trails on unwinding, as she walks the shore;

nd Phædra, desperate, seeks the lonely groves, o read her guilty letter while she roves; ed shame confounds the first, the second wears starry crown, the third a halter bears. tir Leodamia mourns her nuptial night f love defrauded by the thirst of fight; et. for another as delusive cries. nd, dauntless, sees her hero's ghost arise. Here Thisbe, Canace, and Dido, stand, ll arm'd with fwords, a fair, but angry band, his fword a lover own'd; a father gave he next; a stranger chanc'd the last to leave. And there ev'n she, the Goddess of the Grove, in'd with the phantom-fairs, affects to rove, s once, for Latmos, the forfook the plain, o steal the kisses of a slumbering swain: round her head a starry fillet twines, nd at the front a filver crescent shines. These, and a thousand, and a thousand more, 7 ith facred rage recall the pangs they bore, rike the deep dart afresh, and ask relief, r footh the wound with foftening words of grief. t fuch a tide, unheedful love invades he dark recesses of the madding shades; hrough long descent he fans the fogs around; is purple feathers, as he flies, refound. he nimble beauties, crouding all to gaze, erceive the common troubler of their ease; hough dulling mifts and dubious day deftroy he fine appearance of the fluttering boy,

Though T

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Though all the pomp that glitters at his side, The golden belt, the clasp and quiver hide; And though the torch appear a gleam of white, That faintly spots, and moves in hazy night, Yet still they know the god, the general foe, And threatning lift their airy hands below.

From hence they lead him where a myrtle flood, The faddest myrtle in the mournful wood; Devote to vex the gods, 'twas here before Hell's awful Emprels fost Adonis bore. When the young hunter scorn'd her graver air, And only Venus warm'd his shadow there.

Fix'd' to the trunk the tender boy they bind,
They cord his feet beneath, his hands behind;
He mourns, but vainly mourns his angry fate,
For Beauty, fill relentless, acts in hate.
Though no offence be done, no judge be nigh,
Love must be guilty by the common cry;
For all are pleas'd, by partial Passion led,
To shift their follies on another's head.

Now sharp reproaches ring their shill alarms, And all the heroines brandish all their arms; And every heroine makes it her decree, That Cupid suffer just the same as she. To fix the desperate halter one essay'd, One seeks to wound him with an empty blade. Some headlong hang the nodding rocks of air, They fall in fancy, and he feels despair. Some toss the hollow seas around his head (The seas that want a wave afford a dread).

Or shake the torch, the sparkling fury flies, And slames that never burn'd afflict his eyes.

The mournful Myrrha bursts her rended womb, And drowns his visige in a moist perfume. While others, seeming mild, advise to wound With humorous pains by sly derision found. That prickling bodkins teach the blood to flow, From whence the roses first begin to glow; Or in their slames; to singe the boy prepare, That all should chuse by wanton Fancy where.

The lovely Venus, with a bleeding breaft,
She too securely through the circle prest,
Forgot the parent, urg'd his hasty fate,
And spurr'd the semale rage beyond debate;
O'er all her scenes of frailty swiftly runs,
Absolves herself, and makes the crime her son's,
That class'd in chains with Mars she chanc'd to lie,
A noted fable of the laughing sky;
That, from her love's intemperate heat, began
Sicanian Eryx, born a savage man;
The loose Priapus, and the monster-wight;
In whom the sexes shamefully unite.

Nor words suffice the Goddess of the Fair,
She snape the rosy wreath that binds her hair;
Then on the God, who fear'd a siercer woe,
Her hands, unpitying, dealt the frequent blow:
From all his tender skin a purple dew
The dreadful scourges of the chaplet drew,
From whence the rose, by Cupid ting'd before,
Now, doubly tinging, slames with lustice more.

Here

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Here ends their wrath, the parent seems severe. The stroke's unfit for little Love to bear; To save their soe the melting Beauties sly, And, cruel Mother, spare thy child, they cry. To Love's account they plac'd their death of late, And now transfer the sad account to Fate; The Mother, pleas'd, beheld the storm asswape, Thank'd the calm mourners, and dismiss'd her rage.

Thus Fancy, once in dusky shade express'd, With empty terrors work'd the time of rest. Where wretched Love endur'd a world of woe, For all a Winter's length of night below. Then soar'd, as sleep dissolv'd, unchain'd away, And through the Port of Ivory reach'd the day.

As, mindless of their rage, he slowly fails
On pinions cumber'd in the misty vales;
(Ah, fool to light!) the Nymphs no more obey,
Nor was this region ever his to sway:
Cast in a deepen'd ring they close the plain,
And seize the god, reluctant all in vain.

THE JUDGEMENT OF PARIS.

WHERE waving pines the brows of Ida shade, The swain, young Paris, half supinely laid, Saw the loose flocks through shrubs unnumber'd rove, And, piping, call'd them to the gladded grove.

'Twas there he met the message of the skies, That he, the Judge of Beauty, deal the prize. The message known; one Love with anxious minds

To make his mother guard the time assign'd,

THE JUDGEMENT OF PARIS. 285

Drew forth her proud white swans, and trac'd the pair I hat wheel her chariot in the purple air:

A golden bow behind his shoulder bends,

A golden quiver at his side depends;

Pointing to these he nods, with fearless state,

And bids her safely meet the grand debate.

Another Love proceeds, with anxious care,

To make his ivory sleek the shining hair;

Moves the loose curls, and bids the forehead show,

In full expansion, all its native snow.

A third enclass the many-colour'd cest,

And, rul'd by Fancy, sets the silver vest;

When, to her sons, with intermingled sighs,

The Goddess of the rosy lips applies.

"Tis now, my darling boys, a time to show The love you feel, the filial aids you owe: Yet, would we think that any dar'd to strive For charms, when Venus and her Love 's alive? Or should the prize of Beauty be deny'd, Has Beauty's Empress aught to boast beside? And, ting'd with poison, pleasing while it harms, My darts I trusted to your infant arms; If, when your hands have arch'd the golden bow, The World's great Ruler, bending, owns the blow. Let no contending form invade my due, Tall Juno's mien, nor Pallas eyes of blue. But, grac'd with triumph, to the Paphian shore Your Venus bears the palms of conquest o'er.; And joyful see my hundred altars there, With coftly gums perfume the wanton air.

\$86 PARNELL'S POEMS.

While thus the Cupids hear the Cyprian Dame,
The groves resounded where a Goddess came.
The warlike Pallas march'd with mighty stride,
Her shield forgot, her helmet laid aside.
Her hair unbound, in curls and order slow'd,
And Peace, or something like, her visage shew'd,
So, with her eyes serene, and hopeful haste,
The long-stretch'd alleys of the wood she trac'd;
But, where the woods a second entrance found,
With scepter'd pomp and golden glory crown'd,
The stately Juno stalk'd, to reach the seat,
And hear the sentence in the last debate;
And long, severely long, resent the grove;
In this, what boots it she 's the wife of Jove?

Arm'd with a grace at length, fecure to win,
The lovely Venus, smiling, enters in;
All sweet and shining, near the youth she drew,
Her rosy neck ambrosial odours threw;
The facred scents distus'd among the leaves,
Ran down the woods, and fill'd their hoary caves;
The charms, so amorous all, and each so great,
The conquer'd Judge no longer keeps his seat;
Oppress'd with light, he drops his weary'd eyes,
And sears he should be thought to doubt the prize.

ON MRS. ARABELLA FERMOR LEAVING LONDON.

ROM town fair Arabella flies:
The beaux unpowder'd grieve;
The rivers play before her eyes;
The breezes, foftly breathing, rife;
The Spring begins to live.

Her lovers swore, they must expire:
Yet quickly find their ease;
For, as she goes, their slames retire,
Love thrives before a nearer sire,
Esteem by distant rays.

Yet foon the fair-one will return,

When Summer quits the plain:
Ye rivers, pour the weeping urn;
Ye breezes, fadly fighing, mourn;
Ye lovers, hurn again.

'Tis constancy enough in love
That Nature 's fairly shewn:
To search for more, will fruitless prove;
Romances, and the turtle dove,
The virtue boast alone.

A RIDA

PARNELL'S POEMS.

ARIDDLE

PON a bed of humble clay, In all her garments loofe, A profitute my mother lay, To every comer's use.

Till one gallant, in heat of love,
His own peculiar made her;
And to a region far above,
And fofter beds, convey'd her.

But, in his absence, to his place
His rougher rival came;
And, with a cold constrain'd embrace,
Begat me on the dame.

I then appear'd to public view.

A creature wondrous bright;
But shortly perishable too,
Inconstant, nice, and light.

On feathers not together fast
I wildly flew about,
And from my father's country pass'd
To find my mother out.

Where her gallant, of her beguil'd,
With me enamour'd grew,
And I, that was my mother's child,
Brought forth my mother-too.

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PASTORALS, EPISTLES, ODES,

AND OTHER

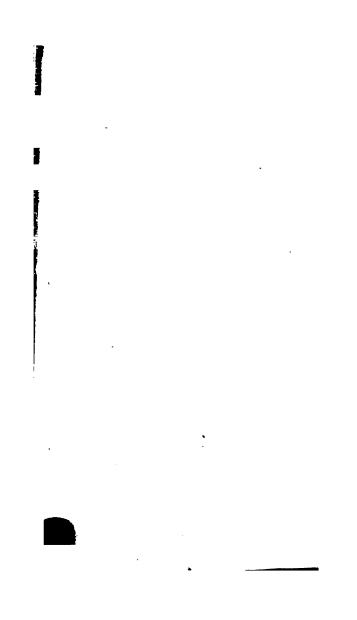
ORIGINAL POEMS,

WITH TRANSLATIONS FROM

PINDAR, ANACREON, AND SAPPHO.

BY AMBROSE PHILIPS, ESQUIRE.

hic cæstus artemque repono." VIRG.



TO HIS GRACE

IAS, DUKE OF NEWCASTLE.

ORD

honours of your ancient and illustrious fay, which that noble writer, Algernon Sidney, ong the first in these kingdoms for prerogarth, the titles which you have long worn with hed lustre, and the high station which you y years filled, and now fill, in the government, Grace a just preheminence in the commut they are excellencies of a more exalted kind this tribute of my respect is paid. Your early he cause of liberty, which manifested itself se of a late reign, when the worst of schemes noted against this nation by the worst of men, ation (of which I had the honour to be an nember) into which you then entered, with ers, eminent for their birth, fortune, and e, for fecuring the succession of the house of to the throne of these kingdoms, your taste and polite literature, and the encouragement a have been always ready to give to it, your regard to, and connection with, that uniich has been the nurse of the greatest statesoes, philosophers, and poets, of English and the open liberality of your heart on all U 3 **Jangaple**

294 DEDICATION.

laudable occasions, must give you a place in the affections of all Englishmen who know the interest of their native country: and to those virtues, more than to the private friendship with which your Grace has long honoured me, I make this offering of the few poetical Pieces which were the produce of my leisure, but some of my most pleasant, hours: your Grace will be able to distinguish those which have been printed before, from those which now make their first appearance: and I number among the felicities of my days this opportunity of approaching you with something perhaps set unworthy your acceptance; and I have the honour to be,

My Lord,

Your Grace's

most devoted, obliged,

April, 1748.

AMBROSE PHILIPS.

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ASTORAL POEMS.

Noftra nec erubuit fylvas habitare Thalia." VIRG. Ecl. 6.

PREFACE.

is somewhat strange to conceive, in an age so adficted to the Muses, how Pastoral Poetry comes to never so much as thought upon; considering espey, that it is of the greatest antiquity, and hath everaccounted the foremost, among the smaller poems; signity. Virgil and Spenser made use of it as a ade to Epic Poetry: but, I fear, the innocency of subject makes it so little inviting.

here is no kind of Poem, if happily executed, but s delight; and herein may the Pastoral boast after culiar manner: for, as in Painting, so in Poetry, country affords not only the most delightful scenes prospects, but likewise the most pleasing images fe.

assendus (I remember) observes, that Peireskius a great lover of music, especially the melody of it because their simple strains have less of passion

and violence, but more of a sedate and quiet harmony; and, therefore, do they rather befriend contemplation. In like manner, the Pastoral Song gives a sweet and gentle composure to the mind; whereas the Epic and Tragic Poems, by the vehemency of their emotions, raise the spirits into a ferment.

To view a fair stately palace, strikes us indeed with admiration, and swells the soul with notions of grandeur: but when I see a little country-dwelling, advantageously situated amidst a beauteful variety of hills, meadows, fields, woods, and rivulets, I feel an unspeakable sort of satisfaction, and cannot forbear wishing my kinder fortune would place me in such a sweet retirement.

Theocritus, Virgil, and Spenser, are the only Poets who seem to have hit upon the true nature of Pastoral Compositions: so that it will be sufficient praise for me, if I have not altogether failed in my attempt.

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THE FIRST PASTORAL.

LOBBIN.

IF we, O Dorset, quit the city-throng, To meditate in shades the rural song, y your command, be present: and, O bring he Muse along! The Muse to you shall sing: ler influence, Buckhurst, let me there obtain, nd I forgive the fam'd Sicilian Swain. Begin.—In unluxurious times of yore, Then flocks and herds were no inglorious flore. obbin, a shepherd-boy, one evening fair, .s western winds had cool'd the fultry air, is number'd sheep within the fold now pent, 'hus plain'd him of his dreary discontent; 12 eneath a hoary poplar's whifpering boughs, le, folitary, fat to breathe his vows, enting the tender anguish of his heart, is passion taught, in accents free of art: 16 and little did he hope, while, night by night, lis fighs were lavish'd thus on Lucy bright. "Ah, well-a-day! how long must I endure This pining pain? Or who shall speed my cure? 20 Fond love no cure will have, feek no repose, Delights in grief, nor any measure knows: And now the moon begins in clouds to rise; The brightening stars increase within the skies; 24 ec The

300 A. PHILIPS'S POEMS.

- " How would I wander, every day, to find
- "The choice of wildings, blushing through the rind
- 46 For gloffy plumbs how lightfome climb the tree,
- " How risk the vengeance of the thrifty bee!
- " Or! if thou deign to live a shepherdess,
- "Thou Lobbin's flock, and Lobbin, shalt possess:
- "And, fair my flock, nor yet uncomely I,
- "If liquid fountains flatter not; and why
- " Should liquid fountains flatter us, yet show
- "The bordering flowers less beauteous than they gro
- " O! come, my love; nor think th' employment me
- "The dams to milk, and little lambkins wean,
- 46 To drive a-field, by morn, the fattening ewes,
- " Ere the warm fun drink-up the cooly dews,
- While, with my pipe, and with my voice, I che
- Each hour, and through the day detain thine ear. 1
- 46 How would the crook befeer thy lily-hand t
- 46 How would my younglings round thee gazing ft
- "Ah, witless younglings ! gaze not on her eye:
- "Thence all my forrow; thence the death I die. 1
- " O, killing beauty! and O, fore defire!
- 46 Must then my sufferings, but with life, expire?
- "Though bloffoms every year the trees adorn,
- Spring after spring I wither, mipt with scorn :
- . " Nor trow I when this bitter blast will end,
 - " Or if you ftars will e'er my vows befriend.
 - " Sleep, fleep, my flock; for happy ye may take
 - Sweet nightly reft, though still your master wake." Now to the waning moon, the nightingale,

In slender warblings, tun'd her piteous tale,

he love-fick Shepherd, listening, felt relief, eas'd with so sweet a partner in his grief, ll, by degrees, her notes and silent night of sumbers soft his heavy heart invite.

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HE SECOND PASTORAL

THENOT, COLINET.

THENOT.

S it not Colinet I lonesome see,

Leaning with folded arms against the tree?
is it age of late bedims my sight?
is Colinet, indeed, in woeful plight.
y cloudy look, why melting into tears,
seemly, now the sky so bright appears?
hy in this mournful manner art thou found,
thankful lad, when all things smile around?
hear'st not lark and linnet jointly sing,
seir notes blithe-warbling to salute the spring?

COLINET.

r lark would fing, nor linnet, in my fate.

12 ch creature, Thenot, to his task is born,

they to mirth and music, I to mourn.

aking, at midnight, I my woes renew,

y tears oft' mingling with the falling dew.

THERT.

A. PHILIPS'S POEMS. 102

THENOT.

Small cause, I ween, has lufty youth to plain: Or who may, then, the weight of eld fustain. When every flackening nerve begins to fail. And the load presseth as our days prevail? Yet. though with years my body downward tends As trees beneath their fruit, in autumn, bend: Spite of my fnowy head, and icy veins, My mind a chearful temper still retains: And why should man, mishap what will, repine, Sour every fweet, and mix with tears his wine? But tell me, then: it may relieve thy woe. To let a friend thine inward ailment know.

COLINET.

28

33

36

Idly 'twill waste thee, Thenot, the whole day, Shouldst thou give ear to all my grief can fay. Thine ewes will wander; and the heedless lambs, In loud complaints, require their absent dams.

THENOT.

See Lightfoot; he shall tend them close: and I. 'Tween whiles, across the plain will glance mine eye.

COLINET.

Where to begin I know not, where to end. Does there one smiling hour my youth attend! Though few my days, as well my follies show, Yet are those days all clouded o'er with wee: No happy gleam of funshine doth appear, My lowering sky, and wintery months, to cheer. My piteous plight in yonder naked tree, Which bears the thunder-scar, too plain I see: **Quite** e destitute it stands of shelter kind,
mark of storms, and sport of every wind:
rivén trunk seels not th' approach of spring;
birds among the leastess branches sing:
more, beneath thy shade, shall shepherds throng,
h jocund tale, or pipe, or pleasing song.
ated tree! and more ill-fated I!
n thee, from me, alike the shepherds fly.

THENOT.

thou in haples hour of time wast born,
en blighting mildews spoil the rising corn,
plasting winds o'er blossom'd hedge-rows pass,
kill the promis'd fruits, and scorch the grass,
when the moon, by wizard charm'd, foreshows,
ad-stain'd in foul eclipse, impending woes.

mely born, ill-luck betides thee still.

COLINET.

can there, Thenot, be a greater ill?

THENOT.

fox, nor wolf, nor rot among our sheep,

n this good shepherd's care his slock may keep: 60

instill-luck, alas! all forecast fails;

toil by day, nor watch by night, avails.

C O L I N E T.

me, the while! ah me, the luckles day!
luckless lad! befits me more to say.
appy hour! when, fresh in youthful bud,
t, Sabrina fair, thy filvery flood.
filly I! more filly than my sheep,
ch on thy flowery banks I wont to keep.

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A. PHILIPS'S POEMS.

Sweet are thy banks! Oh, when shall I, once more, With rayish'd eyes review thine amell'd shore? When, in the crystal of thy water, scan Each feature faded, and my colour wan? When shall I see my hut, the small abode Myself did raise, and cover o'er with sod? Small though it be, a mean and humble cell. Yet is there room for peace and me to dwell.

THENOT.

And what enticement charm'd thee, far away. From thy lov'd home, and led thy heart aftray?

COLINET.

A lewd defire, strange lads, and swains, to know: Ah, God! that ever I should covet woe. With wandering feet unbleft, and fond of fame. I fought I know not what befides a name.

THENOT. Or, footh to fay, didft thou not hither roam In fearch of gains more plenty than at home? A rolling-stone is, ever, bare of moss; And, to their cost, green years old proverbs cross.

COLINET. Small need there was, in random fearch of gain, To drive my pining flock athwart the plain. To distant Cam. Fine gain at length, I trow. To hoard up to myself such deal of woe! My sheep quite spent, through travel and ill-fare, And, like their keeper, ragged grown and bare. The damp, cold greensward, for my nightly bed, And some slant willow's trunk to rest my head.

PASTORALS.

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rd is to bear of pinching cold the pain; id hard is want to the unpractis'd fwain: it neither want, nor pinching cold, is hard, blafting ftorms of calumny compar'd: kind as hail it falls; the pelting shower firevs the tender herb, and budding flower.

96

THENOT.

nder we thepherds count the vilest wrong: id what wounds forer than an evil tongue? 100

Colinet.

toward ads, the wanton imps of spite, ike mock of all the ditties I indite. vall, O Colinet, thy pipe, fo shrill, arms every vale, and gladdens every hill: vain thou feek'ft the coverings of the grove, the cool shade to sing the pains of love : g what thou wilt, ill-nature will prevail; d every elf hath skill enough to rail: tyet, though poor and artlefs be my vein, naicas feems to like my fimple strain : d, while that he delighteth in my fong, nich to the good Menalcas doth belong, 'night, nor day, shall my rude music cease; k no more, fo I Menalcas please.

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THENOT.

nalcas, lord of these fair fertile plains, screes the sheep, and o'er the shepherds reigns : him our yearly wakes, and feafts, we hold, I choose the fairest firstling from the fold:

X

He'

ad A. PHILIPS'S PCEMS.

Her good to all, who good defence, shall give Thy flock to feed, and then at ease to late, Shall corb the malice of unbraned tangers, And bountous! reward thy rural kings.

Colinat.

5. A. Charle Shill I ghalone banks forget to fly, The onest seem turn to painters flag. And every stand from could to flow.
2. a Louis poid of Meralius grow.

Tearch.

The conglet the case with the diagney and feld.
The diese wast to be, to wast to be included in the cold.
Note the least discussed origin. He distribute cold.
We have the training full of later and beard, to be one of all any full of later and beard, to be one of all more wast, for the might, the diese wast gentle deep families.
Note to a relation the diese imparing try.
One ye dieself the figured solding days.
We always the wast to be return from plows.
And the wast the dieself intuming families and lower.

THE THIRD PASTORAL



PASTORALS.

307

arol'd fweet, and graz'd along the flood rentle Thames, made every founding wood th good Eliza's name to ring around; a's name on every tree was found : e then, through Anna's cares at ease we live, l see our cattle unmolested thrive, ile from our Albien her victorious arms 'e wasteful warfare, loud in dire alarms, 12 : them will I my flender music raise, teach the vocal valleys Anna's praise. ntime, on oaten pipe a lowly lay, ny kids browse, obscure in shades I play: 16 not obscure, while Dorset thinks no scorn rifit woods, and fwains ignobly born. wo valley fwains, both musical, both young, iendship mutual, and united long, 20 ne within a mosfly cave, to shun crowd of shepherds, and the noon-day fun. loom of fadness overcasts their mind: lying now, the folemn day they find, 24 n young Albino died. His image dear ws their cheeks with many a trickling tear: ears they add the tribute of their verfe; e Angelot, those Palin, did rehearse. 28

ANGELOT.

yearly circling, by-past times return; yearly, thus, Albino's death we mourn, into life, alas! how short thy stay:

[weet the rose! how speedy to decay!

 C^{aar}

308 A. PHILIPS'S POEMS.

Can we forget, Albino dear, thy knell, Sad-founding wide from every village-bell?, Can we forget how forely Albion moan'd, That hills, and dales, and rocks, in echo groan'd, Prefaging future woe, when, for our crimes, We lost Albino, pledge of peaceful times, Fair boast of this fair Island, darling joy Of nobles high, and every shepherd-boy? No joyous pipe was heard, no flocks were feen, Nor shepherd found upon the graffy green, No cattle graz'd the field, nor drank the flood, No birds were heard to warble through the wood. In yonder gloomy grove out-stretch'd he lay His lovely limbs upon the dampy clay; On his cold cheek the rofy hue decay'd, And, o'er his lips, the deadly blue display'd: Bleating around him lie his plaintive fleep, And mourning shepherds come, in crowds, to we Young Buckhurst comes: and, is there no redress As if the grave regarded our distress! The tender virgins come, to tears yet new, And give, aloud, the lamentations due. The pious mother comes, with grief opprest: Ye trees, and conscious fountains, can attest With what sad accents, and what piercing cries, She fill'd the grove, and importun'd the fkies, And every star upbraided with his death, When, in her widow'd arms, devoid of breath, She clasp'd her son: nor did the Nymph, for this Place in her darling's welfare all her blifs,

PASTORALS.

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n teaching, young, the harmless crook to wield, d rule the peaceful empire of the field. 64. milk-white fwans on ftreams of filver show. d filvery streams to grace the meadows flow, corn the vales, and trees the hills adorn, thou, to thine, an ornament was born. 68 ce thou, delicious youth, didst quit the plains, ' ungrateful ground we till with fruitless pains, labour'd furrows fow the choice of wheat, d, over empty sheaves, in harvest sweat, 72 hin increase our fleecy cattle yield; d thorns, and thistles, overspread the field. w all our hope is fled, like morning-dew! d scarce did we thy dawn of manhood view. 76 io, now, shall teach the pointed spear to throw, whirl the fling, and bend the stubborn bow, tofs the quoit with steady aim, and far, th finewy force, to pitch the massy bar? 80 doit thou live to bleis thy mother's days, share her triumphs, and to feel her praise, foreign realms to purchase early fame, d add new glories to the British name. 84 peaceful may thy gentle spirit rest! : flowery turf lie light upon thy breaft; · shrieking owl, nor bat, thy tomb fly round, · midnight goblins revel o'er the ground. 88

PALIN.

lo more, mistaken Angelot, complain: pino lives; and all our tears are vain:

gro A. PHILIPS'S PDEMS.

THE THE PARTY OF T

ì

1

Albino lives, and will for ever live, With myriads mixt, who never know to grieve, Who welcome every ftranger-guest, nor fear Ever to mourn his absence with a tear, Where cold, nor heat, nor irksome toil annoy, Nor age, nor fickness, comes to damp their joy: And now the royal Nymph, who bore him, deigns The land to rule, and shield the simple swains, While, from above, propitious he looks down: For this, the welkin does no longer frown, Each | lanet shines, indulgent, from his sphere, And we renew our pastimes with the year. Hills, dales, and woods, with thrilling pipes refout The boys and virgins dance, with chaplets crown'd, 1 And hait Albino bleft: the valleys ring Albino bleft! O now, if ever, bring The laurel green, the finelling eglantine, And tender branches from the mantling vine, The dewy cowflip, which in meadow grows, The fountain-violet, and the garden-rose, Marsh-lilies sweet, and tufts of daffodil, With what ye cull from wood, or verdant hill, Whether in open fun, or shade, they blow, More early some, and some unfolding slow, Bring, in heap'd canifters, of every kind, As if the fummer had with spring combined, And Nature, forward to affift your care, Did not profusion for Albino spare. Your hamlets strew, and every public way; And confecrate to mirth Albino's day:

will lavish all my little store, al about the goblet flowing o'er: pulin there shall harp, young Myco sing, addy dance the round amid the ring, 124 obbinol his antic gambols play: these honours, yearly, will we pay: to mention thee in all our chear, ich our children the remembrance dear, 128 we our shearing-feast, or harvest keep, d the plow, and bless our thriving sheep. willow kids, and herbage lambs purfue, bees love thyme, and locust sip the dew, birds delight in woods their notes to strain, me and fweet memorial shall remain.

FOURTH PASTORAL. E MYCO, ARGOL.

Myco.

X 4

IS place may feem for shepherd's leisure made, o close these elms inweave their lofty shade; ining woodbine, how it climbs! to breathe ing fweets around on all beneath; ound with grass of chearful green bespread, th which the fpringing flower up-rears the head: re the kingcup of a golden hue. d with dailes white and endive blue, meyfuckles of a purple die, ion gay! bright-waving to the eye.

312 A. PHILIPS'S POEMS.

Hark, how they warble in that brambly bush,
The gaudy goldfinch, and the speckly thrush,
The linnet green, with others fram'd for skill,
And blackbird fluting through his yellow bill:
In sprightly concert how they all combine,
Us prompting in the various songs to join:
Up, Argol, then, and to thy lip apply
Thy mellow pipe, or voice more sounding try:
And since our ewes have graz'd, what harms if they
Lic round and listen while the lambkins play?

ARGOL.

Well, Myco, can thy dainty wit express
Fair Nature's bounties in the fairest dress:
'Tis rapture all! the place, the birds, the sky;
And rapture works the singer's fancy high.
Sweet breathe the fields, and now a gentle breeze
Moves every leaf, and trembles through the trees:
Ill such incitements suit my rugged lay,
Besitting more the music thou canst play.

Myco.

No skill of music kon I, simple swain,
No sine device thine ear to entertain:
Albeit some deal I pipe, rude though it be,
Sufficient to divert my sheep and me;
Yet Colinet (and Colinet hath skill)
Oft guides my singers on the tuneful quill,
And sain would teach me on what squads to dwell,
And where to sink a note, and where to swell.

ARCQL

PASTORALS.	31				
ARGOL.					
Ah, Myco! half my flock would I bestow,					
Should Colinet to me his cunning show:					
So trim his sonnets are, I pr'ythee, swain,					
Now give us, once, a sample of his strain:	40				
For wonders of that lad the shepherds say,					
How sweet his pipe, how ravishing his lay!					
The fweetness of his pipe and lay rehearse;					
And ask what boon thou willest for thy verse.	44				
" Мусо.					
Since then thou lift, a mournful fong I chuse:					
A mournful fong relieves a mournful Muse:					
Fast by the river on a bank he sate,					
To weep the lovely maid's untimely fate,					
Fair Stella hight: a lovely maid was she,					
Whose fate he wept, a faithful shepherd he.					
Awake, my pipe; in every note express					
Fair Stella's death, and Colinet's diffress.	52				
" O woeful day! O, day of woe to me!	•				

From blameless love, and plighted troth to go, " And leave to Colinet a life of woe!" Awake, my pipe; in every note express Fair Stella's death, and Colinet's diffress.

"That ever I should live such day to see! That ever she could die! O, most unkind, "To go and leave thy Colinet behind!

" And yet, why blame I her? Full fain would the

" With dying arms have clasp'd herself to me;

" I claso d

56

69.

314 A. PHILIPS'S POEMS.

- " I clasp'd her too, but death prov'd over-strong;
- " Nor vows nor tears could fleeting life prolong:
- "Yet how shall I from vows and tears refrain?
- "And why should vows, alas! and tears be vain!

 Awake, my pipe; in every note express

 Fair Stella's death, and Collines's diffress.
 - " Aid me to grieve, with bleating moan, my the
- " Aid me, thou ever-flowing stream, to weep;
- "Aid me, ye faint, ye hollow winds, to figh,
- " And thou, my woe, affift me thou to die.
- " Me flock nor stream, nor winds nor woes, relieve
- " She lov'd through life, and I through life will griev

Awake, my pipe; in every note express

Fair Stella's death, and Colinet's distress.

:

- "Ye gentler maids, companions of my fair,
- "With down-cast look, and with dishevel'd hair,
- "All beat the breaft, and wring your hands and m
- Her hour, untimely, might have prov'd your own
- " Her hour, untimely, help me to lament;
- " And let your hearts at Stella's name relent."

Awake, my pipe; in every note express
Fair Stella's death, and Colinet's distress.

- " In vain th' indearing lustre of your eyes
- "We dote upon, and you as vainly prize.
- "What though your beauty bless the faithful swa
- " And in th' enamour'd heart like queens ye reign;
- "Yet in their prime does death the fairest kill,
- 44 As ruthless winds the tender blassoms spill."

TORAL 315 ny pipe; in every note express death, and Colinet's diffress. 92 tella was; yet Stella might not live! t could Colinet in ransom give? · music's voice, or beauty's charm, Iden death, and stay his lifted arm, 96 her face, her face my pipe might fave, g each the other from the grave." ny pipe; in every note express death, and Colinet's diffress. 100 litles wish I fell death's uplifted arm y can arrest, nor music charm. ph, baleful fight I fee where she lies! ling flower, unkindly blafted, dies: 104 gh I live the longest day to mourn, again to life and me return." 14 pipe; in every note express death, and Colinet's diffress. 202 y Colinet! what boots thee now, : fresh girlonds for thy Stella's brow? d ever more may Stella wear, e flowery feafon of the year, 313 , nor fing, nor ever fweetly fmile, toil of Colinet beguile." ly pipe; in every note express death, and Colinet's distress. 116 by the lily, daffodil, and rose; of black yew, and willow pale, compose, diW w

- "With baneful hemlock, deadly nightshade, dresid,
- " Such chaplets as may witness thine unrest, 13
- " If aught can witness: O, ye shepherds tell,
- " When I am dead, no shepherd lov'd so well!"

Awake, my pipe; in every note express
Fair Stella's death, and Colinet's diffress.

- " Alack, my fheep! and thou, dear spotless lam
- "By Stella nurs'd, who wcan'd the from the dam,
- " What heed give I to aught but to my grief.
- " My whole employment, and my whole relief! 12
- " Stray where ye lift, some happier master try :
- "Yet once, my flock, was none fo blefs'd as I."

Awake, my pipe; in every note express 13
Fair Stella's death, and Colinet's diffress.

- " My pipe, whose soothing sound could passion me
- "And first taught Stella's virgin-heart to love,
- " Shall filent hang upon this blafted oak,
- " Whence owls their dirges fing, and ravens croak: 11
- " Nor lark, nor linnet, shall my day delight,
- " Nor nightingale suspend my moan by night:
- " The night and day shall undistinguish'd be,
- "Alike to Stella, and alike to me."

No more, my pipe; here cease we to express. Fair Stella's death, and Colinet's distress.

Thus, forrowing, did the gentle shepherd sing, And urge the valley with his wail to ring.
And now that sheep-hook for my song I crave.

ARGO

u

ARGOL.

, but one more costly, shalt thou have, I elm, where studs of brass appear, he giver's name, the month, and year; 148 of polish'd steel, the handle torn'd, · by the carver's skill adorn'd. iet, how fweet thy grief to hear! thy verie subdue the liftening ear ! g as the ftill, refreshing dew, he drought, and herbage to renew: · fweet the midnight winds, which move murmurs o'er the waving grove, 156 brook that, hid by alders, speeds es warbling, and through whispering reeds. ng waters, which from rocks distil, -grots with tinkling echoes fill. 160 py Colinet, who can relieve nish fore, and make it sweet to grieve! to thee shall Myco bear the bell, epeat thy peerless song so well: 164 ne hills increasing shadows cast; ween, is leaving us in hafte: rays faint glimmer through the wood, mists arise from yonder flood. 162

Myco.

our dogs to gather in the sheep.

nerds, with their flock, betimes should sleep,
ies down, thou know'st, as late will rise,
ard-like, to noon-day snoring lies,

172

While

While in the fold his injur'd ewes complain, And after dewy pastures bleat in vain.

THE FIFTH PASTORAL

CUDDY.

IN rural strains we first our music try,
And bashful into woods and thickets fly,
Mistrusting then our skill; yet if through time
Our voice, improving, gain a pitch sublime,
Thy growing virtues, Sackville, shall engage
My riper verse, and more aspiring age.

The fun, now mounted to the noon of day, Began to shoot direct his burning ray.; When, with the flocks, their feeders sought the shad A venerable oak wide-spreading made: What should they do to pass the loitering time? As farrey led, each form'd his tale in rhyme: And some the joys, and some the pains, of love, And some to set out strange adventures, strove; The trade of wizards some, and Merlin's skill, And whence, to charms, such empire o'er the will. Then Cuddy last (who Cuddy can excel In neat device?) his tale began to tell.

- "When shepherds flourish'd in Eliza's reign,
- "There liv'd in high repute a jolly fwain,
- " Young Colin Clout; who well could pipe and fir
- " And by his notes invite the lagging fpring.
- " He, as his custom was, at leifure laid
- .. In woodland bower, without a rival play'd,

liciting his pipe to warble clear, chantment sweet as ever wont to hear lated wayfarers, from wake or fair tain'd by music, hovering on in air: 25 awn-by the magic of th' inticing found, hat troops of mute admirers flock'd around! re steerlings left their food; and creatures, wild y Nature form'd, infenfibly grew mild. makes the gathering birds about him throng, nd loads the neighbouring branches with his fong a here, with the crowd, a nightingale of fame, alous, and fond of praise, to listen came: e turn'd her ear, and pause by pause, with pride, ke echo to the thepherd's pipe reply'd. he shepherd heard with wonder, and again, o try her more, renew'd his various strain: ..40 p all the various strain she plies her throat, nd adds peculiar grace to every note. Colin, in complaining accent grieve, r brilker motion to his measure give, gentle founds he modulate, or frong. ie, not a little vain, repeats the fong : ut so repeats, that Colin half-despis'd is pipe and skill, around the country priz'd: nd fweetest songster of the winged kind, That thanks, faid he, what praises, shall I find o equal thyomelodious voice? In thee he rudeness of my rural fife I see; 52 om thee I learn no more to vaunt my fkill: loft in air she sate, provoking still or The

"The vanquish'd swain. Provok'd, at las, he firore	
"To show the little minstrel of the grove 56"	
" His utmost powers, determin'd once to try	
" How art, exerting, might with nature vy;	
" For vy could none with either in their part,	
"With her in Nature, nor with him in Art. "	
" He draws-in breath, his rifing breath to fill:	
"Throughout the wood his pipe is keard to thrill.	
" From note to note, in haste, his fingers fly;	
" Still more and more the numbers multiply: 64	
"And now they trill, and now they fall and rife,	
" And swift and flow they change with sweet surprise.	
" Attentive she doth scarce the sounds retain;	
" But to herself first cons the puzzling strain,	
" And tracing, heedful, note by note repays	
The shepherd in his own harmonious lays,	
"Through every changing cadence runs at length,	
" And adds in sweetness what he wants in strength. 78	
"Then Colin threw his fife difgrac'd afide,	
While she loud triumph sings, proclaiming wide	
" Her mighty conquest, and within her throat	
Twirls many a wild unimitable note, 76	
" To foil her rival. What could Colin more?	
"A little harp of maple-ware he bore:	
"The little harp was old, but newly strung,	
"Which, usual, he across his shoulders hung. "	
" Now take, delightful bird, my last farewel,	
" He faid, and learn from hence thou dost excel	
" No trivial artist: and anon he wound	
"The murmuring strings, and order'd every found: 84	
"The	

'hen earnest to his instrument he bends, .nd both hands pliant on the ftrings extends: is touch the firings obey, and various move, he lower answering still to those above: 80 is fingers, restless, traverse to and fro, is in pursuit of harmony they go: ow, lightly skimming, o'er the strings they pass, ike winds which gently brush the plying grafs, 92 Thile melting airs arise at their command: .nd now, laborious, with a weighty hand e finks into the cords with folemn pace, 'o give the swelling tones a bolder grace; 96 nd now the left, and now by turns the right, ach other chace, harmonious both in flight: hen his whole fingers blend a swarm of sounds, ill the sweet tumult through the harp redounds, 100 ease, Colin, cease, thy rival cease to vex; he mingling notes, alas! her ear perplex: ie warbles, disfident, in hope and fear, nd hits imperfect accents here and there, 104. nd fain would utter forth some double tone. Then foon the falters, and can utter none: gain she tries, and yet again she fails; or still the harp's united power prevails. 801 hen Colin play'd again, and playing fung: ie, with the fatal love of glory stung, ears all in pain: her heart begins to swell: pitcous notes the fighs, in notes which tell er bitter anguish : he, still singing, plies is limber joints: her forrows higher rife.

- " How shall she bear a conqueror, who, before,
- " No equal through the grove in music bore?
- " She droops, the hangs her flagging wings, the moans,
- " And fetcheth from her breast melodious groans.
- " Oppress'd with grief at last too great to quell,
- " Down, breathless, on the guilty harp she fell. 126
- Then Colin loud lamented o'er the dead,
- " And unavailing tears profusely shed,
- " And broke his wicked strings, and curs'd his still;

124

- "And best to make atonement for the ill,
- " If, for fuch ill, atonement might be made,
- " He builds her tomb beneath a laurel shade,
- "Then adds a verse, and sets with flowers the ground
- "And makes a fence of winding offers round. 12
- " A verse and tomb is all I now can give;
- "And here thy name at least, he said, shall live."
 Thus ended Cuddy with the setting sun,
 And, by his tale, unenvy'd praises won.

THE SIXTH PASTORAL. GERON, HOBBINOL, LANQUET.

GERON.

HOW still the sea behold! how calm the sky!
And how, in sportive chace, the swallows sky!
My goats, secure from harm, small tendance need,
While high, on yonder hanging rock, they feed:
And, here below, the banky shore along,
Your heisers graze. Now, then, to strive in song

PASTORALS.

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12

20

re. As eldest, Hobbinol begin; Languet's rival-verse, by turns, come in.

HOBBINOL.

others stake what chosen pledge they will, i, or lamb, or mazer wrought with skill: aife we fing, nor wager ought befide; whose the praise, let Geron's lips decide.

LANQUET.

Geron I my voice, and skill, commend, did umpire, and to both a friend.

GERON.

in then, boys; and vary well your fong: ; nor fear, from Geron's fentence, wrong. en hautboy, loud, and sweet of found, rnish'd, and with brazen ringlets bound, e victor give: no mean reward, he ruder village-pipes compar'd.

HOBBINOL.

fnows are melted; and the kindly rain ds on every herb, and every grain: Imy breezes breathe along the fky; oomy feafon of the year is nigh.

LONQUET. cuckoo calls aloud his wandering love; rtle's moan is heard in every grove; stures change; the warbling linnets sing: to welcome-in the gaudy spring.

HOBBINOL. n locusts, in the ferny bushes, cry, ravens pant, and fnakes in caverns lie,

C1235

Graze then in woods, and quit the shadeless plain, Else shall ye press the spungy teat in vain.

LANQUET.

When greens to yellow vary, and ye fee The ground befrew'd with fruits of every tree, And ftormy winds are heard, think winter near, Nor trust too far to the declining year.

HOBBINOL.

Woe then, alack! befall the spendthrift swain, When frost, and snow, and hail, and sleet, and rain, By turns chastise him, while, through little care, His sheep, unshelter'd, pine in nipping air.

LANQUET.

The lad of forecast then untroubled sees. The white-bleak plains, and silvery frosted trees: He fends his slock, and, clad in homely frize, In his warm cott the wintery blast defies.

HOBBINOL.

Full fain, O bless'd Eliza! would I praise Thy maiden-rule, and Albion's golden days: Then gentle Sidney liv'd, the shepherd's friend: Eternal blessings on his shade attend!

LANQUET.

Thrice happy shepherds now! for Dorset loves The country-muse, and our resounding groves, While Anna reigns: O, ever may she reign! And bring, on earth, the golden age again.

HOBBINOL.

I love, in secret all, a beauteous maid, And have my love, in secret all, repaid;

56

nis coming night she plights her troth to me: vine her name, and thou the victor be.

LANQUET.

Mild as the lamb, unharmful as the dove, ue as the turtle, is the maid I love: www in fecret love, I shall not say: vine her name, and I give up the day.

HOBBINOL.

Soft on a cowflip-bank my love and I ogether lay; a brook ran murmuring by: thousand tender things to me she said; and I a thousand tender things repaid.

LANQUET.

In fummer-shade, behind the cocking hay, 'hat kind endearing words did she not say! er lap, with apron deck'd, she fondly spread, nd strok'd my cheek, and lull'd my leaning head. 68

HOBBINOL.

Brenthe foft, ye winds; ye waters, gently flow; ield her, ye trees; ye flowers, around her growers fwains, I beg you, pass in filence by; y love, in yonder vale, asleep does lie.

LANQUET.

Once Delia slept on easy moss reclin'd, er lovely limbs half bare, and rude the wind: smooth'd her coats, and stole a silent kiss: ondemn me, shepherds, if I did amiss.

HOBBINOL.

As Marian bath'd, by chance I passed by; ie blush'd, and at me glanc'd a sidelong eye:

Then,

72

Then, cowering in the treacherous stream, she try d' Her tempting form, yet still in vain, to hide.

LANQUET.

As I, to cool me, bath'd one su'try day, Fond Lydia, lurking, in the sedges lay: The wanton laugh'd, and seem'd in haste to fly, 'Yet oft she stopt, and oft she turn'd her eye.

HOBBINOL.

When first I saw (would I had never seen!) Young Lyset lead the dance on yonder green, Intent upon her beauties, as she mov'd, Poor heedless wretch! at unawares I lov'd.

LANQUET.

When Lucy decks with flowers her swelling breaft,
And on her elbow leans, dissembling rest,
Unable to refrain my madding mind,
Nor herds, nor pasture, worth my care I find.

Новвіно ь.

Come, Rosalind, O come! for, wanting thee,
Our peopled vale a desert is to me.
Come, Rosalind, O, come! My brinded kine,
My snowy sheep, my farm, and all, are thine.

LANQUET.

Come, Rosalind, O come! Here shady bowers, Here are cool fountains, and here springing slowers: Come, Rosalind! Here ever let us stay, And sweetly waste the live-long time away.

HOBBINOL.

In vain the seasons of the moon I know, The force of healing herbs, and where they grow: No herb there is, no season, to remove From my fond heart the racking pains of love.

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108

112

LANQUET. profits me, that I in charms have skill, sits, and goblins, order as I will, to, with all my charms, no power to lay te that breaks my quiet night and day?

t, like Colin, I had skill in rhymes, hase credit with succeeding times I olin Clout! who never, yet, had peer; ig through all the seasons of the year.

LANQUET.

; like Merlin, fing: his voice had power
the 'clipfing moon at midnight hour:
he fung, the Fairies with their queen,
es blue, came tripping o'er the green.

HOBBINOL.

re of May did I not hear them fing,
their dance? And I can shew the ring,
nand in hand, they shift their feet so light;
s springs greener from their tread by night.

LANQUET.

Aft thou feen their king, in rich array,
beron, with damask'd robe so gay,
my crown, by moonshine sparkling far,
e sceptre, pointed with a star?

124

GERON.

nd your pleasing strife. Both victors are; 1 with Colin may, in rhyme, compare. hautboy, loud, and sweet of sound, sh'd, and with brazen ringlets bound,

Y 4 To

To each I give. A mizzling mist descends Adown that steepy rock: and this way tends You distant rain. Shoreward the vessels strive; And, see, the boys their slocks to shelter drive.

THE STRAY NYMPH.

EASE your music, gentle swains:
Saw ye Delia cross the plains?
Every thicket, every grove,
Have I rang'd, to find my love:
A kid, a lamb, my flock, I give,
Tell me only, doth she live?

White her skin as mountain-show; In her cheek the roles blow : And her eye is brighter far Than the beamy morning star. When her ruddy lip ye view, 'Tis a berry moist with dew: And her breath, oh, 'tis a gale Passing o'er a fragrant vale, Pailing, when a friendly shower Freshens every herb and flower. Wide her bosom opens, gay As the primrofe-dell in May, Sweet as violet-borders growing Over fountains ever-flowing. Like the tendrils of the vine, Do her auburn tresses twine,

Gloffy

PASTORAL	6
-	S. 329
Gloffy ringlets all behind	
Streaming buxom to the wind,	24
When along the lawn she bounds,	
Light, as hind before the hounds:	
And the youthful ring she fires,	_
Hopeless in their fond desires,	28.
As her flitting feet advance,	
Wanton in the winding dance.	
Tell me, shepherds, have ye seen.	<u></u>
My delight, my love, my queen?	32
THE HAPPY SWA	A I N.
HAVE ye seen the morning sky, When the dawn prevails on high,	
When, anon, fome purply ray	
Gives a fample of the day,	•
When, anon, the lark, on wing,	
Strives to foar, and strains to sing?	
Have ye seen th' ethereal blue	
Gently shedding silvery dew,	8 :
Spangling o'er the filent green,	
While the nightingale, unseen,	
To the moon and stars, full bright,	•
Lonesome chants the hymn of night?	32:
Have ye seen the broider'd May	
All her scented bloom display,	
Breezes opening, every hour,	_
This, and that, expecting flower,	16
4	While
N	

While the mingling birds prolong, From each bush, the vernal fong? Have ye seen the damaik-rose Her unfully'd blush disclose, Or the lily's dewy bell, In her gloffy white, excell, Or a garden vary'd o'er With a thousand glories more? By the beauties these display, Morning, evening, night, or day, By the pleasures these excite, Endless source of delight! Judge, by them, the joys I find, Since my Rosalind was kind, Since she did herself resign To my vows, for ever mine.

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PISTLES.

IEND. R.

W H O

ESIRED ME. TO WRITE ON THE DEATH OF KING WILLIAM.

April 20, 1702.

RUST me, dear George, could I in verse but show What forrow I, what forrow all men, owe Nassau's fate, or could I hope to raise fong proportion'd to the monarch's praise, uld I his merits, or my grief, express, id proper thoughts in proper language dress, bidden should my pious numbers flow, e tribute of a heart o'ercharg'd with woe; t, rather than prophane his facred hearfe ith languid praifes, and unhallow'd verse, , fighs I to myfelf in filence keep, d inwardly, with fecret anguish, weep. 12 Let Halifax's Muse (he knew him well) ; virtues to fucceeding ages tell. : him, who fung the warrior on the Boyne, rovoking Dorfet in the task to join) d shew'd the hero more than man before. : him th' illustrious mortal's fate deplore ;-

A mourn-

A mournful theme: while, on raw pinions, I But flutter, and make weak attempts to fly: Content, if, to divert my vacant time, I can but like some love-sick sopling rhyme, To some kind-hearted mistress make my court, And, like a modish wit, in sonnet sport.

Let others, more ambitious, rack their brains
In polish'd sentiments, and labour'd strains:
To blooming Phyllis I a song compose,
And, for a rhyme, compare her to the rose;
Then, while my fancy works, I write down morn,
To paint the blush that does her cheek adorn,
And, when the whiteness of her skin I show,
With ecstasy bethink myself of snow.
Thus, without pains, I tinkle in the close,
And sweeten into verse insipid prose.

The country scraper, when he wakes his crowd, And makes the tortur'd cat-gut squeak aloud, Is often ravish'd, and in transport lost:
What more, my friend, can fam'd Corelli boast,
When harmony herself from heaven descends,
And on the artist's moving bow attends?

Why then, in making vertes, should I strain For wit, and of Apollo beg a vein? Who study Horace and the Stagyrite? Why cramp my dulness, and in torment write? Let me transgress by nature, not by rule, An artless idiot, not a study'd fool, A Withers, not a Rymer, since I aim At nothing less, in writing, than a name.

FROM

20 F F

[333]

'ROM HOLLAND, TO A FRIEND IN ENGLAND, IN THE YEAR 1703.

ROM Utrecht's filent walks, by winds, I fend Health and kind wishes to my absent friend. The winter spent, I feel the poet's fire; The fun advances, and the fogs retire: The genial spring unbinds the frozen earth, Dawns on the trees, and gives the primrose birth. Loos'd from their friendly harbours, once again Confederate fleets affemble on the main : The voice of war the gallant foldier wakes; And weeping Cloë parting kisses takes. On new-plum'd wings the Roman eagle foars; The Belgick lion in full fury roars. Dispatch the leader from your happy coast, The hope of Europe, and Britannia's boast : D. Marlborough, come! fresh laurels for thee rise! One conquest more; and Gallia will grow wise. 16 Old Lewis makes his last effort in arms. And shews how, ev'n in age, ambition charms. Meanwhile, my friend, the thickening shades I haunt,

And smooth canals, and after rivulets pant:
The smooth canals, alas, too lifeless show!
Nor to the eye, nor to the ear, they flow.
Studious of ease, and fond of humble things,
Below the smiles, below the frowns of kings,
Thanks to my stars, I prize the sweets of life:
No sleepless nights I count, no days of strife.

Content

Content to live, content to die, unknown, Lord of myfelf, accountable to none;

I fleep, I wake, I drink; I fometimes love;

I read, I write; I fettle, and I rove,

When, and where-e'er, I please: thus, every ho

Gives some new proof of my despotic power.

All, that I will, I can; but then, I will

As reason bids; I meditate no ill;

And, pleas'd with things which in my level lie,

Leave it to madmen o'er the clouds to fly.

But this is all romance, a dream to you, Who fence and dance, and keep the court in vie White staffs and truncheons, seals and golden ke And silver stars, your towering genius please: Such manly thoughts in every infant rise, Tho daily for some tinsel trinket cries.

Go on, and prosper, Sir: but first from me Learn your own temper; for I know you free. You can be honest; but you cannot bow, And cringe, beneath a supercilious brow. You cannot fawn; your stubborn soul recoils At baseness; and your blood too highly boils. From nature some submissive tempers have; Unkind to you, she form'd you not a slave. A courtier must be supple, full of guile, Must learn to praise, to statter, to revile, The good, the bad, an enemy, a friend, To give false hopes, and on salse hopes depend. Go on, and prosper, Sir: but learn to hide Your upright spirit: 't will be construed pride.'

endor of a court is all a cheat; A be servile, ere you can be great. your ancient patrimony wasted, outh run out, your schemes of grandeur blasted, ay perhaps retire in discontent, urse your patron, for no strange event: atron will his innocence protest, frown in earnest, though he smil'd in jest. 64 an, only from himfelf, can fuffer wrong; reason fails, as his desires grow strong: ce, wanting ballaft, and too full of fail, 68 lies exposed to every rifing gale. ,m youth to age, for happiness he's bound: fplits on rocks, or runs his bark aground, r, wide of land, a defert ocean views, 73 .nd, to the last, the flying port pursues, et, to the last, the port he does not gain, and dying finds, too late, he liv'd in vain.

TO THE EARL OF DORSET.

Copenhagen, March 9, 1709.

From streams which northern winds forbid to flow From streams which northern winds forbid to flow, What present shall the Muse to Dorset bring, Or how, so near the Pole, attempt to sing? The hoary winter here conceals from fight All pleating objects which to verse invite. T

The hills and dales, and the delightful woods, The flowery plains, and filver-streaming floods, By snow disguis'd, in bright confusion lie, And with one dazzling waste fatigue the eye.

No gentle breathing breeze prepares the spring, No birds within the desert region sing. The ships, unmov'd, the boisterous winds defy, While rattling chariots o'er the ocean fly. The vast Leviathan wants room to play, And spout his waters in the face of day. The starving wolves along the main sea prowl, And to the moon in icy valleys howl.

O'er many a shining league the level main Here spreads itself into a glassy plain:
There solid billows of enormous size,
Alps of green ice, in wild disorder rise.

And yet but lately have I seen, ev'n here,
The winter in a lovely dress appear.
Ere yet the clouds let fall the treasur'd snow,
Or winds begun through hazy skies to blow,
At evening a keen eastern breeze arose,
And the descending rain unfully'd froze.
Soon as the silent shades of night withdrew,
The ruddy morn disclos'd at once to view
The face of Nature in a rich disguise,
And brighten'd every object to my eyes:
For every shrub, and every blade of grass,
And every pointed thorn, seem'd wrought in glass;
In pearls and rubies rich the hawthorns show,
While through the ice the crimson bernies glow.

nick-sprung reeds, which watery marshes yield, d polish'd lances in a hostile field. ag, in limpid currents, with furprize, rystal branches on his forehead rise: oreading oak, the beech, and towering pine, lover, in the freezing æther shine. righted birds the rattling branches shun, h wave and glitter in the distant sun. en if a sudden gust of wind arise, rittle forest into atoms flies, rackling wood beneath the tempest bends. n a spangled shower the prospect ends: f a fouthern gale the region warm, by degrees unbind the wintery charm, raveller a miry country fees, ourneys fad beneath the dropping trees: 52 some deluded peasant, Merlin leads ugh fragrant bowers, and through delicious meads. e here inchanted gardens to him rife, airy fabricks there attract his eyes, 56 andering feet the magic paths purfue, while he thinks the fair illusion true, rackless scenes disperse in fluid air, woods, and wilds, and thorny ways appear, ious road the weary wretch returns, as he goes, the transient vision mourns.

To the Right Honourable CHARLES Lord HALIFAX, one of the Lords Justices appointed by his Majesty. 1714.

PATRON of verse, O Halifax, attend, The Muse's favourite, and the Poet's friend! Approaching joys my ravish'd thoughts inspire: I feel the transport; and my soul 's on fire!

Again Britannia rears her awful head:
Her fears, transplanted, to her foes are fled.
Again her standard she displays to view;
And all its faded lilies bloom anew.
Here beauteous Liberty salutes the fight,
Still pale, nor yet recover'd of her fright,
Whilst here Religion, smiling to the skies,
Her thanks expresses with up-listed eyes.

But who advances next, with chearful grace,
Joy in her eye, and plenty in her face?

A wheaten garland does her head adorn,
O Property! O goddes, English-born!

16
Where hast thou been? How did the wealthy moun!
The bankrupt nation figh'd for thy return,
Doubtful for whom her spreading funds were fill'd,
Her sleets were freighted, and her field were till'd. 20

No longer now shall France and Spain combin'd, Strong in their golden Indies, awe mankind. Brave Catalans, who for your freedom strive, And in your shattered bulwarks yet survive,

r you alone, worthy a better fate, , may this happy change not come too late! reat in your fufferings !- But, my Muse, forbear; or damp the public gladness with a tear: he hero has receiv'd their just complaint, rac'd with the name of our fam'd patron-saint: ke him, with pleafure he foregoes his reft, nd longs, like him, to succour the distress'd. rm to his friends, tenacious of his word, s justice calls, he draws or sheaths the sword: latur'd by thought, his councils shall prevail; or shall his promise to his people fail. He comes, defire of nations! England's boaft! lready has he reach'd the Belgian coast. ur great deliverer comes ! and with him brings progeny of late-facceeding kings, 40 ited to triumph o'er Britannia's foes i distant years, and fix the world's repose. The floating squadrons now approach the shore; oft in the failors shouts, the cannons roar: nd now, behold, the fovereign of the main, igh on the deck, amidst his shining train, rveys the subject flood. An eastern gale ays through the shrouds, and swells in every fail: 48 ' h' obsequious waves his new dominion own. nd gently wast their monarch to his throne. ow the glad Britons hail their king to land, ang on the rocks, and blacken all the strand: 52 at who the filent extafy can show, he passions which in nobler bosoms glow?

Z 2

Who can describe the godlike patriot's zeal? Or who, my Lord, your generous joys reveal? Ordain'd, once more, our treasure to advance, Retrieve our trade, and fink the pride of France, Once more the long-neglected arts to raise, And form each rising genius for the bays.

Accept the present of a grateful song;
This prelude may provoke the learned throng:
To Cam and Iss shall the joyful news,
By me convey'd, awaken every Muse.
Ev'n now the vocal tribe in verse conspires;
And I already hear their sounding lyres:
To them the mighty labour I resign,
Give up the Theme, and quit the tuneful Nine.
So when the spring first smiles among the trees,
And blostoms open to the vernal breeze,
The watchful nightingale, with early strains,
Summons the warblers of the woods and plains,
But drops her musick, when the choir appear,
And listens to the concert of the year.

To the Honourable James Craggs, Esq; Secionary at War, at Hampton-Court. 1717.

THOUGH Britain's hardy troops demand your and And chearful friends your hours of leifure that O, Craggs, for candour known! indulge awhile My fond defire, and on my labour fmile:

Nor count it always an abuse of time

To read a long epistle, though in rhyme.

To you I fend my thoughts, too long confin'd, d ease the burden of a loyal mind; you my secret transports I disclose, at rife above the languid powers of profe. t, while these artless numbers you peruse, ink 'tis my heart that dictates, not the Muse; y heart, which at the name of Brunswick fires, id no affistance from the Muse requires. Believe me, Sir, your breaft, that glows with zeal r George's glory, and the public weal, our breast alone feels more pathetic heats; our heart alone with stronger raptures beats. When I review the great examples past, nd to the former ages join the last; ill, as the godlike heroes to me rife, arms triumphant, and in councils wife, he king is ever present to my mind; is greatness, trac'd in every page, I find: he Greek and Roman pens his virtues tell, nd under shining names on Brunswick dwell. At Hampton while he breathes untainted air, nd feems, to vulgar eyes, devoid of care; he British Muses to the grove will press, une their melodious harps, and claim access: at let them not too rashly touch the strings; or fate allows no folitude to kings. Hail to the shades, where William, great in arms, etir'd from conquest to Maria's charms! There George serene in majesty appears, nd plans the wonders of fucceeding years!

 \mathbf{Z}_{3}

There,

There, as he walks, his comprehensive mind Surveys the globe, and takes-in all mankind: While, Britain, for thy sake he wears the crown; To spread thy power as wide as his renown: To make thee umpire of contending states, And poise the balance in the world's debates.

From the smooth terrass as he casts his eye,
And sees the current sea-ward rolling by;
What schemes of commerce rise in his designs!
Pledges of wealth! and unexhausted mines!
Through winds and wayes, beneath inclement skies,
Where stars, distinguish'd by no name, arise,
Our sleets shall undiscover'd lands explore,
And a new people hear our cannons roar.

The rivers long in ancient story fam'd, Shall slow obscure, nor with the Thames be nam'd: Nor shall our poets copy from their praise, And Nymphs and Syrens to thy honour raise; Nor make thy banks with Tritons shells resound, Nor bind thy brows with humble sedges round: But paint thee as thou art; a peopled stream! The boast of merchants, and the sailors theme! Whose spreading sloods unnumber'd ships sustain, And pour whole towns affoat into the main; While the redundant seas wast up fresh stores, The daily tribute of far-distant shores.

Back to thy source I try thy filver train, That gently winds through many a fertile plain; Where flocks and lowing herds in plenty feed, And shepherds tune at ease the vocal reed:

e yet thy waters meet the briny tide, ad freighted vessels down thy channel ride; e yet thy billows leave their banks behind, ell into state, and foam before the wind: ly fovereign's emblem! in thy course compleat! hen I behold him in his lov'd retreat. here rural scenes their pleasing views disclose, fylvan deity the monarch shows; id if he only knew the woods to grace, rouze the stag, and animate the chace: hile every hour, from thence, his high commands, fpeedy winds convey'd to various lands, ntrol affairs; give weighty councils birth; id fway the mighty rulers of the earth. Were he, our island's glory and defence, reign unactive, at the world's expence; y, generous Craggs, who then should quell the rage lawless faction, and reform the age? ho should our dear-bought liberties maintain? ho fix our leagues with France, and treat with Spain ? ho check the headstrong Swede; assuage the Czar; ure our peace, and quench the northern war? e Turk, though he the Christian name defies, id curses Eugene, yet from Eugene flies, s cause to Brunswick's equity dare trust ; knows him valiant, and concludes him just: knows his fame in early youth acquir'd, hen turban'd hosts before his sword retir'd. Thus while his influence to the poles extends, where the day begins, or where it ends,

7. 4

Far from our coasts he drives off all alarms: And those his power protects, his goodness charms. Great in himself, and undebas'd with pride, The fovereign lays his regal state aside, Pleas'd to appear without the bright difguise Of pomp; and on his inborn worth relies. His subjects are his guests; and daily boast The condescension of their royal host: While crowds fucceeding crowds on either hand, A ravish'd multitude, admiring stand. His manly wit and fense, with candour join'd, His speech with every elegance refin'd, His winning aspect, his becoming ease, Peculiar graces all, conspire to please, And render him to every heart approv'd; The king respected, and the man belov'd.

Nor is his force of genius less admir'd,
When most from crowds or public eares retir'd.
The learned arts, by turns, admittance find;
At once unbend and exercise his mind.
The secret springs of Nature, long conceal'd,
And to the wise by slow degrees reveal'd,
(Delightful search!) his piercing thought descries.
Oft through the concave azure of the skies
His soul delights to range, a boundless space,
Which myriads of celestial glories grace;
Worlds behind worlds, that deep in zether lye,
And suns, that twinkle to the distant eye;
Or call them stars, on which our fates depend,
And every ruling star is Brunswick's friend.

Soon as the rifing fun shoots o'er the stream, and gilds the palace with a ruddy beam, You to the healthful chace attend the king, And hear the forest with the huntsmen ring: While in the dufty town we rule the state, and from Gazettes determine England's fate. Dur groundless hopes and groundless fears prevail, As artful brokers comment on the mail. Deafned with news, with politics oppreft, wish the wind ne'er vary'd from the west. ecure, on George's councils I rely, Five up my cares, and Britain's foes defy. What though cabals are form'd, and impious leagues? Though Rome fills Europe with her dark intrigues? lis vigilance, on every state intent, Defeats their plots, and over-rules th' event.

But whither do my vain endeavours tend? It how shall I my rash attempt defend? Divided in my choice, from praise to praise rove, bewilder'd in the pleasing maze. In written mark'd, another I pursue, While yet another rises to my view. Inequal to the task, too late I find I he growing theme unfinish'd left behind. Thus, the deluded bee, in hopes to drain At once the thymy treasure of the plain, Wide ranging on her little pinions toils, And skims o'er hundred flowers for one she spoils? When, soon o'erburden'd with the fragrant weight, Homeward she slies, and slags beneath her freight.

TO LORD CARTERET, Departing from DUBLIN.

EHOLD, Britannia waves her flag on high, And calls forth breezes from the western sky, And beckons to her fon, and smooths the tide. That does Hibernia from her cliffs divide.

Go, Carteret, go; and, with thee, go along The nation's bleffing, and the poet's fong; Loud acclamations, with melodious lays,. The kindest wishes, and sincerest praise.

Go, Carteret, go; and bear my joys away! So speaks the Muse, that fain would bid thee stay: So spoke the virgin to the youth unkind, Who gave his vows, and canvass, to the wind, And promis'd to return; but never more Did he return to the Threician shore.

Go, Carteret, go: alas, a tedious while. Hast thou been absent from thy mother-isle :. A flow-pac'd train of months to thee and thine. A flight of moments to a heart like mine. That feels perfections, and religns with pain Enjoyments I may never know again.

O, while mine eye pursues the fading sails, Smooth roll, ye waves, and fleady breathe, ye gales, And urge with gentle speed to Albion's frand A houshold fair, amidst the fairest land, 24 In every decency of life polite,

A freight of virtues, wafting from my fight:

Τ

d now farewel, O early in renown, istrious, young, in labours for the crown, t, and benign, and vigilant, in power, id elegant to grace the vacant hour, laxing sweet! Nor are we born to wear te brow still bent, and give up life to care : 32: id thou, mild glory, beaming round his fame, ancisca, thou, his first, his latest flame; rent of bloom! In pleasing arts refin'd! rewel thy hand, and voice, in music join'd; 36: ly courtefy, as foothing as thy fong, ad fmiles foft-gleaming on the courtly throng: nd thou, Chariffa, haftening to thy prime, ad Carolina, chiding tardy Time, ho every tender wish of mine divide, ir whom I strung the lyre, once laid aside, eceive, and bear in mind, my fond farewell, arive on in life! and, thriving on, excell! Accept this token, Carteret, of good-will, he voice of nature, undebas'd by skill, hese parting numbers, cadenc'd by my grief, ir thy lov'd fake, and for my own relief, 48 aught, alas, thy absence may relieve, ow I am left, perhaps, through life to grieve: et would I hope, yet hope I know not why, But hopes and wishes in one balance lie) 52 hou may'st revisit, with thy wonted smiles, rna, island set around with isles : lay the fame heart, that bids thee now adieu. lute thy fails, and hail thee into view! 56 ODES. [348]

O D E S.

S O N G.

I.

FROM White's and Will's
To purling rills
The love-fick Strephon flies;
There, full of woe,
His numbers flow,
And all in rhyme he dies.

II.

The fair coquet,
With feign'd regret,
Invites him back to town;
But, when in tears
The youth appears,
She meets him with a frown.

III.

Full oft the maid
This prank had play'd,
'Till angry Strephon swore,
And, what is strange,
Though loth to change,
Would never see her more.

S O N G.

T.

WHY we love, and why we hate, Is not granted us to know: Random chance, or wilful fate, Guides the shaft from Cupid's bow.

II.

If on me Zelinda frown,

Madness' tis in me to grieve:

Since her will is not her own,

Why should I uneasy live!

III.

If I for Zelinda die,
Deaf to poor Mizella's cries,
Ask not me the reason why:
Seek the riddle in the skies.

TO SIGNORA CUZZONI.

MAY 25, 1724.

LITTLE Syren of the stage,
Charmer of an idle age,
Empty warbler, breathing lyre,
Wanton gale of fond desire,
Bane of every manly art,
Sweet enseebler of the heart!

O, too

O, too pleafing in thy strain,
Hence, to southern climes again;
Tuneful mischief, vocal spell,
To this island bid farewell;
Leave us as we ought to be,
Leave the Britons rough and free.

To the MEMORY of the late

EARL OF HALIFAX.

JUNE 30, 1718.

E E PING o'er thy facred urn, Ever shall the M uses mourn; Sadly shall their numbers flow, Ever elegant in woe.

Thousands, nobly born, shall die, Thousands in oblivion lie, Names, which leave no trace behind, Like the clouds before the wind, When the dusky shadows pass, Lightly sleeting o'er the grass.

But, O Halifax, thy name Shall through ages rife in fame: Sweet remembrance shalt thou find, Sweet in every noble mind.

Fairer

To the HONOURABLE

MISSCARTERET.

BLOOM of beauty, early flower of the blifsful bridal bower, Thou, thy parents pride and care, Fairest offspring of the fair, Lovely pledge of mutual love, Angel feeming from above, Was it not thou day by day Dost thy very fex betray, Female more and more appear, Female, more than angel dear, How to speak thy face and mien, (Soon too dangerous to be feen) 12 How shall I, or shall the Muse, Language of resemblance chuse? Language like thy mien and face, Full of fweetness, full of grace! 16 By the next returning spring, When again the linnets fing, When again the lambkins play, Pretty sportlings full of May, 20 When the meadows next are feen. Sweet enamel! white and green, And the year in fresh attire, Welcomes every gay defire, Blooming on shalt thou appear More inviting than the year,

Fairer fight than orchard shows, Which beside a river blows : Yet, another spring I see, And a brighter bloom in thee: And another round of time. Circling, still improves thy prime: And, beneath the vernal fkies. Yet a verdure more shall rise. Ere thy beauties, kindling flow, In each finish'd feature glow, Ere, in smiles and in disdain, Thou exert thy maiden reign, Absolute to save, or kill, Fond beholders, at thy will. Then the taper-moulded waste With a span of ribbon brac'd, And the swell of either breaft. And the wide high-vaulted cheft, And the neck so white and round. Little neck with brilliants bound, And the store of charms which shine Above, in lineaments divine, Crowded in a narrow space To complete the desperate face, These alluring powers, and more, Shall enamour'd youths adore; These, and more, in courtly lays, Many an aking heart, shall praise. Happy thrice, and thrice again, Happiest he of happy men.

Who, in courtship greatly sped, Wins the damsel to his bed, Bears the virgin-prize away, Counting life one nuptial day! 60 For the dark-brown dusk of hair, Shadowing thick thy forehead fair, Down the veiny temples growing, O'er the floping shoulders flowing, And the fmoothly pencil'd brow, Mild to him in every vow, And the fringed lid below, Thin as thinnest blossoms blow. 68 And the hazely-lucid eye, Whence heart-winning glances fly, And that cheek of health, o'erspread With foft-blended white and red. 72 And the witching finiles which break Round those lips, which sweetly speak, And thy gentleness of mind, Gentle from a gentle kind, 76 These endowments, heavenly dower! Brought him in the promis'd hour, Shall for ever bind him to thee, Shall renew him still to woo thee. 80

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On the DEATH of the RIGHT HONOURABLE WILLIAM EARL COWPER. 1723.

STROPHE I.

AKE the British harp again,
To a sad melodious strain;
Wake the harp, whose every string,
When Halifax resign'd his breath,
Accus'd inexorable death;
For I, once more, must in affliction sing,
One song of sorrow more bestow,
The burden of a heart o'ercharg'd with woe:
Yet, O my soul, if aught may bring relief,
Full many, grieving, shall applaud thy grief,
The pious verse, that Cowper does deplore,
Whom all the boasted powers of verse cannot refere.

ANTISTROPHE 1.

Not to her, his fondest care,

Not to his lov'd offspring fair,

Nor his country ever dear,

From her, from them, from Britain torn:

With her, with them, does Britain mourn:

His name, from every eye, calls forth a tear;

And, intermingling, fighs with praise,

All good men wish the number of his days

20 Had

16

Had been to him twice told, and twice again, in that feal'd book, where all things which pertain To mortal man, whatever things befall, Are from eternity confirm'd, beyond recall: 24

EPODE

Where every loss, and every gain, Where every grief, and every joy, very pleafure, every pain, ach bitter, and each fweet alloy. 'o us uncertain though they flow, tre pre-ordain'd, and fix'd, above. 'oo wretched state, did man foreknow 'hose ills, which man cannot remove! 32 ain is wisdom for preventing Vhat the wifest live lamenting.

STROPHE II.

ither fent, who knows the day Then he shall be call'd away? arious is the term affign'd: n hour, a day, fome months, or years, 38 he breathing foul on earth appears: ut, through the swift succession of mankind, varm after swarm! a busy race, he strength of cities, or of courts the grace, who in camps delight, or who abide iffus'd o'er lands, or float on oceans wide, f them, though many here long-lingering dwell, nd see their children's children, yet, how few excel! 46

ANTI-A a a

ANTISTROPHE II.

Here we come, and hence we go,
Shadows passing to and fro,
Seen a while, forgotten soon:
But thou, to fair distinction born,
Thou, Cowper, beamy in the morn
Of life, still brightening to the pitch of noon,
Scarce verging to the steep decline,
Hence summon'd while thy virtues radiant shine,
Thou singled out the fosterling of same,
Secure of praise, nor less secur'd from blame,
Shalt be remember'd with a fond applause,
So long as Britons own the same indulgent laws.

EPODE II.

United in one public weal,
Rejoicing in one freedom, all,
Cowper's hand apply'd the feal,
And level'd the partition-wall.

The chosen feeds of great events
Are thinly sown, and slowly rise:
And Time the harvest-scythe presents,
In season, to the good and wise:

Hymning to the harp my story,
Fain would I record his glory.

STROPHE III.

Pouring forth, with heavy heart, Truth unleaven'd, pure of art,

7° Like Like the hallow'd Bard of yore,
Who chaunted in authentic rhymes
The worthies of the good old times,
Ere living vice in verte was varnish'd e'er,
And virtue died without a fong.
Support of friendless right, to powerful wrong
A check, behold him in the judgment-seat!
Twice, there, approv'd, in righteousness compleat:
In just awards, how gracious! tempering law
With mercy, and reproving with a winning awe.

ANTISTROPHE III.

Hear him speaking, and you hear
Reason tuneful to the ear!

Lips with thymy language sweet,
Distilling on the hearer's mind
The balm of wisdom, speech refin'd,
Celestial gifts!—Oh, when the nobles meet,
When next, thou sea-surrounded land,
Thy nobles meet at Brunswick's high command,
In vain they shall the charmer's voice desire!
In vain those lips of eloquence require!
That mild conviction, which the soul assails
By soft alarms, and with a gentle force prevails!

EPODE III.

To such persuasion, willing, yields The liberal mind, in freedom train'd, Freedom, which, in crimson'd fields, By hardy toil our fathers gain'd,

Aaz

In-

Inheritance of long descent!
The sacred pledge, so dearly priz'd
By that bless'd spirit we lament:
Grief-easing lays, by grief devis'd,
Plaintive numbers, gently flowing,
Sooth the forrows to him owing!

STROPHE IV.

Early on his growing heir,

Stamp what time may not impair,

As he grows, that coming years,
Or youthful pleasures, or the vain
Gigantic phantom of the brain

Ambition, breeding monstrous hopes and fears,
Or worthier cares, to youth unknown,
Ennobling manhood, flower of life full-blown,
May never wear the bosom-image faint:
O, let him prove what words but weakly paint,
The lively lovely semblance of his sire,
A model to his son! that ages may admire!

ANTISTROPHE IV.

Every virtue, every grace,
Still renewing in the race,
Once thy father's pleasing hope,
Thy widow'd mother's comfort now,
No fuller bliss does heaven allow,
While we behold you wide-spread azure cope,
With burning stars thick-luster'd o'er,
Than to enjoy, and to deserve, a store

of treasur'd fame, by blameless deeds acquir'd,

y all unenvied, and by all desir'd,

ree-gift of men, the tribute of good-will!

kich in this patrimony fair, increase it still.

EPODE IV.

The fullness of content remains

Above the yet unfathom'd skies,

Where, triumphant, gladness reigns,

Where wishes cease, and pleasures rise

Beyond all wish; where bitter tears

For dying friends are never shed;

Where, sighing, none desire pass'd years

Recall'd, or wish the suture sled.

Mournful measures, O, relieve me!

Sweet remembrance! cease to grieve me.

STROPHE V.

He the robe of justice wore
Sully'd not, as heretofore,
When the magistrate was sought
With yearly gifts. Of what avail
Are guilty hoards? for life is frail;
And we are judg'd where favour is not bought.
By him forewarn'd, thou frantic isle,
How did the thirst of gold thy sons beguile!
Beneath the specious ruin thousands groan'd,
By him, alas, forewarn'd, by him bemoan'd.
Where shall his like, on earth, be sound? oh, when
Shall I, once more, behold the most belov'd of men!

Aa4

ANTI-

ANTISTROPHE V.

Winning afpect! winning mind!

Soul and body aptly join'd!

Searching thought, engaging wit,

Enabled to instruct, or please,

Uniting dignity with ease,

By nature form'd for every purpose fit,

Endearing excellence!—O, why

Is such perfection born, and born to die?

Or do such rare endowments still survive,

As plants, remov'd to milder regions thrive,

In one eternal spring? and we bewail

The parting soul, new-born to life that cannot sai

EPODE V.

Where facred friendship, plighted love, Parental joys, unmix'd with care, Through perpetual time improve? Or do the deathless blessed share Sublimer raptures, unreveal'd, Beyond our weak conception pure? But, while those glories lie conceal'd, The righteous count the promise sure, Trials to the last enduring, To the last their hope securing.

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

WILLIAM PULTENEY, ESQUIRE.

MAY 1, 1723.

I.

7HO, much distinguish'd, yet is bles'd? Who, dignified above the rest. Does, still, unenvied live? Not to the man whose wealth abounds, Nor to the man whose fame resounds. Does heaven fuch favour give, Nor to the noble-born, nor to the strong, Nor to the gay, the beautiful, or young. IT. Whom then, secure of happiness. Does every eye beholding bless, And every tongue commend? Him, Pulteney, who, possessing store, 13 Is not folicitous of more, Who, to mankind a friend. Nor envies, nor is envied by, the great, Polite in courts, polite in his retreat: 16

III.

Whose unambitious, active soul,
Attends the welfare of the whole,
When public storms arise,
And, in the calm, a thousand ways
Diversifies his nights and days,
Still elegantly wise;

While

20

While books, each morn, the lightfome foul invite, And friends, with feafon'd mirth, improve the night.

IV. In him do men no blemish see; And factions in his praise agree, When most they vex the state: Distinguish'd favourite of the skies, 28 Belov'd he lives, lamented dies: Yet, shall he not to fate Submit entire; the rescuing Muse shall save His precious name, and win him from the grave. 32 V. Too frail is brass and polish'd stone; Perpetual fame the Muse alone On merit can bestow: Yet, must the time-enduring song, 36 The verse unrival'd by the throng, From Nature's bounty flow: Th' ungifted tribe in metre pass away. Oblivion's sport, the poets of a day. 40 What laws shall o'er the Ode preside? In vain would art presume to guide The chariot-wheels of praise, When Fancy, driving, ranges free, Fresh flowers selecting, like the bee, And regularly strays, While Nature does, disdaining aids of skill,

The mind with thought, the ears with numbers, fill.

VII.

As when the Theban hymns divine

Make proud Olympian victors shine
In an eternal blaze,
The varying measures, ever new,
Unbeaten tracks of same pursue,
While through the glorious maze
The poet leads his heroes to renown,
And weaves in verse a never-sading crown.

To Miss Margaret Pulteney, Daughter of Daniel Pulteney, Esq; in the Nursery.

APRIL 27, 1727.

IMPLY damfel, fweetly fmiling, All careffing, none beguiling, Bud of beauty, fairly blowing, Every charm to Nature owing, This and that new thing admiring. Much of this and that enquiring, Knowledge by degrees attaining, Day by day some virtue gaining, Ten years hence, when I leave chiming, Beardless poets, fondly rhyming, (Fescued now, perhaps, in spelling,) On thy riper beauties dwelling, 12 Shall accuse each killing feature Of the cruel, charming, creature, Whom I knew complying, willing, Tender, and averse from killing. 16 То

To Miss Charlotte Pulteney, in her Mother's Arms.

MAY 1, 1724,

IMELY bloffom, infant fair, Fondling of a happy pair, Every morn, and every night, Their folicitous delight, Sleeping, waking, still at ease, Pleasing, without skill to please, Little goffip, blithe and hale, Tattling many a broken tale, Singing many a tuneless song, Lavish of a heedless tongue, Simple maiden, void of art, Babbling out the very heart, Yet abandon'd to thy will, Yet imagining no ill, Yet too innocent to blush, Like the linnet in the bufh. To the mother-linnet's note Moduling her slender throat, Chirping forth thy petty joys, Wanton in the change of toys, Like the linnet green, in May, Flitting to each bloomy ipray, Wearied then, and glad of rest, Like the linnet in the neft.

This

This thy present happy lot,
This, in time, will be forgot:
Other pleasures, other cares,
Ever-busy time prepares;
And thou shalt in thy daughter see,
This picture, once, resembled thee.

28

TO THE RIGHT HONOURABLE

ROBERT WALPOLE, ESQUIRE.

JUNE 15, 1724.

OTARY to publick zeal,
Minister of England's weal,
Have you leifure for a song,
Tripping lightly o'er the tongue,
Swift and sweet in every measure,
Tell me, Walpole, have you leifure?
Nothing lofty will I sing,
Nothing of the favourite king,
Something, rather, sung with ease,
Simply elegant to please.

Fairy Virgin, British Muse, Some unhear'd-of story chuse: Chuse the glory of the swain, Gifted with a magic strain, Swaging grief of every kind, Healing, with a verse, the mind: To him came a man of power, To him, in a cheerless hour;

When

12

When the fwain, by Druids taught,	
Soon divin'd his irksome thought,	. 10
Soon the maple harp he ftrung,	
Soon, with filver-accent, fung.	
" Steerer of a mighty realm,	
" Pilot, waking o'er the helm,	24
" Bleffing of thy native foil,	
"Weary of a thankless toil,	
" Cast repining thought behind,	
" Give thy trouble to the wind.	28
" Mortal, destin'd to excel,	
" Bear the blame of doing well,	
" Like the worthies great of old,	
" In the lift of fame enroll'd.	32
What, though titles thou decline?	, .
" Still the more thy virtues shine.	
" Envy, with her serpent eye,	
" Marks each praise that soars on high.	. 36
" To thy lot refign thy will:	
" Every good is mix'd with ill.	
" See, the white unblemish'd rose	
" On a thorny bramble blows:	. 40
" See, the torrent pouring rain	
" Does the limpid fountain stain:	
" See, the giver of the day	
" Urgeth on, through clouds, his way:	. 44
" Nothing is, entirely, bless'd;	
" Envy does thy worth attest.	
" Pleasing visions, at command,	,
66 Answer to my voice and hand;	48
	" Quick.

	•	0	D	E	s.	367	
æ6	Quick, the	e bliss	ful fce	ne pre	pare,		
	Sooth the patriot's heavy care:						
	Visions, o	-				,	
	Give him		_	_	-	53	
	" Wife di					3-	
"	View the				s!		
	Forward c			•			
	See the gla		-	-		56	
	Lo, the pe		•			J -	
	Thine the	•	-				
	Yonder tu		-	_			
"	Turn thee	to yo	n spre	ading	yew,	бо	
	Once the						
	Once the						
	Now, no			_			
	Parent of	_		_		,64	
,ex	See, benea	th the	guiltl	ess sha	de,	•	
"	Peafants fl	hape t	he plo	w and	fpade,		
"	Rescued, e	ver, f	rom th	ie fear	-		
"	Of the wh	iftling	fhaft	and fp	ear.		
	Lo, where	_		_		1	
	Hear the b	-	•		•		
"	See, at lass	t, unc	louded	days	;		
	Hear, at l			•		72	
	Nothing fl			-		.•-	
	Labour is		•		•		
	" Mortal,	-					
	Bless the t		• •	-	•	76	
					•	,,	
	**			•		SUPPLI-	

SUPPLICATION FOR MISS CARTER! IN THE SMALL-POX.

Dublin, July 31, 1725.

POWER o'er every power supreme,
Thou the poet's hallow'd theme,
From thy mercy-seat on high,
Hear my numbers, hear my cry.
Breather of all vital breath,
Arbiter of life and death,
Oh, preserve this innocence,
Yet unconscious of offence,
Yet in life and virtue growing,
Yet no debt to Nature owing.

Thou, who giv'st angelic grace
To the blooming virgin face,
Let the fell disease not blight
What thou mad'st for man's delight:
O'er her features let it pass
Like the breeze o'er springing grass,
Gentle as refreshing showers
Sprinkled over opening slowers.
O, let years alone diminish
Beauties thou wast pleas'd to finish.

To the pious parents give That the darling fair may live: Turn to bleffings all their care, Save their fondness from despair.

28

Mitigate the lurking pains
Lodg'd within her tender veins;
Soften every throb of anguish,
Suffer not her strength to languish;
Take her to thy careful keeping,
And prevent the mother's weeping.

TO MISS GEORGIANA,

LORD CARTERET. AUGUST 10, 1725.

ITTLE charm of placed mien. Miniature of beauty's queen, Numbering years, a scanty Nine, Stealing hearts without design, Young inveigler, fond in wiles, Prone to mirth, profuse in smiles, Yet a novice in disdain, Pleafure giving without pain, Still careffing, still carefs'd, Thou, and all thy lovers blefs'd, Never teiz'd, and never teizing, O, for ever pleas'd and pleafing! Hither, British Muse of mine, Hither all the Grecian Nine. With the lovely Graces three, And your promis'd nurseling see :

ВЬ

16 Figure

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12

Figure on her waxen mind .Images of life refin'd: Make it, as a garden gay, Every bud of thought display. : 2 Till, improving year by year. The whole culture shall appear, Voice, and speech, and action, rising, All to human fense furprizing. .2 Is the filken web so thin As the texture of her skin? · Can the lily and the rose Such unfully'd hue disclose? : 1 Are the violets so blue As her veins expos'd to view? Do the stars, in wintery sky, Twinkle brighter than her eye? :3 Has the morning lark a throat Sounding sweeter than her note? Who e'er knew the like before thee? They who knew the Nymph that bere thee. From thy pastime and thy toys, From thy harmless cares and joys, . Give me now a moment's time: When thou shalt attain thy prime. And thy bosom feel desire, Love the likeness of thy sire, One ordain'd, through life, to prove Still thy glory, still thy love. Like thy Sifter, and like thee, Let thy nurtur'd daughters be: Semblat

EPIGRAMS AND SHORT POEMS

ON A COMPANY OF BAD DANCERS TO GOOD MUSIC.

How ill the motion with the music suits!
So Orpheus siddled, and so danc'd the brutes.

EPIGRAM.

GEORGE came to the crown without striking a blow:
Ah, quoth the Pretender, would I could do so!

In Answer to the Question, What is Thought?

THE hermit's solace in his cell,
The fire that warms the poet's brain,
The lover's he even, or his hell,
The madman's sport, the wise man's pain.

B b 2

TO

TO MR. ADDISON ON CATO.

THE mind to virtue is by verse subdu'd,
And the true poet is a public good:
This Britain feels, while, by your lines inspir'd,
Her free-born sons to glorious thoughts are fir'd.
In Rome had you espous'd the vanquish'd cause,
Inflam'd her senate and upheld her laws,
Your manly scenes had liberty restor'd,
And given the just success to Cato's sword,
O'er Cæsar's arms your genius had prevail'd,
And the Muse triumph'd where the patriot fail'd.

ON WIT AND WISDOM.

A FRAGMENT.

I N fearch of wisdom far from wit I fly:
Wit is a harlot beauteous to the eye,
In whose bewitching arms our early time
We waste, and vigour of our youthful prime:
But when resection comes with riper years,
And manhood with a thoughtful brow appears,
We cast the mistress off to take a wise,
And, wed to wisdom, lead a happy life.

The following EPITAPH on the Monument of my Kinswoman was written at the Request of her Husband.

WITHIN the Burial-Vault near this Marble, lieth the Body of PENELOPE, youngest Daughter (and Coheir with her Sister ELIZABETH) to ROBERT PHILIPS of Newton-Regis, in the County of Warwick, Esquire. She died in her Six and Thirtieth. Year, on the 25th Day of January, 1726.

LET THIS INSCRIPTION,

(Appealing yet to testimonies manifold)
Recall to every surviving witness,
And, for ensample, record to posterity,
Her endowments,

Whether owing to the indulgency of nature,
Or to the affiduous lesions of education,
Or to the filent admonitions of reslection.
To her parents, husband, children,

In no care, no duty, no affection,
Was the wanting,
Receiving, deferving, winning,
From them respectively,
Equal endearments.

Of countenance and of disposition,, Open, chearful, modest;

B. b 3.

Of

Of behaviour, humble, courteous, easy;	
Of speech, affable, free, discreet;	
In civilities, punctual, fincere, and elegants	
Prone to offices of kindness and good will;	20
To enmity a stranger;	
Forward, earnest, impatient,	
To fuccour the diffres'd,	
To comfort the afflicted;	24
Solicitous for the poor,	
And rich in store of alms:	
Whereby she became	
The delight, the love, the bleffing, of all.	28
In her houshold flourished	
Chearfulness, due order, thrift, and plenty.	
In the closet retired,	
In the temple public.	33
Morning and evening did she worship;	
By instruction, by example,	
Sedulous to nurture her children in godliness:	
So prevalent her love to them,	36
Visited with that fore disease,	•
Which too often kills or blites	
The mother's fondest hopes,	
That (regardless of self-preservation)	40
In piously watching over their lives	٠
She, catching the infection, lost her own,	
Triumphing, through refignation,	
Over fickness, pain, anguish, agony,	44
And (encompassed with tears and lamentations)	
Expiring in the fervour of prayer.	
	To

o the MEMORY, ever dear and precious, of his most affectionate, most beloved, and most deserving Wise, is this Monument raised by HENRY VERNON, of Hilton, in the County of Stafford, Esquire: to him she bore five Sons and two Daughters, all surviving, save Elizabeth; who dying, in her second Year, of the Small-Pox, some sew Days before, resteth by her Mother.

THE FABLE OF THULE, UNFINISHED.

AR northward as the Dane extends his fway, Where the fun glances but a floping ray, eneath the sharpest rigour of the skies, difdainful Thule's wintery island lies. Inhappy maid! thy tale, forgotten long, hall virgins learn from my instructive song, and every youth, who lingers in despair, ly thy example warn the cruel fair. In Cyprus, facred to the queen of love, Where stands her temple, and her myrtle grove,) Vas Thule born, uncertain how: 'tis said Ince Venus won Adonis to her bed. 12 And pregnant grew, the birth to chance affign'd n woods, and foster'd by the feather'd kind. With flowers fome strew the helpless orphan round, With downy moss some spread the carpet ground,

B b 4 Some

Some ripen'd fruits, some fragrant honey, bring; And some fetch water from the running spring; While others warble from the boughs, to cheer Their infant-charge, and tune her tender ear. Soon as the sun forsakes the evening skies, And hid in shades the gloomy forest lies, The nightingales their tuneful vigils keep, And lull her, with their gentler strains, to skeep.

This the prevailing rumour: as she grew,
No dubious tokens spoke the rumour true.
In every forming feature might be seen
Some bright resemblance of the Cyprian queen:
Nor was it hard the hunter youth to trace,
In all her early passion of the chace:
And when, on springing flowers reclin'd, she sung,
The birds upon the bending branches hung,
While, warbling, she express'd their various strains,
And, at a distance, charm'd the listening swains:
So sweet her voice resounding through the wood,
They thought the Nymph some Syren from the flood.

Half human thus by lineage, half divine,
In forests did the lonely beauty shine,
Like woodland slowers, which paint the desert glades,
And waste their sweets in unfrequented shades.

No human face she saw, and rarely seen
By human face: a folitary queen
She rul'd, and rang'd, her shady empire round.
No horn the silent huntress bears; no hound,
With noisy cry, disturbs her solemn chace,
Swift, as the bounding stag, she wings her pace;

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76 By

And, bend whene'er she will her ebon bow, A speedy death arrests the flying foe. The bow the hunting goddess first supply'd, And ivory quiver cross her shoulders ty'd.

Th' imperious queen of heaven, with jealous eyes, Beholds the blooming virgin from the skies, At once admires, and dreads her growing charms, And sees the god already in her arms: In vain, she finds, her bitter tongue reproves His broken vows, and his clandestine loves: Toye still continues frail: and all in vain. Does Thule in obscurest shades remain, While Maja's fon, the thunderer's winged fpy, Informs him where the lurking beauties lie. What fure expedient then shall Juno find, To calm her fears, and ease her boding mind? Delays to jealous minds a torment prove; And Thule ripens every day for love.

She mounts her car, and shakes the silken reins; The harness'd peacocks spread their painted trains, And smooth their glossy neeks against the sun : The wheels along the level azure run. Eastward the goddess guides her gaudy team, And perfects, as she rides, her forming scheme.

The various orbs now pass'd, adown the steep Of heaven the chariot whirls, and plunges deep In fleecy clouds, which o'er the mid-land main Hang pois'd in air, to bless the isles with rain: And here the panting birds repose a while : Nor so their queen; she gains the Cyprian isle.

By speedy zephyrs borne in thickned air: Unseen she seeks, unseen she finds, the fair.

Now o'er the mountain tops the rifing fun
Shot purple rays: now Thule had begun
Her morning chace, and printed in the dews
Her fleeting steps. The goddess now pursues,
Now over-takes her in the full career,
And stings a javelin at the flying deer.
Amaz'd, the virgin huntress turns her eyes;
When Juno, (now Diana in disguise,)
Let no vain terrors discompose thy mind;
My second visit, like my first, is kind.
Thy ivory quiver, and thy ebon bow,
Did not I give?—Here sudden blushes glow
On Thule's cheeks: her busy eyes survey
The dress, the crescent; and her doubts give way. 92
I own thee, goddess bright, the nymph replies,

I own thee, goddess bright, the nymph replies, Goddess, I own thee, and thy favours prize: Goddess of woods, and lawns, and level plains, Fresh in my mind thine image still remains.

Fresh in my mind thine image still remains.

Then Juno, beauteous ranger of the grove,
My darling care, fair object of my love,
Hither I come, urg'd by no trivial fears,
To guard thy bloom, and warn thy tender years. 100

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RANSLATIONS.

IE FIRST OLYMPIONIQUE OF PINDAR.

TO HIERO of SYRACUSE, victorious in the HORSE-RACE.

ARGUMENT.

HE Poet praises Hiero for his justice, his wisdom, and his skill in music. He likewise celebrates the horse that won the race, and the place where the Olympick Games were performed. From the place (namely Peloponnesus) he takes an occasion of digressing to the known fable of Tantalus and Pelops; whence, returning to Hiero, he sets forth the selicity of the Olympian Victors. Then he concludes, by praying to the gods to preserve the glory and dignity of Hiero, admonishing him to moderation of mind, in his high station; and, lastly, glories in his own excellency in compositions of this kind.

STROPHE I. Measures 18.

ACH element to water yields;

And gold, like blazing fire by night, midft the stores of wealth that builds

The mind aloft, is eminently bright;

But if, my foul, with fond defire
To fing of games thou dost aspire,
As thou by day canst not descry,
Through all the liquid waste of sky,
One burnish'd star, that like the sun does glow,
And cherish every thing below,
So, my sweet soul, no toil divine,
In song, does like th' Olympian shine:
Hence do the mighty poets raise
A hymn, of every tongue the praise,
The son of Saturn to resound,
When sar, from every land, they come
To visit Hiero's regal dome,
Where peace, where plenty, is for ever found:

ANTISTROPHE I. Measures 18. Lord of Sicilia's fleecy plains, He governs, righteous in his power, And, all excelling while he reigns, From every lovely virtue crops the flower: In mufic, bloffom of delight, Divinely skill'd, he cheers the night, As we are wont, when friends delign To feast and wanton o'er their wine: But from the wall the Dorian harp take down, If Pisa, city of renown, And if the fleet victorious steed, The boast of his unrival'd breed. Heart-pleasing raptures did inspire, And warm thy breaft with facred fire,

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TRANSLATIONS.

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When late, on Alpheus' crouded shore, Forth-springing quick, each nerve he strain'd, The warning of the spur disdain'd, And swift to victory his master bore.

35

EPODE I. Measures 18.

The lov'd Syracusan, the prince of the course,
The king, who delights in the speed of the horse:
Great his glory, great his fame,
Throughout the land where Lydian Pelops came
To plant his men, a chosen race,
A land the ocean does embrace,
Pelops, whom Neptune, ruler of the main,
Was known to love, when into life again,
From the reviving cauldron warm,
Clotho produc'd him whole, his shoulder-blade,
And its firm brawn, of shining ivory made:
But truth, unvarnish'd, oft neglected lies,
When fabled tales, invented to surprize,
In miracles mighty, have power to charm,
Where fictions, happily combin'd,

45

:50

STROPHE II. Meafures 38.

Thus Poely, harmonious spell,
The source of pleasures ever new,
With dignity does wonders tell;
And we, amaz'd, believe each wonder true.
Day, after day, brings truth to light,
Unyeil'd, and manifest to sight;

Deceive and captivate the mind:

55

But,

But, of the blefs'd, those lips which name Foul deeds aloud, shall suffer blame. 60 Thee, fon of Tantalus, my faithful fong Shall vindicate from every wrong. The glories of thy house restore, And haffle falshoods told before . Now, in his turn, thy fire prepar'd 64 A banquet; when the gods appear'd At Sipylus, his sweet abode, To grace the due proportion d feaft: There, first, the trident-bearing feast : There, first, the trident-bearing guest Beheld thy lovely form; and now, he glow'd;

ANTISTROPHE II. Measures 18.

And now, his foul subdued by love. Thee in his golden car he bore Swift to the lofty towers of Jove, Whose name the nations all around adore: Thus Ganymede was caught on high, To ferve the power who rules the fky. When thou no longer didst appear, And those, who fought a pledge so dear, Without thee to thy widow'd mother came, Some envious neighbour, to defame . Thy father's feast, a rumour spread, The rumour through the country fied, That thou, to heighten the repast, Wast into seething water cast, Fierce bubbling o'er the raging fire, Thy limbs without compassion carv'd,

75

20

Thy sodden flesh in messes serv'd, To gorge the gods, and a voracious sire:

EPODE II. Measures 16.

But, in thought ever pure, shall I deem it amis, Vile gluttons to call the partakers of blifs; Let me then refrain, and dread: A curse hangs over the blasphemer's head. If they, who supervise and ward The heavens, did ever shew regard To mortal man this Tantalus might boaft, 95 Of mortal men that he was honour'd most: But he, not able to digeft The glut, the furfeit, of immortal joys. One heinous forfeit all his blis destroys: For over him the godhead hung, in air, .160 A ponderous stone, a dreadful poise of care! From his head to remove it, with terror oppress'd, In vain he tries, and feeks in vain One chearful moment to regain:

STROPHE III. Measures 18.

A life of woe, beyond relief,
His portion now; ordain'd before
To torments of a three-fold grief,
This fourth was added to compleat his ftore,
Since, high prefuming in his foul,
He nectar and ambrofia ftole,
To give to men; by which he knew
That, tasting, he immortal grew:

But

But be not man deceiv'd: the gods reveal
What most we labour to conceal:
For this the powers, who deathless reign,
To earth sent down his son again,
To dwell with men, a short-liv'd race,
Whose sudden fate come on apace.
His slowery age in all its pride,
When, o'er his chin, a blackening shade
Of down was cast, a vow he made,
Deep in his soul, to win the profer'd bride.

ANTISTROPHE III. Measures 18>

Hippodamia, boasted name, From her great fire the Pisan proud. Alone, by night, the lover came 125 Befide the hoary fea, and call'd aloud On him who fways the triple spear, And fills with din the deafen'd ear; When, at his feet, the god arose: Then Pelops, eager to disclose 130 His mighty care, "O Neptune, if thy mind " In love did ever pleasure find, 46 Let not Oenomaüs prevail, " And let this brazen javelin fail: " Oh! bear me hence, on wheels of speed, 135 " To Elis, to the glorious meed: " To victory oh! whirl me, strait: " Since, after ten, and other three, " Bold suiters flain, yet still we see, 46 From year to year, the promis'd nuptials wait 140 EPODE

EPODE III. Measures 16.

Of his daughter. No perilous toil can excite The dastard in heart, who despairs of his might. lince we all are born to die. Who, overcast, would in oblivion lie, in unreputed age decay, And meanly squander life away, Cut off from every praise? Then let me dare This conflict, in the dusty lists, to share; And prosper thou my glowing wheels." as Pelops spoke; nor was his fervent prayer r'd forth in fruitless words, to wast in air: : deity his whole ambition grants; fhining car, nor courfers, now he wants: he golden bright chariot new vigour he feels, lting in the horses' feet, 155 vearied ever, ever fleet:

STROPHE IV. Measures 18.

omaüs, he triumphs o'er

prowes, and, to share his bed,
ms the bright maid; who to him bore
princely sons, to manly virtues bred.

folemniz'd with steaming blood,
l pious rites, near Alpheus' flood
mb'd, he sleeps, where th' altar stands,
t draws the vows of distant lands:
l round his tomb the circling racers strive:
l round the wheeling chariots drive.

165

3 6o

In

In thy fam'd courses, Pelops, rise
Th' Olympian glories to the skies,
And shine afar: there we behold
The stretch of manhood, strenuous, bold,
In sore fatigues, and there the strife
Of winged seet. Thrice happy he,
Who overcomes! for he shall see
Unclouded days, and taste the sweets of life,

ANTISTROPHE IV. Measures 18.

Thy boon, O victory! thy prize. 275 The good that, in a day obtain'd, From day to day fresh joy supplies, Is the supreme of blis to man ordain'd: But let me now the rider raise, And crown him with Æolian lays. The victor's due: and I confide, Though every welcome guest were try'd, Not one, in all the concourse, would be found For fairest knowledge more renown'd. Nor yet a master more to twine, 184 In lasting hymns, each wreathing line. The guardian god, who watchful guides Thy fortunes, Hiero, prefides O'er all thy cares with anxious power: And foon, if he does not deny His needful aid, my hopes run high To fing more pleafing in the joyful hour,

EPODE

TRANSLATIONS.

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EPODE IV. Measures 16.

ly chariot, triumphant when thou shalt appear, fly o'er the course with a rapid career, ing paths of language fair, 195 to Cronion's funny mount repair. now the Muse prepares to raise, rowth, the strongest dart of praise, ne to wield. Approv'd in other things, thers rife, conspicuous: only kings, mounting on the summit fix: e bound thy view, wide-spread, nor vainly try er to stretch the prospect of thine eye: hen, thy glorious lot to tread fublime, steady steps, the measur'd tract of time: ine, with the prize-bearing worthies to mix, reece, throughout the learned throng, aim'd unrival'd in my fong.

THE SECOND OLYMPIONIQUI To THERON of AGRIGENTUM, victorious in the CHARIOT-RACE.

R. G U M .E .N T.

He praises Theron king of Agrigentum, on account the victory obtained in the Olympic Games, with chariot and four horses; likewise for his justice, h hospitality, his fortitude, and the illustriousness of l ancestors; whose adventures are occasionally men tioned: then he interweaves digressions to Semel Ino, Pelous, Achilles, and others, and describes t . Future state of the righteous and of the wicke Lastly, he concludes with extolling his own skill panegyrick, and the benevolence and liberality Theron.

STROPHE I. Measures 16. COVEREIGN hymns, whose numbers sway The founding harp, what god, what hero, fay, What man, shall we resound? Is not Pifa Jove's delight? And did not Hercules, with conquest crown'd, To him ordain Th' Olympiad for an army flain, Thank-offering of the war? And must we not, in Theron's right, Exert our voice, and fwell our fong? Theron, whose victorious car Four courfers whirl, fleeting along,

:1

TRANSLATIONS.

To stranger-guests indulgent host, Of Agrigentum the support and boast, Cities born to rule and grace, Fair blossom of his ancient race,

I 5

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· ANTISTROPHE I. Measures 16.

Worthies fore perplex'd in thought, Till, wandering far, they found, what long they fought, A facred feat, fast by Where the stream does rapid run, 20 And reign'd, of Sicily the guardian eye, When happy days, And wealth, and favour, flow'd, and praise, That in-born worth inflames. Saturnian Jove, O! Rhea's fon, 25 Who o'er Olympus dost preside, And the pitch of lofty games, And Alpheus, of rivers the pride, Rejoicing in my fongs, do thou Incline thine ear, propitious to my vow, Bleffing, with a bounteous hand, The rich hereditary land

E P O D E I. Measures 10.

Through their late lineage down. No power can actions past,

As things not done recall, Not even Time, the father, who produces all; Yet can Oblivion, waiting long,

Whether deeds of right or wrong,

Gather -

35

Through the length Of prosperous times, forbid those deeds to last: Such force has sweet-healing joy The festering smart of evils to destroy, STROPHE II. Measures 16. When felicity is sent Down by the will supreme with full content: Thy daughters, Cadmus, they Greatly wretched here below,
Such force has (weet-healing joy The festering smart of evils to destroy, STROPHE II. Measures 16. When felicity is sent Down by the will supreme with full content: Thy daughters, Cadmus, they
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STROPHE II. Measures 16. When felicity is sent Down by the will supreme with full content: Thy daughters, Cadmus, they
When felicity is sent Down by the will supreme with full content: Thy daughters, Cadmus, they
Down by the will supreme with full content: Thy daughters, Cadmus, they
Thy daughters, Cadmus, they
Greatly wretched here below,
Bleis'd evermore, this mighty truth display.
No weight of grief,
But, whelm'd in pleasures, finds relief,
Sunk in the sweet abyss.
Thou, Semele, with hair a-flow,
Thou by thunder doom d to die,
Mingling with the gods in blifs,
Art happy, for ever, on high:
Thee Pallas does for ever love,
Thee chiefly Jupiter, who rules above;
Thee thy fon holds ever dear,
Thy fon with the ivy-wreath'd spear.
ANTISTROPHE II. Measures 16.
Beauteous Ino, we are told,
With the fea-daughters dwells of Nereus old, 60
And has, by lot, obtain'd
Lasting life, beneath the deep,
A life within no bounds of time reftrain'd.
The hour of death,
The day when we refign our breath, 65
That

TRANSLATIONS. That offspring of the sun, Which bids us from our labours fleep, In vain do mortals feek to know. Or who destin'd is to run A life unintangled with woe; 70 For none are able to disclose The seasons of th' uncertain ebbs and flows Now of pleasures, now of pains, Which hidden fate to men ordains : EPODE II. Measures 10. Thus Providence, that to thy ancestry, long-fam'd, Portions out a pleasing share Of heaven-sprung happiness, Does, ceasing in another turn of time to bless, Distribute some reverse of care. As from years Past appears, Since the predestin'd son, at Pytho nam'd, Did Laius, blindly meeting, kill, And the oracle, of old pronounc'd, fulfil: STROPHE III. Measures 16. Fell Erinnys, quick to view 84

The deed, his warlike fors in battle flew,
Each by the other's rage:
But to Polynices flain
Surviv'd Therfander, glory of his age,
For feats of war,
And youthful contests, honour'd far,
The scion, kept alive
To raise th' Adrastian house again:
C c 4

From

90

From whence Ænesidamus' heir Does his spreading root derive, To branch out a progeny fair; Who, fpringing foremost in the chace Of fame, demands we should his triumph grace, Tuning lyres to vocal lays, Sweet union of melodious praise; 100

95

ANTISTROPHE III. Measures 16. For not only has he borne Th' Olympian prize, but, with his brother, worn The garland of renown, At Pytho and at Ishmus; where, Victorious both, they shar'd th' allotted crown, Joint-honour, won In twelve impetuous courses, run. With four unwearied steeds. To vanquish in the strife severe Does all anxiety destroy: 110 And to this, if wealth succeeds With virtues enamel'd, the joy Luxuriant grows; fuch affluence Does glorious opportunities dispenses Giving depth of thought to find 115 Pursuits which please a noble mind,

EPODE III. Measures 10.

Refulgent star! to man the purest beam of light! The possession of this store, Far-future things difcerning, knows Obdurate wretches, once deceas'd, to immediate woes .Confign'd, too late their pains deplore; For

TRANSLATIONS. 393 elow hey go, ne in judgment, who pronounces right imes in this wide realm of Jove; 125 se dire decree no power can e'er remove : STROPHE IV. Measures 16. he good, alike by night, : by day, the fun's unclouded light lding, ever blefs'd, an unlaborious life, nxious interrupt their hallow'd rest. fpade and plow, earth to vex, or with the prow briny sea, to eat pread of care in endless strife. 135 Iread divinities among few unaccustom'd to wrong, never broke the vow they fwore, rless age enjoy for ever-more; e the wicked hence depart 140. rments which appall the heart: ANTISTROPHE IV. Measures 16. he fouls who greatly dare, e try'd in either state, to persevere all injustice pure, eying onward in the way 149 piter, in virtue still secure, z his road e at Saturn's rais'd abode; Where

Where foft sea-breezes breathe	
Round the island of the bless'd; where gay	150
The trees with golden blossoms glow;	•
Where, their brows and arms to wreathe,	
Bright garlands on every fide below;	
For, fpringing thick in every field,	
The earth does golden flowers spontaneous yield;	
And, in every limpid stream,	1 56
The budding gold is seen to gleam:	
EPODE IV. Measures 10.	
Fair heritage! by righteous Rhadamanth's award	j
Who, coëqual, takes his seat	
With Saturn, fire divine,	16 e
Thy confort, Rhea, who above the rest doth shine,	
High thron'd, thou matron-goddess great:	
These among	
(Blissful throng!)	
Does Peleus and does Cadmus find regard;	165
And, through his mother's winning prayer	
To Jove, Achilles dwells immortal there:	
STROPHE V. Measures 16.	
He who Hector did destroy,	
The pillar firm, the whole support, of Troy,	
And Cycnus gave to die,	170
And Aurora's Æthiop fon.	
My arm beneath yet many darts have I,	
All fwift of flight,	
Within my quiver, founding right	
To every skilful ear:	173
But, of the multitude, not one	•
Diff	erns

TRANSLATIONS.	395
Discerns the mystery unexplain'd.	
He transcendent does appear	
In knowledge, from Nature who gain'd	
His store: but the dull-letter'd croud,	280
In censure vehement, in nonsense loud,	
Clamour idly, wanting skill,	
Like crows, in vain, provoking still	
ANTISTROPHE V. Measures 16.	
The celestial bird of Jove:	
But, to the mark address thy bow, nor rove,	185
My foul: and whom do I	•
Single out with fond defire,	
At him to let illustrious arrows fly?	
My fix'd intent,	
My aim, on Agrigentum bent,	190
A solemn oath I plight,	
Sincere as honest minds require,	
That through an hundred circling years,	
With recorded worthies bright,	
No rivaling city appears	195
To boast a man more frank to impart	
Kind offices to friends with open heart,	
Or, with hand amidst his store,	
Delighting to distribute more	
EPODE V. Measures 10.	
Than Theron: yet foul calumny, injurious blame	•
Did the men of rancour raise	200
Against his fair renown,	
Defamers who by evil actions strove to drown	
His good, and to conceal his praise.	·C
2	Can

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Can the fand,
On the strand,
Be number'd o'er? Then, true to Theron's fame,
His favours showering down delight
On thousands who is able to recite?

THE FIRST ODE OF ANACREON

ON HIS LUTE.

THE line of Atreus will I fing;
To Cadmus will I tune the ftring:
But, as from ftring to ftring I move,
My lute will only found of Love.
The chords I change through every fcrew,
And model the whole lute anew.
Once more, in fong, my voice I raife,
And, Hercules, thy toils I praife:
My lute does ftill my voice deny,
And in the tones of love reply.
Ye heroes then, at once farewel:
Loves only echo from my shell.

THE SECOND ODE. ON WOMEN.

The horse with hoofs she fortifies,
The flecting foot on harcs bestows,
On lions teeth, two dreadful rows!

Grants

TRANSLATIONS.

Grants fish to swim, and birds to fly, And on their skill bids men rely.

Women alone defenceles live, To women what does Nature give? Beauty she gives instead of darts, Beauty, instead of shields, imparts; Nor can the sword, nor fire, oppose The fair, victorious where she goes.

THE THIRD ODE

ONE midnight when the bear did stand A-level with Böotes' hand,

And, with their labour fore oppres'd, The race of men were laid to rest, Then to my doors, at unawares, Came Love, and tried to force the bars.

Who thus affails my doors, I cry'd?
Who breaks my flumbers? Love reply'd,
Open: a child alone is here!
A little child! — you need not fear:
Here through the moonless night I ftray,
And, drench'd in rain, have lost my way.

Then mov'd to pity by his plight,
Too much in haste my lamp I light,
And open: when a child I see,
A little child, he seem'd to me;
Who bore a quiver, and a bow;
And wings did to his shoulders grow.

Within

12

16

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Within the earth I bid him fland, Then chafe and cherish either hand Between my palms, and wring, with care, The trickling water from his hair.

Now come, faid he, no longer chill, We 'll bend this bow, and try our skill, And prove the string, how far its power Remains unslacken'd by the shower.

He bends his bow, and culls his quiver, And pierces, like a breeze, my liver.: Then leaping, laughing, as he fled, Rejoice with me, my host, he said: My bow is sound in every part, And you shall rue it at your heart.

AN HYMN TO VENU

From the GREEK of SAPPHO.

T.

O VE NUS, beauty of the skies,
To whom a thousand temples rise,
Gayly false in gentle smiles,
Full of love-perplexing wiles,
O, goddess! from my heart remove
The wasting cares and pains of love.

II.

If ever thou hast kindly heard
A song in soft distress prefer'd,
Propitious to my tuneful vow,
O, gentle goddess! hear me now.

TRANSLATIONS.	399
Descend, thou bright, immortal guest, In all thy radiant charms confest d. III.	is
Thou once didst leave almighty Jove, And all the golden roofs above: The car thy wanton sparrows drew; Hovering in air they lightly slew; As to my bower they wing'd their way, I saw their quivering pinions play. IV.	36
The birds dismis'd (while you remain) Bore back their empty car again: Then you, with looks divinely mild, In every heavenly feature smil'd,	: 3 6
And ask'd, what new complaints I made, And why I call'd you to my aid? V.	24
What frenzy in my bosom rag'd, And by what care to be assuag'd? What gentle youth I would allure, Whom in my artful toils secure?	**
Who does thy tender heart subdue, Tell me, my Sappho, tell me who? VI.	:
Though now he shuns thy longing arms, He soon shall court thy slighted charms; Though now thy offerings he despise,	33
He foon to thee shall facrifice; Though now he freeze, he soon shall burn, And be thy victim in his turn.	36

.

VII.

Celestial visitant, once more
Thy needful presence I implore!
In pity come and ease my grief,
Bring my distemper'd soul relief:
Favour thy suppliant's hidden sires,
And give me all my heart desires.

A FRAGMENT OF SAPPHO.

I.

PLESS'D as the immortal gods is he, The youth who fondly fits by thee, And hears and fees thee all the while Softly speak, and sweetly smile.

II.

'Twas this depriv'd my foul of rest, And rais'd such tumults in my breast; For while I gaz'd, in transport toss'd, My breath was gone, my voice was lost.

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13

My bosom glow'd; the subtle slame Ran quickly through all my vital frame; O'er my dim eyes a darkness hung, My ears with hollow murmurs rung.

IV.

In dewy damps my limbs were chill'd, My blood with gentle horrors thrill'd; My feeble pulse forgot to play, L.fainted, funk, and dy'd away.

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PASTORAL POEMS.

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